

Chapter Question to Review

**JOSHUA, JUDGES, AND RUTH**



for Texas Bible Bowl  
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# Joshua, Judges, Ruth

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## PREFACE

This is an historical study of the Lord, God of Israel, leading his chosen people into the Promised Land, providing for their inheritances of land, and rescuing them from oppressors. It is a study of peak moments of courage and faith as well as total moral depravity. There are many rich lessons to be learned from God's caring for the nation of Israel that are hauntingly applicable to today's society.

Students learn so much more when they expect to be evaluated. This study guide can be orally used in class to review the material. It can also facilitate studies as students read through the text and allow the Study Guide to aid their comprehension of events. Every effort has been made to remain faithful to the text. Questions are written to help the student read the exact words of the scripture without interpretive speculation. "Faith comes from hearing the message" (Romans 10:17) – not from man's "what do you think" or "how do you feel" about that message. Sometimes, the student will be surprised when examining the details; the story is not exactly what they have seen in a Bible video or simplified Bible class message.

Questions are based on the ESV® Bible (The Holy Bible, English Standard Version®). All questions are taken from the ESV® Text Edition: 2016, copyright © 2001 by Crossway, a publishing ministry of Good News Publishers. ESV text notes, or footnotes, can be considered part of the text. To facilitate Texas Bible Bowl preparation, chapter questions are in multiple choice format. This year's study guide also includes a sampling of Verse Find questions to facilitate test preparation.

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Thank you to our writer, Lisa Kirkwood, and her proofreaders at the Church of Christ on McDermott Road. May they be richly blessed for their diligent efforts and care in editing this guide. Every effort has been made to correct typographical errors. In all cases where there is a question of accuracy, refer directly to the scripture for the final answer. Please be understanding if you discover an error.

# JOSHUA 1

1. **How is Moses described in the first chapter of Joshua?** (v.1)
  - A. Prophet
  - B. Priest
  - C. Servant of the Lord
  - D. Father of Many Nations
  
2. **Who was Joshua?** (v.1)
  - A. Son of Nun
  - B. Moses' assistant
  - C. Brother of Caleb
  - D. A and B
  
3. **According to the Lord, what had happened to Moses?** (v. 2)
  - A. He is dead
  - B. He went to heaven in a chariot
  - C. He was too weak to lead
  - D. He had been killed in battle
  
4. **What did the Lord want Joshua and the people to do?** (v.2)
  - A. Fast and pray for 30 days before going into the Promised Land
  - B. Return to Egypt, since Moses was no longer with them
  - C. Offer sacrifices and burnt offerings to cleanse the camp before crossing the Jordan River
  - D. Go over the Jordan into the land the Lord was giving to them
  
5. **What had the Lord promised Moses about the land they were to receive?** (v.3)
  - A. "Every place that the sole of your foot will tread upon I have given to you"
  - B. "I will give you more land than the Egyptians"
  - C. "I will give you the best regions"
  - D. "I will give you the land near the Jordan River."
  
6. **How far would the territory of the Israelites extend?** (v.4)
  - A. From the wilderness and this Lebanon
  - B. As far as the great river, the Euphrates
  - C. All the land of the Hittites
  - D. All of the above
  
7. **What did the Lord promise Joshua?** (v. 5)
  - A. "Even though I was with Moses, I won't be with you"
  - B. "I will never leave you nor forsake you as long as you are obedient."
  - C. "No man shall be able to stand before you all the days of your life."
  - D. "You will inherit the best of the land for your own family."
  
8. **What did the Lord tell Joshua that he (*Joshua*) would do?** (v.6)
  - A. Defeat mighty kings
  - B. Cause this people to inherit the land
  - C. Reign in Egypt
  - D. Be greater than Moses
  
9. **What did the Lord encourage Joshua to be?** (v. 7)
  - A. Faithful and true
  - B. Honest and humble
  - C. Sly like a fox
  - D. Be strong and very courageous

10. **What was Joshua commanded to do with the Book of the Law?** (v. 8)  
 A. Read it daily  
 B. It shall not depart from your mouth  
 C. Put it in the temple  
 D. Carry it with him
11. **Why was Joshua to do all that was written in the Book of the Law?** (v. 8)  
 A. So that he would be prosperous and have good success  
 B. To make Moses proud  
 C. To increase their numbers  
 D. To beat the Canaanites
12. **The Book of the Law shall not depart from your \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 8)  
 A. Soul                      B. Mind                      C. Mouth                      D. Spirit
13. **Why was Joshua to meditate on the Book of the Law day and night?** (v. 8)  
 A. To become a better leader  
 B. So he may be careful to do what was written in it  
 C. To teach the priests  
 D. So that he would find peace
14. **Which of the following did God command?** (v. 9)  
 A. Be strong and courageous  
 B. Do not be frightened  
 C. Do not be dismayed  
 D. All of the above
15. **Who would be with Joshua wherever they traveled?** (v. 9)  
 A. The Lord                      B. Moses                      C. Pharoah                      D. Caleb
16. **To whom did Joshua give orders when it was time to get ready to go?** (v. 10)  
 A. Officers                      B. People                      C. Soldiers                      D. A and B
17. **How long were the Israelites to prepare their provisions before passing over the Jordan?** (v. 11)  
 A. 7 days                      B. 10 days                      C. 3 days                      D. 1 day
18. **What would Israel do once they passed over the Jordan?** (v. 11)  
 A. Take possession of the land  
 B. Hold a celebration  
 C. Build houses  
 D. Build an altar
19. **To whom did Moses refer when he said, "The Lord your God is providing you a place of rest and will give you this land"?** (v. 12-13)  
 A. Tribe of Judah and Levi  
 B. Tribe of Benjamin and Simeon  
 C. Tribe of Levi, Simeon, and Joseph  
 D. Tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh.
20. **When Israel crossed the Jordan River, who remained beyond the Jordan?** (v. 14)  
 A. Wives, little ones, and livestock  
 B. Priests  
 C. Elderly parents  
 D. Shepherds

21. **Who was to cross over the Jordan before their brothers?** (v. 14)
- A. The High Priest
  - B. Men of valor
  - C. Joshua and Caleb
  - D. All of the above
22. **What were those who crossed the Jordan River ahead of their brothers to do?** (v. 14-15)
- A. Help their brothers until the Lord gives them rest and they take possession of the land
  - B. Set up an altar to worship
  - C. Build houses
  - D. The text doesn't say
23. **After fulfilling their obligations to their brothers, where could these men from question 21 go?** (v. 15)
- A. Return to their land beyond the Jordan
  - B. Back to Egypt
  - C. To any land they desired
  - D. To Joshua for more instructions
24. **How did the men from the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh answer Joshua?** (v. 16-17)
- A. All that you have commanded us, we will do.
  - B. Wherever you send us we will go.
  - C. Just as we obeyed Moses, we will obey you.
  - D. All of the above
25. **What did the men of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh desire for Joshua?** (v. 17)
- A. A cloak of invisibility
  - B. Great success in battle
  - C. May the Lord be with Joshua, as He was with Moses
  - D. Wisdom and discernment
26. **What would be the punishment for anyone who rebelled against Joshua?** (v. 18)
- A. Exiled back to Egypt
  - B. Death
  - C. Leprosy
  - D. Blindness
27. **What did the men of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh encourage Joshua to be?** (v. 18)
- A. Strong and courageous
  - B. Wise and discerning
  - C. Kind and meek
  - D. Brutal and mean

## JOSHUA 2

1. **Who was Joshua's father?** (v. 1)  
A. Moses                      B. Caleb                      C. Nun                      D. Rahab
2. **How many spies did Joshua send?** (v. 1)  
A. 2                      B. 3                      C. 7                      D. 12
3. **Why did Joshua send out spies?** (v. 1)  
A. To find the source of sin in the Israelite camp  
B. To view the land, especially Jericho  
C. To look for water  
D. To find food
4. **From where were the spies secretly sent out?** (v. 1)  
A. Mount Sinai              B. Egypt                      C. Jordan                      D. Shittim
5. **Where did the spies lodge?** (v. 1)  
A. Near the city gate  
B. The king's palace  
C. In the house of Rahab  
D. The text doesn't say
6. **Who was told about the Israelite spies?** (v. 2)  
A. King of Jericho  
B. King of Sihon  
C. King of Og  
D. All of the above
7. **What message did the King of Jericho send to Rahab?** (v. 3)  
A. Why have you given refuge to the Israelites?  
B. Bring out the men who have come to search out all the land  
C. Do not allow these men to escape  
D. Send these men out of our land immediately
8. **What had Rahab done with the spies?** (v. 6)  
A. Denied she knew them  
B. Killed them with a tent peg  
C. Hid them on the roof with stalks of flax  
D. Bound them with new ropes
9. **How did Rahab respond to the King's message?** (v. 4-5)  
A. True, the men came to me, but I did not know where they were from.  
B. When the gate was about to be closed at dark, the men went out.  
C. I do not know where the men went.  
D. All of the above
10. **Where did the men of Jericho go to pursue the spies?** (v. 7)  
A. On the way to the Jordan as far as the fords  
B. To the land of Sidon  
C. To the land of Og  
D. To the hills in the south

11. **What happened after the pursuers left?** (v. 7)  
A. The king prepared his troops  
B. The people stoned Rahab  
C. All was silent for three days  
D. The gate was shut
12. **What did Rahab tell the spies?** (v. 9)  
A. The fear of you has fallen upon us  
B. I know that the Lord has given you the land  
C. All inhabitants of the land melt away before you  
D. All of the above
13. **What had the people of Jericho heard about the Israelites?** (v. 10)  
A. The Lord dried up the water of the Red Sea  
B. They had devoted the workings of the Amorites to destruction  
C. The Lord fed them manna and quail for 40 years  
D. A and B
14. **What did Rahab say about the God of Israel?** (v. 11)  
A. The Lord your God is more powerful than Egyptian gods  
B. The Lord your God, He is God in the heavens above and on the earth beneath  
C. The Lord your God is not as powerful as the Amorite gods  
D. I want to hear more about your God
15. **What did Rahab request from the spies?** (v. 12-13)  
A. That her parent's home be spared from destruction  
B. That she be could leave Jericho with them  
C. That she and her family would be saved from death  
D. That she would be saved from death
16. **Why did Rahab ask that the spies deal kindly with her family?** (v. 12)  
A. Because she was worthy  
B. Because she had dealt kindly to them  
C. Because they were frightened  
D. Because she had lied to the soldiers
17. **How did the spies respond to Rahab's request?** (v. 14)  
A. We will ask Joshua  
B. We will ask the Lord  
C. Our life for yours even to death  
D. A and B
18. **How did the spies leave the city?** (v. 15)  
A. Through the city gate  
B. Out the window of Rahab's house on a rope  
C. Lowered from the roof in a basket  
D. They hid in a cart covered with straw
19. **Why was this method of escape possible?** (v. 15)  
A. Rahab's house was built into the city wall  
B. The city gate was reopened when the men of Jericho returned  
C. God confused the people of Jericho  
D. God was faithful to deliver the men

20. **Where did Rahab recommend that the spies go? (v. 16)**  
A. Across the Jordan River  
B. Into the forests south of the city  
C. Back to Egypt  
D. To the hills
21. **What conditions needed to be met for the spies' oath to be binding? (v. 17-20)**  
A. Rahab needed to tie the scarlet cord in the window  
B. Rahab's father, mother, brothers, and all her father's household needed to be in her house  
C. Rahab could not tell what the spies were doing  
D. All of the above.
22. **How did Rahab respond to the conditions stated by the spies for their agreement to be binding? (v. 21)**  
A. I cannot agree to these terms  
B. First, I must check with my parents  
C. According to your words, so be it  
D. What if we need to go out for provisions?
23. **How long did the spies hide in the hills? (v. 22)**  
A. Three days      B. Five days      C. Seven days      D. Twelve days
24. **What report did the spies give to Joshua after returning safely from Jericho? (v. 24)**  
A. They are good people; we should not attack them.  
B. The King of sent us gifts as a sign of his favor.  
C. The Lord has given all the land into our hands.  
D. We don't think Israel can conquer Jericho.

# JOSHUA 3

1. **At what time of day did Joshua and all the Israelites set out for the Jordan?** (v. 1)  
A. Early in the morning  
B. At the noon time  
C. As the sun was setting  
D. Text doesn't say
2. **From what location did Joshua and the Israelites set out to go to the Jordan?** (v. 1)  
A. Egypt                      B. Sidon                      C. Shittim                      D. Og
3. **What did the Israelites do when they arrived at the Jordan, before passing over?** (v. 1)  
A. Prayed and fasted    B. Sharpened their swords    C. Lodged                      D. All of the above
4. **How many days did Israel camp at the Jordan before passing over?** (v. 2)  
A. 1 day                      B. 2 days                      C. 3 days                      D. 4 days
5. **What happened after the Israelites camped by the Jordan River?** (v. 2-3)  
A. The priests offered sacrifices  
B. The officers went through the camp giving commands to the people  
C. The officers collected everyone's gold and jewelry  
D. The Israelites built an altar
6. **What was the signal for the Israelites to move?** (v. 3)  
A. Two long trumpet blasts  
B. Joshua raising the staff of Moses  
C. The ark of the covenant, being carried by the Levitical priests  
D. All of the above
7. **Who were the priests?** (v. 3)  
A. Levites                      B. Gadites                      C. Reubenites                      D. Good men from different tribes
8. **Why were the Israelites to follow the ark of the covenant at the Jordan River?** (v. 4)  
A. So the ark of the covenant could protect them  
B. So they could protect the ark from anyone following them  
C. Because the ark of the covenant had a GPS system  
D. In order that they may know the way to go . . . for they had not passed this way before
9. **How far were the Israelites to stay behind the ark of the covenant?** (v. 4)  
A. 45 meters                      B. 3,000 feet                      C. 2,000 cubits                      D. B & C
10. **What did Joshua tell the Israelites to do while they waited to cross the Jordan?** (v. 5)  
A. Sing hymns of praise  
B. Consecrate themselves  
C. Observe a period of fasting and praying  
D. Build an altar
11. **What did Joshua tell the Israelites that the Lord would do the next day?** (v. 5)  
A. Wonders among you  
B. Great feats  
C. Many miracles and healings  
D. A & C
12. **Who told the priests to take up the ark of the covenant and pass before the people?** (v. 6)  
A. Officers of the people    B. A voice from heaven    C. Caleb                      D. Joshua

13. **What was the Lord going to do for Joshua during the crossing of the Jordan River?** (v. 7)  
 A. Teach him to swim  
 B. Give him miraculous strength  
 C. Cause his face to glow  
 D. Exalt him in the sight of all Israel
14. **What did the Lord want the Israelites to know about Joshua?** (v. 7)  
 A. That Joshua was perfect  
 B. As the Lord was with Moses, He would be with Joshua  
 C. That Joshua was to be the first judge of Israel  
 D. That Caleb would follow Joshua
15. **What were the priests carrying the ark to do when they reached the brink of the waters?** (v. 8)  
 A. Blow the trumpets three long blasts  
 B. Allow Joshua to lead them  
 C. Stand still in the Jordan  
 D. Celebrate the spies
16. **Why was the ark of the covenant going into the Jordan ahead of the people?** (v. 10- 11)  
 A. Because it was sacred and fragile  
 B. So Israel would know that God is among them  
 C. So Israel would feel safe  
 D. A and B
17. **Which of the following was NOT listed as a nation in Canaan in Joshua 3?** (v. 10)  
 A. Philistines      B. Hittites      C. Amorites      D. Canaanites
18. **How many men were chosen for a special job during the crossing of the Jordan?** (v. 12)  
 A. Six      B. Eight      C. Twelve      D. Three
19. **From where were these men to be chosen?** (v. 12)  
 A. From among the priests  
 B. A man from each tribe of Israel  
 C. From the tribe of Judah  
 D. From the family of Joshua
20. **What would happen when the priests bearing the ark set foot in the Jordan?** (v. 13)  
 A. A mighty wind would blow from the north and dry up the river  
 B. An angel would stand in the river bed  
 C. The sun would stand still as they crossed  
 D. The waters would be cut off from flowing and stand in one heap
21. **Describe the Jordan River throughout the time of the harvest.** (v. 15)  
 A. A small stream  
 B. Calm and still  
 C. Completely dried up  
 D. Overflows all its banks
22. **What happened at a town called Adam in the city beside Zarethan?** (v. 16)  
 A. News spread that the Israelites were invading Canaan  
 B. People melted in fear at the sight of Israel  
 C. The waters of the Jordan River stood and rose up in a heap  
 D. The waters of the Jordan River flooded the town
23. **Where was the town called Adam located?** (v. 16)  
 A. Very far away      B. Close by      C. Near to fords      D. B and C

24. **What happened to the water flowing toward the Sea of the Arabah? (v. 16)**  
A. It increased to flood stage  
B. It flooded its banks  
C. It became bitter  
D. It was completely cut off
25. **What is another name for the Sea of the Arabah? (v. 16)**  
A. The Red Sea  
B. The Mediterranean Sea  
C. The Dead Sea  
D. The Salt Sea
26. **Where did the people of Israel pass over the Jordan River? (v. 16)**  
A. Across from the city of Zarethan  
B. Opposite Jericho  
C. By the Valley of Achor  
D. Across from the city of Adam
27. **How does scripture describe the Jordan River bed? (v. 17)**  
A. Dry ground      B. Muddy      C. Like sand      D. Rocky

## JOSHUA 4

1. **What were twelve men to do after all the nation finished passing over the Jordan?** (v. 2-3)
  - A. Take 12 stones from the midst of the Jordan
  - B. Get 12 stones from the very place where the priests' feet stood
  - C. Bring 12 stones to the place where they lodge for the night
  - D. All of the above
  
2. **How were these men to carry the stones out of the Jordan?** (v. 5)
  - A. Wrapped in cloth
  - B. With one arm
  - C. Working together
  - D. Upon their shoulders
  
3. **Why were 12 stones gathered?** (v. 5)
  - A. Because Israel crossed the Jordan in the twelfth month of the year
  - B. Because there were 12 tribes of the people of Israel
  - C. Because it took 12 days to cross the Jordan River
  - D. Because this was the 12<sup>th</sup> king for Israel to conquer
  
4. **Why were these stones gathered?** (v. 7)
  - A. To build an altar for sacrificing the Passover lamb
  - B. To carve border markers for each tribe in the new land
  - C. To use as cornerstones when they built the temple
  - D. To be a memorial forever for the people of Israel
  
5. **How did the Israelites respond to the commands of Joshua during the crossing of the Jordan?** (v. 8)
  - A. They complained
  - B. They did just as Joshua commanded
  - C. They did part of what Joshua commanded
  - D. They questioned Joshua's authority
  
6. **Who set up the 12 stones?** (v. 9)
  - A. God
  - B. The twelve men
  - C. Joshua
  - D. Caleb
  
7. **Were the 12 stones still there at the time of the writing of the book of Joshua?** (v. 9)
  - A. No, they had been destroyed by fire
  - B. No, they had been destroyed by the people of Canaan
  - C. No one knows what happened to them
  - D. Yes
  
8. **How long did the priests bearing the ark of the covenant stand in the mist of the Jordan?** (v. 10)
  - A. Until sundown
  - B. Until the water started to flow at their feet
  - C. Until everything was finished that the Lord commanded Joshua
  - D. Text doesn't say
  
9. **How did the people pass over the Jordan River?** (v. 10)
  - A. They strolled leisurely
  - B. They ran
  - C. They walked hand in hand
  - D. In haste

10. **Who passed over the Jordan River armed before the rest of Israel crossed?** (v. 12)  
A. Sons of Reuben  
B. Sons of Gad  
C. Half-tribe of Manasseh  
D. All of the above
11. **Which of the following statements describe the men who passed over ahead of the people of Israel?** (v. 12-13)  
A. Armed  
B. About 40,000  
C. Ready for war  
D. All of the above
12. **What happened to Joshua on the day the Israelites crossed the Jordan River?** (v. 14)  
A. He saw the glory of the Lord, and his face was so radiant  
B. The Lord exalted him in the sight of all Israel  
C. Israel stood in awe of Joshua  
D. B and C
13. **What did Joshua command the priests carrying the ark of the testimony to do?** (v. 17)  
A. Lead the people to the city of Jericho  
B. Come up out of the Jordan  
C. Take up arms  
D. Collect another stone from the middle of the Jordan River
14. **What happened when the soles of the feet of the priests were lifted up on dry ground?** (v. 18)  
A. A mighty wind began to blow from the west  
B. There was the sound of a mighty trumpet from heaven  
C. The waters of the Jordan returned to their place and overflowed all their banks  
D. All of the above
15. **When did the people of Israel cross the Jordan?** (v. 19)  
A. On the tenth day of the first month  
B. On the first day of the tenth month  
C. On the tenth day of the twelfth month  
D. On the first day of the first month
16. **Where did the Israel camp after crossing the Jordan?** (v. 19)  
A. Mount Nebo      B. Jerusalem      C. Jericho      D. Gilgal
17. **What did Joshua set up at the location in question 19?** (v. 20)  
A. The tabernacle  
B. The twelve stones taken from the Jordan  
C. The twelve banners of the tribes of Israel  
D. All of the above
18. **Where else had the Lord dried up the water and allowed the people of Israel to cross?** (v. 23)  
A. The Dead Sea  
B. The Euphrates River  
C. The Red Sea  
D. The Sea of Galilee

# JOSHUA 5

1. **Who heard how the Lord had dried up the waters of the Jordan for the people of Israel? (v. 1)**
  - A. Kings of the Gibeonites
  - B. Kings of the Amorites
  - C. All the Canaanite kings who were by the sea
  - D. B and C
  
2. **What was their reaction to this news? (v. 1)**
  - A. Their hearts melted
  - B. They prepared for battle
  - C. They joined force to fight Israel
  - D. B and C
  
3. **What happened at Gilbeath-haaraloth? (v. 3)**
  - A. Joshua made flint knives
  - B. Joshua circumcised the sons of Israel
  - C. The priests circumcised the Israelites
  - D. A and B
  
4. **What happened to all the men of war who came out of Egypt? (v. 4)**
  - A. Their shoes and clothes never wore out
  - B. They died in the wilderness on the way after coming out of Egypt
  - C. They were too old to do battle
  - D. They trained the younger men for battle in Canaan
  
5. **Who, from among the people, had not been circumcised? (v. 5)**
  - A. All the people that came out of Egypt
  - B. People from the tribes of Reuben, Benjamin, and half-tribe of Manasseh
  - C. Priests from the tribe of Levi
  - D. The people born in the wilderness after they came out of Egypt
  
6. **How long did the people of Israel walk in the wilderness? (v. 6)**
  - A. 50 years
  - B. 40 years
  - C. 30 years
  - D. 20 years
  
7. **Why did the men of war who left Egypt not see the promised land? (v. 6)**
  - A. They had perished
  - B. They did not obey the voice of the Lord
  - C. The Lord had sworn to them that they would not see the land
  - D. All of the above
  
8. **How is the land of Canaan described? (v. 6)**
  - A. A land flowing with milk and honey
  - B. A land of giants
  - C. A land with lots of grapes
  - D. A and B
  
9. **Whom had the Lord raised up in place of the men of war who came out of Egypt? (v. 7)**
  - A. Soldiers of the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh
  - B. Their grandchildren
  - C. Their children
  - D. Slaves and foreigners

10. **Why did Joshua circumcise the sons of Israel?** (v. 2, 5 & 7)  
A. The ones who were circumcised when they left Egypt had died  
B. The people had not been circumcised on the way  
C. God commanded Joshua to do it  
D. All of the above
11. **How long did Israel remain camped after circumcising the whole nation?** (v. 8)  
A. 12 days  
B. Until they were healed  
C. 8 days  
D. Text doesn't say
12. **Which of the following is an accurate quote of the Lord?** (v. 9)  
A. Today I have rolled away the reproach of Egypt from you  
B. Today I have extinguished the stink of Egypt from you  
C. Today I have demolished the Egyptians hold over you  
D. Today I have given you into the Canaanites hands
13. **Where was Gilgal?** (v. 10)  
A. In the desert east of the Jordan  
B. In the hills west of Jericho  
C. Around the land of Hebron  
D. On the plains of Jericho
14. **What happened on the fourteenth day of the month?** (v. 10)  
A. Israel left Gilgal  
B. Joshua circumcised the nation of Israel  
C. The people of Israel kept the Passover  
D. Jericho fell
15. **What was the first meal the people of Israel ate in the land of Canaan?** (v. 11)  
A. Produce of the land  
B. Unleavened cakes  
C. Parched grain  
D. All of the above
16. **What happened the day after the people of Israel ate their first food from the land of Canaan?** (v. 12)  
A. God sent quail too numerous to count  
B. The manna ceased  
C. The women quit cooking  
D. The people began to complain
17. **What did Joshua see when he was by Jericho?** (v. 13)  
A. A chariot in a whirlwind  
B. An angel with a flaming sword  
C. A ladder leading up to heaven, with angels going up and down  
D. A man standing before him with his drawn sword in his hand
18. **What did Joshua ask the man holding the sword?** (v. 13)  
A. Are you for us, or for our adversaries?  
B. Why are you standing in our way?  
C. Why are you holding a sword?  
D. What is your name?

19. **Who was the man that Joshua saw by Jericho?** (v. 14)  
A. Moses Mighty Man  
B. Commander of the army of the Lord  
C. Prophet of the Lord  
D. Mordechai's Marine
20. **What did Joshua do when he saw this man?** (v. 14)  
A. Ran away  
B. Wrestled with the man all night  
C. Fell on his face to the earth and worshiped  
D. Prepared a meal for the man
21. **What did Joshua ask when he realized who the man was?** (v. 14)  
A. Why have you come to me?  
B. Will you help us in battle?  
C. Have you come to torment me before I sleep?  
D. What does my Lord say to his servant?
22. **How did the man respond to Joshua's question?** (v. 15)  
A. Be strong and very courageous  
B. Attack the city of Jericho this very night  
C. Pray for a quick victory  
D. Take off your sandals from your feet, for the place where you are standing is holy
23. **What did Joshua do when given this command?** (v. 15)  
A. Complained about the Israelites, and how they would not follow him  
B. Did what the man told him  
C. Trembled in fear of the majesty of the Lord  
D. Worshiped the Lord with loud shouts of praise

# JOSHUA 6

1. **What did the city of Jericho do because of the people of Israel?** (v. 1)
  - A. Built a wall
  - B. City was shut up – no one went out and none came in
  - C. Took up arms
  - D. A and C
  
2. **What did the Lord tell Joshua about Jericho?** (v. 2)
  - A. See, I have caused Jericho to be afraid of you!
  - B. See, I have caused Jericho to not notice you!
  - C. See, I have given you the people of Jericho as slaves.
  - D. See, I have given Jericho into your hand, with its king and mighty men of valor.
  
3. **What instruction(s) did the Lord give Joshua concerning Jericho?** (v. 3-5)
  - A. For six days you shall march around the city once
  - B. Seven priests shall bear trumpets of rams' horns for six days
  - C. On the seventh day, march seven times and blow the trumpets
  - D. All of the above
  
4. **What did Joshua tell the priests as they prepared to take Jericho?** (v. 6)
  - A. Take up the ark of the covenant & let seven priests bear seven trumpets of rams' horns before the ark
  - B. It is not time to take Jericho.
  - C. Prepare an offering for the Lord
  - D. Take up the ark of the Lord and follow all the people while they encircle Jericho
  
5. **What did Joshua tell the people as they prepared to take Jericho?** (v. 7)
  - A. Run around the city
  - B. Stand in a big circle around the city
  - C. Fast and pray so the Lord will give the city into our hands
  - D. Go forward March around the city
  
6. **As the people of Israel went around the city of Jericho, who went before of the ark of the Lord?** (v. 8-9)
  - A. Seven priests
  - B. Armed men
  - C. Unarmed men
  - D. A and B
  
7. **In what order did the people of Israel circle the city of Jericho?** (v. 8-9)
  - A. Seven priests blowing trumpets, armed guard, ark, rear guard
  - B. Armed men, seven priests blowing trumpets, ark, rear guard
  - C. Armed men, ark, seven priests blowing trumpets, rear guard
  - D. Ark, seven priests blowing trumpets, armed men, rear guard
  
8. **What was Joshua's command to the people about making sounds when they circled Jericho?** (v. 10)
  - A. Give a war cry
  - B. Raise your voices
  - C. You shall not shout or make noise until I tell you to shout
  - D. Sing praises to God
  
9. **Where did the people spend the night after the first day of marching around Jericho?** (v. 11)
  - A. In the camp
  - B. By the wall of Jericho
  - C. At the Jordan River
  - D. In the hills overlooking Jericho

10. **At what time of day did the people of Israel march around Jericho on the second day?** (v. 12)  
A. At midnight  
B. Early in the morning  
C. At midday  
D. At dusk
11. **What was the difference between the first day and the second day's march around Jericho?** (v. 14)  
A. The people were allowed to speak  
B. The priests did not blow the trumpets  
C. The ark stayed in the camp  
D. Nothing was different
12. **How many days did the people of Israel march around Jericho?** (v. 14)  
A. One                      B. Two                      C. Three                      D. Six
13. **What was different about the seventh day's march around Jericho?** (v. 15)  
A. They left at noon  
B. The trumpets did not play  
C. They marched around the city seven times  
D. They didn't take the ark with them
14. **What was the signal for the people of Israel to shout while they circled the city of Jericho?** (v. 16)  
A. Joshua raised his staff  
B. The priests had blown the trumpets  
C. God sent lightning from heaven  
D. They saw the Commander of the Lord's Army
15. **What did Joshua say to the people when the priests blew the trumpets on the 7<sup>th</sup> day?** (v. 16)  
A. Shout, for the Lord has given you the city.  
B. Shout, for the Commander of the Lord's Army will have victory.  
C. Shout, for the men of war need to take their swords.  
D. Shout, let the people of Jericho hear you.
16. **Jericho and all that is within it shall be \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 17)  
A. Possessions for the Israelites  
B. Returned to Egypt  
C. Devoted to the Lord  
D. Left untouched
17. **Who in Jericho would not be destroyed?** (v. 17)  
A. Rahab  
B. Rahab and all of her family  
C. Rahab and all who are with her in her house  
D. Rahab and her husband
18. **Why were the Israelites to keep away from the things devoted to destruction?** (v. 18)  
A. So you aren't accused of stealing  
B. So you do not worship idols  
C. So no one could say Jericho made them rich  
D. If they brought an item devoted to destruction into camp, it would bring trouble
19. **Where were the silver, gold, and every vessel of bronze from the city of Jericho to go?** (v. 19)  
A. To Joshua and the Levites  
B. To the leaders of the twelve tribes  
C. Into the treasury of the Lord  
D. To the priests

20. **What happened when the people shouted and the trumpets were blown?** (v. 20)  
 A. The wall fell down flat  
 B. The Israelites went up into the city  
 C. Israel captured Jericho  
 D. All of the above
21. **What did the Israelites destroy with the sword when they took Jericho?** (v. 21)  
 A. Men & women    B. Oxen    C. Sheep & donkeys    D. All of the above
22. **Who was to go into the prostitute's house and bring out the woman and all who belong to her?** (v. 22)  
 A. The two spies    B. Joshua    C. Caleb    D. The high priest
23. **Who was rescued along with Rahab?** (v. 23)  
 A. Her father and mother  
 B. Her brothers  
 C. All who belonged to her  
 D. All of the above
24. **Where did the spies take Rahab and those rescued with her?** (v. 23)  
 A. Into the camp of Israel  
 B. Into the home of one of the two spies  
 C. Outside the camp of Israel  
 D. To a city of refuge
25. **What did the Israelites do after destroying the city of Jericho with the sword?** (v. 24)  
 A. Plundered the silver, gold, and bronze for themselves  
 B. Burned the city with fire  
 C. Took everything of value  
 D. Held a feast
26. **Why was Rahab allowed to live?** (v. 25)  
 A. She was beautiful  
 B. Because Caleb was fond of her  
 C. She was to become the wife of Joshua  
 D. She hid the messengers Joshua had sent to spy out Jericho
27. **Where did Rahab go to live after the fall of Jericho?** (v. 25)  
 A. In a city of refuge    B. In Israel    C. In Midian    D. In the ruins of Jericho
28. **According to the oath of Joshua, who was cursed?** (v. 26)  
 A. The towns surrounding Jericho  
 B. Any survivors of Jericho  
 C. The man who rises up and rebuilds the city of Jericho  
 D. Anyone who stole from the plunder of Jericho
29. **“So the Lord was with Joshua, and \_\_\_\_\_.”** (v. 27)  
 A. His fame was in all the land  
 B. He became the father of many nations  
 C. All of Israel feared Joshua  
 D. He became wealthy and prosperous

# JOSHUA 7

1. **Who broke faith regarding the devoted things of Jericho? (v. 1)**  
A. Carmi                      B. Zimri                      C. Zerah                      D. People of Israel
2. **Who took some of the devoted things from Jericho? (v. 1)**  
A. Achan                      B. Carmi                      C. Zimri                      D. Zerah
3. **Against whom did the Lord's anger burn? (v. 1)**  
A. Ai                      B. Joshua                      C. People of Israel                      D. Survivors of Jericho
4. **Where was Ai? (v. 2)**  
A. Near Jericho  
B. Near Beth-aven, east of Bethel  
C. Near Beth-aven, west of Bethany  
D. Near the Shebarim
5. **Why did Joshua send men to Ai? (v. 2)**  
A. To find a home for Rahab  
B. To warn them of the approaching Israelites  
C. To give them a chance to repent of their wickedness  
D. To spy out the land
6. **When the men returned from Ai, what advice did they give to Joshua? (v. 3)**  
A. Do not have ALL the people go up against Ai  
B. Send ten thousand men to take it  
C. Do not take the ark into battle again  
D. There are many men in Ai
7. **What happened to the three thousand men who went up against Ai? (v. 4)**  
A. They were victorious over Ai  
B. They fled before the men of Ai  
C. Israel plundered Ai  
D. A and C
8. **How many Israelites were killed by the men of Ai? (v. 5)**  
A. 1,000                      B. 100                      C. 56                      D. 36
9. **Where did the men of Ai chase the Israelites? (v. 5)**  
A. The ruins of Jericho  
B. Back to Beth-aven  
C. Before the gate of Bethany  
D. Before the gate as far as Shebarim
10. **How did the hearts of Israel respond to their defeat by Ai? (v. 5)**  
A. They reinforced their army and attacked Ai again  
B. They cursed the Lord  
C. They offered sacrifices to the Lord  
D. They melted and became as water
11. **What did Joshua do in response to the Israelite defeat by Ai? (v. 6)**  
A. He tore his clothes  
B. Fell to the earth on his face before the ark of the Lord  
C. He put dust on his head  
D. All of the above

12. **What did the elders of Israel do after being defeated by Ai? (v. 6)**  
 A. Tore their clothes  
 B. Fell to the earth on their face before the ark of the Lord  
 C. Put dust on their heads  
 D. All of the above
13. **What did Joshua say after the Israelite defeat by Ai? (v. 7)**  
 A. I know we will destroy the Amorites next time!  
 B. Would that we had been content to dwell beyond the Jordan!  
 C. O Lord, we should have sent more men to fight!  
 D. Lord, why would you not give us victory?
14. **What did the Lord say in response to Joshua after the defeat by Ai? (v. 10-11)**  
 A. Get up! Why have you fallen on your face?  
 B. Israel has sinned by taking some of the devoted things  
 C. Israel has stolen and lied  
 D. All of the above
15. **Why could the Israelites not stand against their enemies? (v. 11-12)**  
 A. They had stolen items that were devoted for destruction  
 B. They lied to Joshua  
 C. They did not recognize their enemies  
 D. Their enemies were too powerful for God
16. **What had to be done for the Lord to remain with Israel? (v. 12)**  
 A. Sacrifices had to be made  
 B. The people had to fast and pray for three days  
 C. Destroy the devoted things from among you  
 D. Joshua had to appoint another leader
17. **What was Joshua instructed to do before searching out & destroying the devoted things? (v. 13)**  
 A. Rest                      B. Pray                      C. Gather manna                      D. Consecrate the people
18. **In what order were the people called before the Lord when searching for the devoted things? (v. 14)**  
 A. Clan, tribe, household, man  
 B. Tribe, clan, household, man  
 C. Man, household, clan, tribe  
 D. Household, tribe, clan, man
19. **What was to happen to the one caught with the devoted things? (v. 15)**  
 A. He shall be burned with fire, he and all that he has  
 B. He would be forgiven if he returned the "devoted things"  
 C. He would be put outside the camp of Israel  
 D. He would offer sacrifices to the Lord
20. **Early in the morning, which tribe was taken by the Lord? (v. 16)**  
 A. Reuben                      B. Gad                      C. Manasseh                      D. Judah
21. **Which clan was taken? (v. 17)**  
 A. Shelanites                      B. Perezites                      C. Zerahites                      D. Hezronites
22. **Which family was taken? (v. 17)**  
 A. Carmi                      B. Zabdi                      C. Reuben                      D. Benjamin
23. **Which man was taken? (v. 18)**  
 A. Joshua                      B. Caleb                      C. Phinneas                      D. Achan

24. **What did Joshua say to Achan after he was exposed by the Lord?** (v. 19)  
 A. My son, give glory to the Lord God of Israel and give praise to Him  
 B. Tell me now what you have done; do not hide it from me  
 C. Tell me what sacrifice you will make for your sin  
 D. A and B
25. **What did Achan say in response to Joshua?** (v. 20)  
 A. Truly I have sinned against the Lord God of Israel  
 B. There has been a mistake – I am innocent of any wrongdoing  
 C. It is true -- but I just wanted souvenirs for my family  
 D. It wasn't me, it was my brother's sin
26. **What had Achan taken from the plunder of Jericho?** (v. 21)  
 A. A beautiful cloak from Shinar  
 B. One hundred shekels of Silver  
 C. Fifty shekels of bronze  
 D. A wedge of gold weighing seventy shekels
27. **"I \_\_\_\_\_ them and took them."** (v. 21)  
 A. Saw                      B. Recognized                      C. Coveted                      D. Stepped over
28. **Where had Achan hidden the items?** (v. 21)  
 A. In the hills under a certain tree  
 B. In the tent of his tribal officer  
 C. In his clothes  
 D. In the earth inside my tent
29. **After Joshua sent messengers to find the items from Achan's tent, what did they do with them?** (v. 22-23)  
 A. Presented them at the tabernacle  
 B. Brought them to Joshua and to all the people of Israel, and laid them down before the Lord  
 C. Threw them into the Jordan River  
 D. Took them back and threw them into the ruins of Jericho
30. **Where did Joshua take Achan after his sin was uncovered?** (v. 24)  
 A. The Jordan River    B. The ruins of Jericho                      C. The Valley of Achor                      D. The camp at Gilgal
31. **What did Joshua say to Achan before he was punished?** (v. 25)  
 A. Repent and confess your sins, and your life will be spared.  
 B. Why were you disobedient to the Lord?  
 C. Why did you bring this plague upon your family.  
 D. Why did you bring trouble on us? The Lord brings trouble on you today.
32. **What was Achan's punishment?** (v. 25)  
 A. Burned with fire  
 B. Banished from the camp  
 C. Stoned with stones  
 D. A and C
33. **Who/what was included in the punishment of Achan?** (v. 24-25)  
 A. His sons & daughters  
 B. His oxen, donkeys, and sheep  
 C. His tent and all that he had  
 D. All of the above

34. **What happened to everything that belonged to Achan? (v. 25)**  
A. It was burned with fire  
B. It was distributed among his clan  
C. It was given to the priests at the tabernacle  
D. I was given to his sons and daughters
35. **What was raised over Achan's dead body? (v. 26)**  
A. Joseph's bones  
B. An altar  
C. Dead animal remains  
D. A great heap of stones
36. **"Then the Lord turned from His \_\_\_\_\_." (v. 26)**  
A. People                      B. Burning anger                      C. Servant Joshua                      D. Desire for peace
37. **The place was called the Valley of Achor. What does Achor mean? (v. 26)**  
A. Anger                      B. Stolen Goods                      C. Trouble                      D. A and B

## JOSHUA 8

1. **What did the Lord say to Joshua after the punishment of Achan? (v. 1)**
  - A. Do not fear and do not be dismayed
  - B. Take three hundred armed men with you and go up and attack Ai
  - C. I have given into your hand the king of Ai, and his people, his city, and his land
  - D. A and C
  
2. **What was different about the conquering of Ai compared to Jericho? (v. 2)**
  - A. Ai had a much larger number of soldiers
  - B. Ai had chariots of iron
  - C. God allowed Israel to keep Ai's spoil and livestock as plunder for themselves
  - D. God wanted Israel to march around city, but not blow the trumpets
  
3. **Who went with Joshua to go up to Ai? (v. 3)**
  - A. All the fighting men
  - B. The tribe of Reuben
  - C. The tribe of Gad
  - D. The Half-tribe of Manasseh
  
4. **How many mighty men of valor did Joshua send to lie in ambush against Ai? (v. 3-4)**
  - A. 10,000
  - B. 20,000
  - C. 30,000
  - D. 40,000
  
5. **Where did the mighty men of valor lay? (v. 9)**
  - A. At a certain place overlooking the Arabah
  - B. In the camp at Gilgal
  - C. Between Gibeon and Beeroth, east of Ai
  - D. Between Bethel and Ai, to the west of Ai
  
6. **Which of the following was NOT included in Joshua's instructions to the mighty men of valor? (v. 4-8)**
  - A. Do not go very far from the city, but all of you remain ready
  - B. Before you advance on the city blow your trumpets
  - C. You will rise up and seize the city
  - D. The Lord your God will give it into your hand
  
7. **What were the thirty thousand men to do as soon as they had taken the city? (v. 8)**
  - A. Make an altar and sacrifice bulls and goats to the Lord
  - B. Sound a loud blast on the trumpets of rams' horns
  - C. Take all the women and children as slaves
  - D. Set the city on fire
  
8. **Where did Joshua spend the night before the attack on Ai? (v. 9)**
  - A. With the thirty thousand men that he sent out at night
  - B. By himself, in prayer to God
  - C. Among the people
  - D. In the tabernacle
  
9. **Where did Joshua and all the fighting men camp after they arrived before of Ai? (v. 11)**
  - A. The south side of Ai, with the ravine between them and the city
  - B. The north side of Ai, with a ravine between them and Ai
  - C. East of Ai, with the ravine between them and the city
  - D. West of Ai, with the ravine between them and the city

10. **According to verse 12, how many men had Joshua set in ambush between Bethel and Ai? (v. 12)**  
A. Three hundred    B. One thousand    C. Three thousand    D. Five thousand
11. **Where did Joshua go the night after he led the army to the front of Ai? (v. 13)**  
A. To camp at Gilgal    B. To the west of Jericho    C. In the valley    D. A hill overlooking Ai
12. **What did the king of Ai do when he saw the army of the Israelites in front of the city? (v. 14)**  
A. Closed up the gates of the city so no one could go in or out  
B. Went to meet Israel in battle  
C. Posted the army of Ai along the walls of the city  
D. Disguised himself and fled the city
13. **Where did the men of Ai meet the men of Israel in battle? (v. 14)**  
A. At Gilgal  
B. The appointed place toward the Arabah  
C. In the Valley of Achor  
D. West of the city between Bethel and Ai
14. **Where did Joshua and Israel flee when pretending to be beaten by the men of Ai? (v. 15)**  
A. In the direction of the wilderness  
B. In the direction of Jericho  
C. In the direction of Jordan River  
D. In the direction of Bethel
15. **How many men were left in Ai or Bethel and did not go after Israel? (v. 16-17)**  
A. Five hundred in each city  
B. One hundred in each city  
C. Fifty in each city  
D. Not one
16. **What did the Lord tell Joshua to do once the city of Ai was left open? (v. 18)**  
A. Hold out his staff towards the Jordan River  
B. Strike his staff on a rock  
C. Stretch out your javelin towards Ai  
D. Blow a long blast on seven trumpets of rams' horns
17. **What did the men in ambush do after Joshua gave them this signal? (v. 19)**  
A. Rose quickly out of their place  
B. They ran and entered the city and captured it  
C. They hurried to set the city on fire  
D. All of the above
18. **When did Joshua and all Israel turn back and strike down the men of Ai? (v. 21)**  
A. When the sun stood still  
B. When they saw the smoke of the city go up  
C. When the men in ambush opened the gates of the city of Ai  
D. When lightning flashed from heaven
19. **Why did the men of Ai have no chance to escape in any direction? (v. 22)**  
A. The Lord opened the ground and swallowed them up  
B. They were blinded by the Lord  
C. The men of Ai were surrounded on all sides  
D. The men of Ai were drowned in the Jordan River

20. **Who, from the city of Ai, survived the battle with Israel?** (v. 23)  
 A. Some of the soldiers who ran away  
 B. Those taken as slaves  
 C. The king of Ai  
 D. The older women
21. **How many men and women fell that day of the battle between Israel and Ai?** (v. 25)  
 A. Twelve thousand, both men and women  
 B. Twelve thousand men from Ai  
 C. Six thousand, both men and women  
 D. Ten thousand, men from Ai
22. **How long did Joshua hold out the hand with his javelin?** (v. 26)  
 A. Until the men from the ambush joined them in battle  
 B. Until he had devoted all the inhabitants of Ai to destruction  
 C. Until the king of Ai was brought to Joshua  
 D. Until the sun set
23. **What happened to the livestock and spoil of the city of Ai?** (v. 27)  
 A. It was destroyed  
 B. It was presented at the tabernacle  
 C. It was carried off by Israel as their plunder, according to the word of the Lord  
 D. It was sacrificed on the Lord's altar
24. **How is Ai described after its defeat by Joshua and the Israelites?** (v. 28)  
 A. A poor city      B. A deserted city      C. A heap of ruins      D. All of the above
25. **What happened to the king of Ai?** (v. 29)  
 A. He was hung on a tree until evening  
 B. His body was thrown at the entrance of the gate of the city  
 C. A great heap of stones was piled over his body  
 D. All of the above
26. **Where did Joshua build an altar to the Lord, the God of Israel, after defeating Ai?** (v. 30)  
 A. On Mount Gerizim      B. On Mount Ebal      C. On Mount Sinai      D. On Mount Nebo
27. **Describe the altar that Joshua built to the Lord, the God of Israel.** (v. 31)  
 A. Built of precious jewels  
 B. Built of noble stones, overlaid with fine gold  
 C. Built an altar of uncut stones, upon which no man has wielded an iron tool  
 D. Built of stones from the city wall of Jericho
28. **What did they offer to the Lord on this altar?** (v. 31)  
 A. Burnt offerings and peace offerings  
 B. Grain offerings from the conquered land  
 C. Idols taken from the conquered cities  
 D. Manna and quail from the wilderness
29. **What did Joshua do in the presence of the Israelites on Mount Ebal?** (v. 32-34)  
 A. Wrote on the stones the Law of Moses  
 B. Read all the words of the law – the blessings and the curses  
 C. Prophecy about the future in the land of milk and honey  
 D. A and B

30. **Who stood on opposite sides of the ark, facing those who carried it? (v. 33)**  
A. All Israel, sojourner as well as native born  
B. Elders of Israel  
C. Officers and judges of Israel  
D. All of the above
31. **Who carried the ark of the covenant of the Lord? (v. 33)**  
A. The men of Judah  
B. The Benjamite priests  
C. The Levitical priests  
D. B and C
32. **Where did the people of Israel stand when Joshua read all the words of the Book of the Law –the blessings and the curses? (v. 33)**  
A. All stood in front of Mount Ebal  
B. All stood in front of Mount Gerizim  
C. Stood in front of Mount Gerizim and Mount Ebal  
D. The text doesn't say
33. **Who had given instructions about blessing the people of Israel? (v. 33)**  
A. Caleb                      B. Abraham                      C. Jacob                      D. Moses
34. **Who was included in the assembly that heard Joshua read all the words of the law? (v. 33-35)**  
A. Women  
B. The little ones  
C. Sojourners  
D. All of the above

## JOSHUA 9

1. **After hearing about Israel's conquests, who gathered as one to fight against Joshua and Israel? (v. 1-2)**
  - A. Kings of the Hittites, Amorites, and Canaanites,
  - B. Kings of the Perizzites, Hivites, and Jebusites
  - C. King of Gibeon
  - D. A and B
  
2. **Where were the nations who gathered as one to fight Israel located? (v. 1)**
  - A. Beyond the Jordan, in the hill country, and lowland along the coast of the Great Sea
  - B. In the eastern foothills, plains, and northern coast of the Great Sea
  - C. Along the southern coast of the Great Sea, and the northern hills
  - D. All of the above
  
3. **Who acted cunningly after hearing what Joshua had done to Jericho and Ai? (v. 3-4)**
  - A. The Hittites, Canaanites, and Amorites
  - B. The Hivites, Jebusites, and Perizzites
  - C. Inhabitants of Gibeon
  - D. All of the above
  
4. **How did the inhabitants deceive Joshua and the nation of Israel? (v. 4-5)**
  - A. They took worn out sack for their donkeys, and torn and worn-out wineskins
  - B. Wore patched sandals on their feet, and worn-out clothes
  - C. All their provisions were dry and crumbly
  - D. All of the above
  
5. **What did the men from Gibeon say to Joshua when they arrived at the camp at Gilgal? (v. 6)**
  - A. We are poor people from your neighboring land; make a treaty with us.
  - B. We have come from a distant country, so now make a covenant with us.
  - C. We have no food or wine; please have mercy on us.
  - D. Allow your humble sojourners to join you in your camp.
  
6. **What was the first reaction of the men of Israel to the inhabitants of Gibeon? (v. 7)**
  - A. But perhaps you live near us. Why would we make a treaty with you?
  - B. We must first ask the Lord our God what to do.
  - C. But you are weak and ill. Why would we want you for our servants?
  - D. Perhaps you live among us; then how can we make a covenant with you?
  
7. **How did the cunning people speak of themselves to Joshua? (v. 8)**
  - A. We too, are enemies of Jericho
  - B. We are your servants
  - C. We are servants of the Lord your God
  - D. We too are enemies of Ai
  
8. **What question(s) did Joshua ask the people of Gibeon? (v. 8)**
  - A. Who are you? And where do you come from?
  - B. Why do you come now when we are preparing for battle?
  - C. Who is your god?
  - D. Where are your women and children and flocks?
  
9. **"From a very distant country your servants have come because \_\_\_\_\_" (v. 9)**
  - A. We were afraid of our kinsmen, who are plotting to overthrow you
  - B. We don't like the men of Jericho or Ai either!
  - C. Of the name of the Lord your God, For we have heard a report of Him.
  - D. We want to bless you for getting rid of Ai.

10. **What reports had the people of Gibeon heard about the Lord God of Israel? (v. 9-10)**  
 A. All that He did in Egypt  
 B. All that He did to Sihon, king of Bashan  
 C. All that He did to Og, king of Heshbon  
 D. All that He did to the kings of the Philistines
11. **What did the people of Gibeon say about the condition of their bread when they left their houses? (v.12)**  
 A. It needed jelly from the giant grapes of Canaan  
 B. It was unleavened  
 C. It was made from barley  
 D. It was warm
12. **What else did the Gibeonites point to prove that they were from a very distant country? (v.13)**  
 A. The length of their beards  
 B. Their wineskins  
 C. Their garments and sandals  
 D. B and C
13. **What did Israel NOT do in response to the request for a treaty from the people of Gibeon? (v.14-15)**  
 A. Took some of their provisions  
 B. Ask counsel from the Lord  
 C. Made peace with them to let them live  
 D. Swore to them
14. **How long did it take for Israel to learn the Gibeonites were their neighbors? (v.16)**  
 A. At the end of three hours  
 B. At the end of three days  
 C. At the end of three weeks  
 D. At the end of three months
15. **Which of the following was NOT a city of the people of Gibeon? (v.17)**  
 A. Chephirah      B. Beeroth      C. Hebron      D. Kiriath-jearim
16. **Why did the people of Israel not attack the cities of the people of Gibeon? (v.18)**  
 A. The leaders of the congregation had sworn to them by the Lord, the God of Israel  
 B. The whole assembly had sworn to them by the Lord, the God of Israel  
 C. Joshua had sworn to them by the Lord, the God of Israel  
 D. A and C above
17. **Who grumbled against the leaders of the congregation because of the Gibeonites? (v.18)**  
 A. The men of valor  
 B. The women  
 C. The fighting men  
 D. The congregation
18. **What did the Israel do so that wrath would not fall on them for breaking an oath? (v. 20)**  
 A. Make sin offerings to the Lord God  
 B. Let the Gibeonites live  
 C. Made wave offerings to the Lord  
 D. Repented and mourned in sackcloth and ashes
19. **What happened to the Gibeonites? (v. 21)**  
 A. They became cutters of wood  
 B. They became sheep herders  
 C. They became drawers of water for all the congregation  
 D. A and C

20. **Who told the Gibeonites what was to happen to them because of their deception? (v.22-23)**  
A. The Lord God of Israel  
B. The leaders of the assembly  
C. Joshua  
D. Caleb
21. **Joshua told the Gibeonites, “You are \_\_\_\_\_.” (v. 23)**  
A. Liars                      B. Cunning                      C. Cursed                      D. B and C
22. **Why did the Gibeonites say they lied to Israel? (v. 24)**  
A. We feared greatly for our lives  
B. We were angry because you destroyed Jericho.  
C. We were angry you attacked Ai.  
D. B and C

# JOSHUA 10

1. **Who was the king of Jerusalem in Joshua 10? (v. 1)**  
A. Melchizedek      B. Adoni-zedek      C. Debir      D. Japhia
2. **What had the king of Jerusalem heard about Joshua? (v. 1)**  
A. Joshua had captured Ai and devoted it to destruction  
B. Doing the same to Ai and Jericho's king  
C. The Gibeonite had made peace with Israel  
D. All of the above
3. **Why was the king of Jerusalem afraid of the Gibeonites and the Israelites? (v. 2)**  
A. Gibeon was smaller than Jericho  
B. Gibeon was a great city, like one of the royal cities  
C. All the men of Gibeon were warriors  
D. B and C
4. **To whom did the king of Jerusalem send for help? (v. 3-4)**  
A. Hoham, king of Jarmuth  
B. Piram, king of Eglon  
C. Japhia, king of Lachish  
D. Debir, king of Hebron
5. **How many Amorite kings gathered forces and encamped against Gibeon? (v. 5)**  
A. Five      B. Six      C. Seven      D. Text doesn't say
6. **Which of the following cities was NOT included in the forces of kings that attacked Gibeon? (v. 5)**  
A. Jerusalem      B. Hebron.      C. Jarmuth      D. Hazor
7. **What did the Gibeonites do when they were attacked? (v. 6)**  
A. Called out all men of valor and went into battle  
B. Sent word to Joshua at the camp in Gilgal, asking for help  
C. Shut up their city tight and stood on their wall  
D. Fled to Joshua and the camp of Israel at Gilgal
8. **What did Joshua do when he heard about the attack on Gibeon? (v. 7)**  
A. Ask for Israelite volunteers to help the Gibeonites  
B. Sent out spies to see if the news of the attack was true  
C. Went up from Gilgal with all the people of war and the mighty men of valor  
D. Ask for God's help
9. **What did the Lord say to Joshua when he went up from Gilgal to Gibeon to meet the forces of Amorite kings? (v. 7-8)**  
A. Do not fear them  
B. I have given them into your hands  
C. Not a man of them shall stand before you  
D. All of the above
10. **What happened during the battle at Gibeon between the Israelites and the Amorite kings? (v. 9-10)**  
A. Joshua came upon them suddenly and the Lord threw the Amorites into a panic  
B. The walls of Gibeon fell on the army of the Amorite kings  
C. Joshua defeated them with an ambush  
D. Joshua raised his javelin until the alliance was defeated

11. **How long did Joshua and the Israelites march from Gilgal to fight at Gibeon?** (v. 9)  
 A. From sunset to sunset    B. All night    C. Half the night    D. Two days
12. **How far did Joshua and the Israelites chase the defeated armies of the five Amorite kings?** (v. 10)  
 A. To Gibeon    B. To Lachish    C. To Azekah and Makkedah    D. To Hebron
13. **What did the Lord do to help the Israelites win their battle against the five Amorite kings?** (v. 10-13)  
 A. Threw the armies into a panic  
 B. Threw down large stones from heaven  
 C. Caused the sun to stand still  
 D. All of the above
14. **There were more who died by \_\_\_\_\_ than the sons of Israel killed with the sword.** (v. 11)  
 A. Large stones    B. Hailstones    C. Panic    D. Fire
15. **What did Joshua say to the Lord in the presence of Israel on the day of battle with the five kings of the Amorites?** (v. 12)  
 A. Sun, stand still at Gibeon  
 B. And moon, in the Valley of Aijalon  
 C. O stars, over the hills of Jericho  
 D. A and B
16. **“And the sun stood still, and the moon stopped, \_\_\_\_\_”** (v. 13)  
 A. Until the nation took vengeance on their enemies  
 B. Until Joshua lowered his javelin  
 C. Until the Israelites turned back  
 D. Until the Amorite kings surrendered
17. **Where did the sun stop during the battle with the five Amorite kings?** (v. 13)  
 A. As it was rising    B. In the Eastern sky    C. In the midst of heaven    D. Text doesn't say
18. **How long did the sun delay going down?** (v. 13)  
 A. Two hours    B. Half a day    C. Four hours    D. About a whole day
19. **In which book is this event written about?** (v. 13)  
 A. Exodus    B. Jashar    C. Judges    D. I Kings
20. **What was unique about the day the sun stood still, as recorded in Joshua?** (v. 14)  
 A. It was a day of final victory for Israel  
 B. It was a day that God showed his power in Canaan  
 C. It was a day that did not get hot, even though the sun remained  
 D. It was a day when the Lord heeded the voice of a man
21. **Where did Joshua and all Israel go after the battle with the five Amorite kings?** (v. 15)  
 A. Back to Gilgal    B. Back to Gibeon    C. Back to Ai    D. Back to Jericho
22. **Where were the five kings of the Amorites hiding after they fled from the army of Israel?** (v. 16)  
 A. In the cave of Machpelah  
 B. In the cave of the Gadarenes  
 C. In the cave at Makkedah  
 D. Text doesn't say

23. **What did Joshua say to do to the five Amorite kings who were hiding?** (v. 18)  
 A. Cut off their heads with the sword  
 B. Roll large stones against the mouth of the cave and set men by it to guard them  
 C. Drown them in the Jordan River  
 D. Bring them to him (*Joshua*)
24. **What were the Israelites to do after they had captured the five Amorite kings?** (v. 19)  
 A. Stop! There was no need to pursue their enemies  
 B. Continue to attack their enemies from the front  
 C. Surround the enemy cities  
 D. Do not let your enemies enter their cities
25. **How thoroughly were the Amorite armies struck down?** (v. 20)  
 A. Until they were wiped out  
 B. All but one was destroyed  
 C. The armies were defeated, but not destroyed  
 D. The armies were defeated, and their women were taken as slaves
26. **After the battle with the Amorites, who moved his tongue against the people of Israel?** (v. 21)  
 A. The king of Libnah  
 B. Horam, king of Gezer  
 C. The kings from Gaza  
 D. Not a man
27. **What were chiefs of the Israelite men to do to the five kings?** (v. 24)  
 A. Stone the Amorite Kings  
 B. Put their feet on the necks of the kings  
 C. Turn them over to the Gibeonites  
 D. Make the woodcutters in Israel
28. **Which of the following did Joshua NOT say to Israel before he killed the five Amorite kings?** (v. 25)  
 A. Do not be afraid  
 B. Do not be dismayed  
 C. Do not doubt the Lord's power  
 D. Be strong and courageous
29. **What did Joshua do after he killed the Amorite kings?** (v. 26)  
 A. Covered their bodies with heaps of stones  
 B. Burned their bodies and all their possessions  
 C. Buried them in the ground around Makkedah  
 D. Hung them on five trees until evening
30. **What order did Joshua give at sunset on the day he killed the five Amorite kings?** (v. 27)  
 A. Take the bodies of the kings down from the trees  
 B. Throw the kings bodies into the cave where they hid  
 C. Set large stones against the mouth of the cave  
 D. All of the above
31. **What city did Joshua destroy the same day he killed the five Amorite kings?** (v. 28)  
 A. Hazor                      B. Makkedah                      C. Hebron                      D. Gath
32. **What can be said about the Israelite conquest of Libnah, Lachish, Eglon, Hebron, & Debir?** (v. 29-36)  
 A. Struck the city with the edge of the sword  
 B. Killed every person in the city  
 C. The city was burned  
 D. A and B

33. Which of the two cities (*in Joshua 10*) is it specifically stated that the Lord gave that city and its king into the hand of Israel? (v. 29-32)
- A. Libnah and Makkedah
  - B. Lachish and Eglon
  - C. Lachish and Libnah
  - D. Hebron and Makkedah
34. Which of the following cities did Joshua and Israel capture on the second day? (v. 32)
- A. Makkedah
  - B. Lachish
  - C. Debir
  - D. Eglon
35. Who came up to help Lachish in battle, but was struck down by Joshua until none remained? (v. 33)
- A. Horam king of Gezer
  - B. King of Madon
  - C. King of Tirzah
  - D. King of Adullam
36. In what order were the cities of Joshua 10 captured and destroyed by the Israelite army? (v. 29-39)
- A. Debir, Hebron, Eglon, Lachish, Libnah, Makkedah
  - B. Libnah, Eglon, Debir, Makkedah, Lachish, Hebron
  - C. Makkedah, Libnah, Lachish, Eglon, Hebron, Debir
  - D. None of the above
37. Which of the following was NOT included in the whole land that Joshua subdued in chapter 10? (v. 40)
- A. The Negeb
  - B. The lowland
  - C. The Jordan River
  - D. The hill country
38. In Chapter 10, Joshua struck them from \_\_\_\_\_ as far as Gaza. (v. 41)
- A. Kadesh-barnea
  - B. Greater Sidon
  - C. Egypt
  - D. Mount Sinai
39. Why was Joshua able to capture all the kings and their lands at one time? (v. 42)
- A. The fighting men of Israel were seasoned warriors
  - B. The sun stood still until Joshua was able to take all the cities
  - C. The fighting men of Israel had more weapons
  - D. The Lord God of Israel fought for Israel
40. Joshua captured all the country of \_\_\_\_\_, as far as Gibeon. (v. 41)
- A. Gilgal
  - B. Valley of Lebanon
  - C. Goshen
  - D. Mount Halak
41. Where did Joshua and all Israel return at the end of Chapter 10? (v. 43)
- A. To Mount Sinai
  - B. To Jerusalem
  - C. To Hebron
  - D. To the camp at Gilgal

# JOSHUA 11

1. **Who heard of the Israelite defeat of the southern cities?** (v. 1)
  - A. Og, king of Bashan
  - B. Sihon, king of Heshbon
  - C. Jabin, king of Hazor
  - D. Adoni-Zedek, king of Jerusalem
  
2. **Who in Northern Canaan was sent word to join in the fight against Israel?** (v. 1)
  - A. Jobab, king of Madon
  - B. Og, king of Bashan
  - C. Sihon, king of Heshbon
  - D. Adoni-Zedek, king of Jerusalem
  
3. **Who else was included in the call to fight against Israel in the northern regions?** (v. 1-3)
  - A. Kings of Shimron and Achshaph; and kings who were in the northern hill country
  - B. Canaanites, the Amorites, the Hittites, the Perizzites, and the Jebusites in the hill country
  - C. Kings in the lowland, and in Naphoth-dor on the west and Hivites under Hermon in the land of Mizpah
  - D. All of the above
  
4. **What did the combined troops of the northern kings have to help them fight against Israel?** (v. 4)
  - A. Their gods who fought for them
  - B. Very many horses and chariots
  - C. Crossbows and fiery arrows
  - D. Spears made of iron
  
5. **How large was the troops of the joined forces of the northern kings?** (v. 4)
  - A. Like the number of stars in the sky
  - B. Like the number of drops of water in the seas
  - C. Twice the number of the Israelites
  - D. Like the number of sand on the seashore
  
6. **Where did the troops of the northern kings join forces and camp?** (v.5)
  - A. Near Gilgal
  - B. In the Arabah
  - C. At the waters of Merom
  - D. In the region of Mizpah
  
7. **What did the Lord say to Joshua before the Israelites fought the troops of the northern kings?** (v. 6)
  - A. Do not be afraid of them, for tomorrow at this time I will give over all of them, slain, to Israel
  - B. Take off your sandals, for the place where you are standing is holy
  - C. Stand up! What are you doing down on your face? Israel has sinned
  - D. Do not be afraid; do not be discouraged. The Commander of the Lord will lead you!
  
8. **What did the Lord tell Joshua to do with the enemies' horses and chariots?** (v. 6)
  - A. Capture them and use them in battle
  - B. Hamstring their horses and burn their chariots with fire
  - C. Capture the chariots to carry your old women
  - D. Ride off with the horses, blowing your trumpets
  
9. **Where did Joshua and his warriors suddenly attack the troops of the northern kings?** (v. 7)
  - A. At Gilgal
  - B. In the Valley of Lebanon
  - C. At Kadesh-barnea
  - D. By the waters of Merom
  
10. **Where did Joshua and all his warriors chase the troops of the northern kings?** (v. 8)
  - A. As far as Great Sidon
  - B. To Misrephoth-maim
  - C. To the Valley of Mizpeh
  - D. All of the above
  
11. **What city did Joshua turn back and capture?** (v. 10)
  - A. Jerusalem
  - B. Hebron
  - C. Seir
  - D. Hazor

12. **What happened to the king of Hazor?** (v. 10)  
 A. He was hung on a tree until sunset  
 B. He was struck down with the sword  
 C. He was captured and held for ransom  
 D. He was thrown into a cave
13. **Which city had been head of all the northern kingdoms?** (v. 10)  
 A. Madon                      B. Hazor                                      C. Shimron                                      D. Chinneroth
14. **What happened to the city of Hazor and its people?** (v. 11)  
 A. Everyone was struck down with the sword; the city was burned  
 B. The city was damaged greatly in battle; its people were killed  
 C. The children were spared and taken to the Israelite camp  
 D. They were captured and made slaves to Israel
15. **What happened to all the cities and kings in Northern Canaan?** (v. 12)  
 A. They were captured by Joshua  
 B. The kings were put to the sword  
 C. The people of the cities were destroyed  
 D. All of the above
16. **Which cities did Joshua not burn?** (v. 13)  
 A. The cities located in the foothills  
 B. The cities located by the seashore  
 C. The cities in the lower valley  
 D. The cities that stood on mounds
17. **What did the people of Israel take for their plunder from Northern Canaan?** (v. 14)  
 A. Spoil and livestock    B. Strong men for slaves    C. Women and children    D. All of the above
18. **Who commanded Israel to destroy the cities of the promised land?** (v. 14-15)  
 A. The Lord had commanded Aaron, who commanded Joshua  
 B. The Lord had commanded the Levites who commanded Joshua  
 C. The Lord had commanded Moses who commanded Joshua  
 D. The Lord had commanded his servant Caleb
19. **How much of the land did Joshua take?** (v. 16-17)  
 A. The hill country, and the Negeb and all the land of Goshen  
 B. The lowland  
 C. The Arabah  
 D. All of the above
20. **Which of the following describes Mount Halak?** (v. 17)  
 A. East of the Valley of Lebanon  
 B. Rises toward Seir  
 C. Below Mount Hermon  
 D. In the hill country
21. **How is Baal-Gad described?** (v. 17)  
 A. In the Valley of Lebanon  
 B. Rising toward Seir  
 C. Below Mount Hermon  
 D. A and C
22. **How long did Joshua make war against the northern kings?** (v. 18)  
 A. One day                      B. One month                                      C. One year                                      D. A long time

23. **Who made a treaty of peace with the Israelites? (v. 19)**  
 A. Og, king of Sihon  
 B. Jabin, king of Hazor  
 C. The Hivites, the inhabitants of Gibeon  
 D. No one
24. **Why did the people in the promised land battle against the Israelites? (v. 20)**  
 A. The Lord hardened their hearts so they would come against Israel in battle .  
 B. The Canaanites did not want to share their food with the Israelites  
 C. The Canaanites did not want to intermarry with the Israelites  
 D. Joshua forced them to go to war
25. **Why did the Lord want Israel to battle the inhabitants of Canaan? (v. 20)**  
 A. So the Canaanites could now be slaves in the land of Egypt  
 B. In order to destroy them, just as the Lord commanded Moses  
 C. So the Lord could make Joshua king over the entire land  
 D. So the people of Israel who were disobedient could be killed in battle
26. **What city was cut off from the hill country? (v. 21)**  
 A. Gibeon                      B. Hittites                      C. Perrez                      D. Anakim
27. **Where did the only survivors of Anakim live? (v. 22)**  
 A. In Hebron, Debir, and Anab  
 B. In the region of Goshen  
 C. In Gaza, Gath, and Ashdod  
 D. In the Arabah
28. **What did Joshua do with the whole land that the Israelites captured? (v. 23)**  
 A. Gave it to the priests of the tribe of Levi  
 B. Gave it for an inheritance to Israel according to their tribal allotments  
 C. Dedicated it to the Lord, and placed altars in all the cities  
 D. Established cities of refuge
29. **“The land had \_\_\_\_\_.” (v. 23)**  
 A. Plenty of food  
 B. Famine  
 C. Plagues that took all the animals  
 D. Rest from war

# JOSHUA 12

1. **How many kings did Israel defeat beyond the Jordan River, toward the sunrise?** (v. 1-4)  
A. Twelve                      B. Two                                      C. Seven                                      D. Ten
2. **How many kings had Joshua and the Israelites defeated west of the Jordan?** (v. 24)  
A. Twelve                      B. Two                                      C. Seven                                      D. Thirty-one
3. **Which of the following was a king from beyond the Jordan River, who was conquered?** (v. 2)  
A. Sihon king of the Amorites    B. King of Makkedah    C. King of Jericho                      D. King of Dor
4. **Which of the following was NOT a king from the west side of the Jordan River?** (v. 4)  
A. King of Hebron    B. King of Hormah                      C. King of Bashan                      D. King of Bethel
5. **Which king lived at Heshbon?** (v. 2)  
A. Og                                      B. Jabin                                      C. Adoni-Zedek                              D. Sihon
6. **What was the border of the Ammonites?** (v. 2)  
A. Mount Halak    B. River Jabbok                              C. River Jordan                              D. Valley of Lebanon
7. **What is another name for the Sea of the Arabah?** (v. 3)  
A. Sea of Galilee    B. Tigris                                      C. Euphrates                                      D. Salt Sea
8. **Who ruled over Mount Hermon?** (v. 4-5)  
A. Sihon                                      B. Jabin                                      C. Adoni-Zedek                                      D. Og
9. **Who was one of the remnants of the Rephaim?** (v. 4)  
A. King of Jericho    B. King of Lasharon                              C. King of Bashan                                      D. King of Arad
10. **Who conquered Sihon and Og?** (v. 6)  
A. Moses and the people of Israel  
B. Joshua and the people of Israel  
C. Five kings of the Amorites  
D. A and B
11. **Which tribes were given possession of the lands of Sihon and Og?** (v. 6)  
A. Levi and Judah  
B. Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh  
C. Simeon and Asher  
D. Ephraim and half-tribe of Manasseh

# JOSHUA 13

1. **What did the Lord say to Joshua when he was old and advanced in years? (v. 1)**
  - A. You are very old but you will continue to be strong
  - B. You are old & advanced in years, and there remains yet very much land to possess
  - C. You are very old, and you have conquered all the land which I gave to Israel
  - D. You are very old, and it is time for you to claim part of the land as yours
  
2. **What land remained to be taken over? (v.2-6)**
  - A. Regions of the Philistines and Geshurites
  - B. All the land of the Canaanites
  - C. The area of the Gebalites, all Lebanon, and the Sidonians
  - D. All of the above
  
3. **Who lived in the hill country from Lebanon to Misrephoth-maim? (v. 6)**
  - A. The Philistines
  - B. Geshurites
  - C. Sidonians
  - D. Gebalites
  
4. **What was to happen to the Sidonians? (v. 6)**
  - A. God would drive them out from before the people of Israel
  - B. God would give them to the Israelites as slaves
  - C. God would destroy them with fire
  - D. God would drive them into the region of the Sea of Arabah
  
5. **What was Joshua to do about the land which had yet to be conquered? (v. 6)**
  - A. Take up the ark of the covenant and march around the regions
  - B. Do not assign the unconquered land until it had been conquered
  - C. Then the Lord would give commandments concerning the taking of the land
  - D. Allot the land to Israel for an inheritance
  
6. **How many tribes were to receive land west of the Jordan River? (v. 7)**
  - A. Two and one-half
  - B. Six
  - C. Nine and one-half
  - D. Twelve
  
7. **What did the half-tribe of Manasseh, the Reubenites and Gadites get? (v. 8)**
  - A. Land east of the Jordan River that Joshua assigned to them
  - B. Land beyond the Jordan eastward, as Moses the servant of the Lord gave them
  - C. Land west of the Jordan River that Moses assigned to them
  - D. Land west of the Jordan River that Joshua assigned to them
  
8. **What were the cities of Sihon king? (v. 10-11)**
  - A. The region of the Geshurites and Maacathites
  - B. Gilead
  - C. Mount Hermon, and all Bashan to Salecah
  - D. All of the above
  
9. **What happened to the people of Geshur and Maacah? (v. 13)**
  - A. They were totally destroyed by the sword
  - B. They were totally destroyed and their cities burned
  - C. They were not driven out by Israel, and lived in the midst of Israel
  - D. They served as woodcutters and watercarriers for Israel
  
10. **What was the inheritance of the tribe of Levi? (v. 14)**
  - A. The territory extending from Mahanaim and including all of Bashan
  - B. The territory of Jazer and half the Ammonite country
  - C. The territory from Aroer and the whole plateau past Medeba
  - D. No inheritance – The offerings by fire to the Lord is their inheritance

11. **Who were the princes allied with Sihon?** (v. 21)  
 A. Evi, Rekem, and Zur    B. Jabin    C. Hur and Reba    D. A and C
12. **In addition to those slain in battle, who else did the Israelites kill by sword?** (v. 22)  
 A. Adoni-Zedek, king of Salem  
 B. Balaam, son of Beor, who practiced divination  
 C. Eleazar, the priest, who offered strange fire to the Lord  
 D. Korah, Dathan, and Abiram, who opposed Joshua
13. **What was the boundary of the Reubenites?** (v. 23)  
 A. The Jordan  
 B. The rim of the Arnon Gorge  
 C. The Sea of Kinnereth  
 D. The Tigris River
14. **Who received the territory of Jazer and all the cities of Gilead?** (v. 24-25)  
 A. Reuben    B. Gad    C. Half-tribe of Manasseh    D. Levi
15. **What had Moses given to the tribe of Gad?** (v. 27-28)  
 A. All the towns on the plateau and the realm of Sihon, king of the Amorites  
 B. The lower end of the Sea of Chinnereth, eastward beyond the Jordan  
 C. The entire realm of Og, king of Bashan  
 D. A and B above
16. **What had Moses given to the half-tribe of Manasseh?** (v. 29-30)  
 A. All the towns on the plateau and the realm of Sihon, king of the Amorites  
 B. The east side of the Jordan, the territory up to the end of the Sea of Kinnereth  
 C. The whole kingdom of Og king of Bashan  
 D. All of the above
17. **Who received all the towns of Jair in Bashan?** (v. 30)  
 A. Reuben    B. Benjamin    C. Half-tribe of Manasseh    D. Levi
18. **Who was Machir?** (v. 31)  
 A. A king of the Canaanites  
 B. A king in the alliance of the northern kings  
 C. Son of Manasseh  
 D. High priest of Israel
19. **When had Moses given the inheritance to Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh?** (v. 32)  
 A. When he was on Mount Sinai  
 B. When he was dying on Mount Nebo  
 C. When he was in the plains of Moab, beyond the Jordan east of Jericho  
 D. When he was naming Joshua as his successor
20. **What had the Lord, God of Israel, promised the tribe of Levi about their inheritance?** (v. 33)  
 A. It would be a larger portion than other tribes  
 B. It would be the smallest portion of land  
 C. It would be the last land allocated  
 D. No inheritance; the Lord God of Israel is their inheritance

# JOSHUA 14

1. **Who divided the land of Canaan as an inheritance of the people of Israel? (v. 1)**
  - A. Eleazar, the priest
  - B. Joshua, son of Nun
  - C. The heads of the fathers' houses of the tribes of the people of Israel
  - D. All of the above
  
2. **How were the inheritances of land to the nine-and-a-half tribes assigned? (v. 2)**
  - A. The largest tribes obtained the larger pieces of land
  - B. Tribal leaders staked out their lands with markers
  - C. By lot
  - D. The Lord God revealed them in a vision to Joshua
  
3. **How many tribes were given their inheritance beyond the Jordan? (v. 3)**
  - A. Nine and one half
  - B. Two and one half
  - C. One, the tribe of Levi
  - D. None
  
4. **Which two tribes were the people of Joseph? (v. 4)**
  - A. Manasseh and Ephraim
  - B. Gad and Asher
  - C. Benjamin and Simeon
  - D. Zebulun and Naphtali
  
5. **What did the Levites receive? (v.4)**
  - A. An inheritance of land
  - B. Towns to live in, but no pasturelands
  - C. Cities to dwell in, pasturelands for their livestock
  - D. The mountain regions
  
6. **Who gave instructions for how the land was to be divided? (v. 5)**
  - A. The Lord commanded Joshua, son of Nun
  - B. The Lord commanded Aaron, the high priest
  - C. The Lord commanded Caleb
  - D. The Lord commanded Moses
  
7. **Who approached Joshua at Gilgal concerning an inheritance of land? (v. 6)**
  - A. People of the tribe of Levi
  - B. People of Judah
  - C. Eleazar the priest
  - D. All of the above
  
8. **Who was the son of Jephunneh the Kenizzite? (v. 6)**

A. Joshua	B. Eleazar	C. Moses	D. Caleb
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9. **Where had the Lord spoke to Moses concerning Joshua and Caleb? (v. 6)**

A. Kadesh-barnea	B. Gilgal	C. Jericho	D. Hebron
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10. **How old was Caleb when Moses sent him to explore the land? (v. 7)**

A. Twenty	B. Thirty	C. Forty	D. Fifty
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11. **What kind of report did Caleb bring back to Moses?** (v. 7)  
 A. Word that made the hearts of the people melt with fear  
 B. Word as it was in his heart  
 C. Word of caution and waiting for a more opportune time  
 D. Word that made the hearts of the people ready for battle
12. **Who said, "I wholly followed the Lord my God.?"** (v. 8)  
 A. Joshua                      B. Eleazar                      C. Achan                      D. Caleb
13. **What had Moses sworn to give Caleb and his children forever?** (v. 9)  
 A. The city of Jerusalem  
 B. The land east of the Jordan River  
 C. The territory of Gilead  
 D. The land on which Caleb's foot has trodden
14. **What promise did the Lord keep concerning Caleb, in Joshua 14?** (v. 10)  
 A. He kept Caleb alive while Israel walked in the wilderness  
 B. He blessed all the nations of the earth through his children  
 C. Caleb fought in battles, and without injuries  
 D. He accepted Caleb's sacrifice and blessed him with wealth
15. **How old was Caleb when he received his inheritance of land?** (v. 10)  
 A. Forty                      B. Forty-five                      C. Eighty-five                      D. Eighty
16. **How did Caleb describe his physical condition when he received his inheritance?** (v. 11)  
 A. Old                      B. Strong                      C. Weak of sight                      D. A and C
17. **What land did Caleb request?** (v. 12)  
 A. The Jordan River Valley  
 B. The area around the Sea of Arabah  
 C. The Valley of Achor  
 D. The hill country
18. **Which nation of people lived in the land that Caleb requested?** (v. 12)  
 A. Amalekites                      B. Anakim                      C. Hittites                      D. Philistines
19. **In the land that Caleb requested, how were the cities described?** (v. 12)  
 A. Great fortified                      B. Small but mighty                      C. Deserted                      D. Shut up tight
20. **What was Hebron formerly called?** (v. 15)  
 A. Nephtoah                      B. Kiriath Jearim                      C. Shikkeron                      D. Kiriath-arba
21. **Who was the greatest man among the Anakim?** (v. 15)  
 A. Sheshai                      B. Ahiman                      C. Arba                      D. Talmai
22. **"And the land \_\_\_\_\_."** (v. 15)  
 A. Had rest from war  
 B. Produced milk and honey  
 C. Brought forth an abundance of crops  
 D. Experienced a famine

# JOSHUA 15

1. **Where did the allotment for the tribe of Judah reach? (v. 1)**
  - A. From the Jordan of Jericho to the hill country of Bethel
  - B. From Asher to Micmethath east of Shechem
  - C. From Heleph to the Jordan River
  - D. Southward to the boundary of Edom, to the wilderness of Zin
  
2. **Which is mentioned in describing the southern boundary of the tribe of Judah? (v. 2- 4)**
  - A. The Salt Sea, from the bay that faces southward
  - B. Along by Hezron
  - C. By the Brook of Egypt
  - D. All of the above
  
3. **What was the eastern boundary of the allotment for Judah? (v. 5)**
  - A. Coastline of the Great Sea
  - B. The Salt Sea, to the mouth of the Jordan
  - C. Valley of Rephaim
  - D. Kanah Ravine
  
4. **What was the western boundary of the allotment for Judah? (v. 12)**
  - A. Great Sea with its coastline
  - B. Salt Sea
  - C. Mount Jearim
  - D. Valley of Rephaim
  
5. **Which of the following is NOT included in the northern boundary of Judah? (v. 6-9)**

A. Waters of Nephtoah	B. Gilgal	C. Valley of Hinnom	D. Bethel
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6. **What was another name for the Jebusite city? (v. 8)**

A. Gilgal	B. Bethel	C. Jerusalem	D. Shechem
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7. **In accordance with the Lord's command to him, what did Joshua give Caleb? (v. 13)**
  - A. A portion among the people of Judah
  - B. Kiriath-arba
  - C. Hebron
  - D. All of the above
  
8. **Who was the father of Anak? (v. 13)**

A. Arba	B. Sheshai	C. Ahiman	D. Talmai
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9. **Who did Caleb drive out from Hebron? (v. 14)**
  - A. Og and Sihon
  - B. Sheshai and Ahiman and Talmai, the descendants of Anak
  - C. People of Kiriath Sepher
  - D. Jabin and Jobab
  
10. **What was another name for Kiriath-sepher? (v. 15)**

A. Hebron	B. Gilgal	C. En Rogel	D. Debir
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11. **Who captured Kiriath-sepher? (v. 17)**

A. Joshua	B. Othniel	C. Caleb	D. Kenaz
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12. **Who was Achsah?** (v. 16).  
 A. King of Kiriath Sepher    B. King of Debir    C. Son of Caleb    D. Daughter of Caleb
13. **What did Caleb say concerning his daughter?** (v. 16)  
 A. She would be a beautiful bride for whoever she chose to marry  
 B. She followed the Lord, the God of Israel, wholeheartedly  
 C. She would be given in marriage to whoever strikes Kiriath-sepher and captures it  
 D. The Lord would reveal her as the one who took plunder from the captured city
14. **Who was Kenaz?** (v. 17)  
 A. Brother of Caleb    B. Son of Othniel    C. Father of Othniel    D. A and C
15. **To whom did Caleb give his daughter in marriage?** (v. 17)  
 A. Othniel    B. Kenaz    C. Acsah    D. Makir
16. **What did Achsah and Othniel want from Caleb?** (v. 19)  
 A. Pieces of silver and gold  
 B. More land in the Negeb  
 C. Flocks of sheep  
 D. A blessing and springs of water
17. **What land had Caleb already given Achsah?** (v. 19)  
 A. Mount Adummim    B. Springs of Seir    C. Land of the Negeb    D. The Jebusite valley
18. **Who said, "Give me a blessing.?"** (v. 19)  
 A. Othniel    B. Caleb    C. Joshua    D. Achsah
19. **What did Caleb give Achsah after her request?** (v. 19)  
 A. The upper and lower springs  
 B. A donkey upon which to ride  
 C. A field for wheat  
 D. Text doesn't say
20. **In the inheritance of the people of Judah, where was Adadah?** (v. 21-22)  
 A. In the extreme north, near the Negeb  
 B. In the extreme south, toward the boundary of Edom  
 C. In the west, near the hill country  
 D. In the east, near the desert
21. **In the inheritance of the people of Judah, where was Beersheba?** (v. 21 & 28)  
 A. In the extreme south  
 B. In the western foothills  
 C. In the hill country  
 D. In the desert
22. **How many cities were in the extreme south, toward the boundary of Edom?** (v. 21 & 32)  
 A. 9    B. 15    C. 16    D. 29
23. **How many cities were in the lowland?** (v. 33-36)  
 A. 9    B. 15    C. 16    D. 14
24. **In the inheritance of the people of Judah, where was Jezreel?** (v. 48 & 56)  
 A. In the Negeb  
 B. In the western foothills  
 C. In the hill country  
 D. In the desert

25. **How many cities were in the hill country in the allotment of land to Judah? (v. 48-51)**  
A. 38                      B. 9                                      C. 10                                      D. 11
26. **How many cities were in the wilderness in the allotment of land to Judah? (v. 62)**  
A. 11                      B. 6                                      C. 9                                      D. 10
27. **Which nation could the people of Judah not drive out? (v. 63)**  
A. Hittites                      B. Perrizites                                      C. Jebusites                                      D. Anakites
28. **Where was the nation of question #27 living? (v. 63)**  
A. In the Negev                      B. In Gaza                                      C. In Ashdod                                      D. In Jerusalem

# JOSHUA 16

1. **Where did the allotment for the people of Joseph begin? (v. 1)**
  - A. At the Desert of Zin
  - B. Near Kiriath-Baal
  - C. The Lower Beth-horon
  - D. The Jordan by Jericho
  
2. **What did the allotment for Joseph include? (v. 1-3)**
  - A. The hill country to Bethel
  - B. The territory of the Archites
  - C. The territory of the Japhletites
  - D. All of the above
  
3. **What direction was the territory of the Japhletites from the Archites? (v. 3)**
  - A. East
  - B. North
  - C. West
  - D. South
  
4. **Where did the allotment for Joseph end? (v. 3)**
  - A. In Gezer
  - B. At the sea
  - C. In the Valley of Jezreel
  - D. At Shiloh
  
5. **Who were Manasseh and Ephraim? (v. 4)**
  - A. People of Joseph
  - B. Kings of the region
  - C. Priests of the tribe of Levi
  - D. Sons of Caleb
  
6. **What did the territory of Ephraim NOT include? (v. 5-8)**
  - A. Taanath-Shiloh
  - B. Tappuah
  - C. Megiddo
  - D. The brook Kanah
  
7. **Where were some of the towns of the people of Ephraimites located? (v. 9)**
  - A. East of the Jordan River
  - B. In Hebron, within the tribe of Judah
  - C. Near the Wadi of Egypt
  - D. Within the inheritance of the Manassites
  
8. **Which nation was not driven out by the Ephraimites? (v. 10)**
  - A. Jebusites
  - B. Canaanites
  - C. Hittites
  - D. Anakites
  
9. **Where did the nation of #8 live? (v. 10)**
  - A. In Jerusalem
  - B. In Micmethath
  - C. In Jericho
  - D. In Gezer
  
10. **What happened to the nation that was not driven out by Ephraim? (v. 10)**
  - A. They were made to do forced labor
  - B. They lived in peace as equals with the people of Ephraim
  - C. The Lord caused a plague to fall upon them
  - D. They became farmers

# JOSHUA 17

1. **Who was Joseph's firstborn? (v. 1)**  
A. Makir                      B. Manasseh                      C. Zelophehad                      D. Milcah
2. **Who was Manasseh's firstborn? (v. 1)**  
A. Joseph                      B. Ephraim                      C. Machir                      D. Gilead
3. **Who was the son of Machir? (v. 1)**  
A. Jebusites                      B. Gibeon                      C. Anak                      D. Gilead
4. **Why had Machir's descendants received Gilead and Bashan? (v. 1)**  
A. Because Machir was a man of war  
B. Because Machir was a great priest  
C. Because Machir was a great prophet  
D. Because Machir was a righteous man
5. **Who are the male descendants of Manasseh receiving allotments of land in chapter 17? (v. 2)**  
A. Abiezer, Helek, and Asriel  
B. Shechem, Hephher, and Shemida  
C. Mahlah, Noah, and Hoglah  
D. A and B
6. **Who had no sons, but only daughters? (v. 3)**  
A. Hephher                      B. Zelophehad                      C. Gilead                      D. Machir
7. **What were the daughters' names? (v. 3)**  
A. Mahlah and Noah  
B. Hoglah and Milcah  
C. Tirzah  
D. All of the above
8. **To whom did the daughters of Zelophehad go to make a request? (v. 4)**  
A. Eleazar, the priest  
B. Joshua the son of Nun  
C. Their mother  
D. A and B
9. **What did the daughters want? (v. 4)**  
A. Fields for their livestock  
B. A wall of protection around their homes  
C. An inheritance among the brothers of their father  
D. Food to eat, no one to provide for them
10. **What justification did the daughters give for their request? (v. 4)**  
A. The Lord commanded Moses to give them an inheritance  
B. Moses had made a promise to them  
C. Joshua had made a promise to them  
D. Their brothers had fought valiantly
11. **Manasseh's share consisted of \_\_\_\_\_ besides the land of Gilead and Bashan. (v.5)**  
A. Three portions                      B. Five portions                      C. Seven portions                      D. Ten portions
12. **Which of the following is NOT included in the land allotment for Manasseh? (v. 7-9)**  
A. Michmethath                      B. Tappuah                      C. Brook Kanah                      D. Shiloh

13. **What was the importance of the brook Kanah?** (v. 9-10)  
A. Land to the north of it belonged to Manasseh; south of it belonged to Ephraim  
B. Land to the north of it belonged to Ephraim; south of it belonged to Manasseh  
C. Land to the north of it belonged to Asher; south of it belonged to Manasseh  
D. Land to the north of it belonged to Issachar; south of it belonged to Manasseh
14. **What did Manasseh border on the east?** (v. 10)  
A. Asher                      B. Issachar                      C. Ephraim                      D. Judah
15. **Why was Manasseh not able to take possession of the cities in Issachar and Asher?** (v. 12)  
A. The Canaanites were fierce warriors  
B. The Canaanites made a treaty with the Manassite  
C. The Canaanites persisted in dwelling in that land  
D. Issachar and Asher were weak
16. **What happened when the people of Israel grew strong?** (v. 13)  
A. The Canaanites were forced to move to another land  
B. The Canaanites were completely destroyed  
C. They put the Canaanites to forced labor  
D. The Canaanites signed a peace treaty with the Israelites
17. **What did the people of Joseph say to Joshua?** (v. 14)  
A. Why have you given us only two allotments?  
B. Why have you given me but one lot and one portion as an inheritance?  
C. We need a source of water  
D. We are ready to bury our father's bones
18. **What was Joshua's response?** (v. 15)  
A. If you are so numerous, go up to the hill country of Ephraim  
B. If you are so numerous, go into the desert land of the Negeb  
C. If you are so numerous, go to the water by the Jordan  
D. If you are so numerous, go to the forest, and clear ground for yourselves
19. **What did the people of Joseph say about the Canaanites who dwell in the plain?** (v. 16)  
A. They had chariots of iron  
B. They had taken over the hill country of Ephraim  
C. They have large weapons of iron  
D. They were numerous and very powerful
20. **Who was the house of Joseph?** (v. 17)  
A. Asher & Issachar  
B. Reuben & Simeon  
C. Levi & Dan  
D. Ephraim & Manasseh
21. **What did Joshua say to the house of Joseph about their allotment of land as an inheritance?** (v. 18)  
A. You are numerous, but not very powerful  
B. You will have only one allotment since you cannot clear the forested hill country  
C. If you could clear it, its farthest limits would be yours  
D. You shall drive out the Canaanites, though they have chariots of iron, & are strong

# JOSHUA 18

- Where did the people of Israel assemble to set up the tent of meeting? (v. 1)**
  - Shema
  - Shechem
  - Sansannah
  - Shiloh
- As Joshua 18 opens, how many tribes of Israel had not yet been given their land? (v. 2)**
  - Five
  - Six
  - Seven
  - Eight
- How many men did Joshua want provided from each tribe? (v. 4)**
  - One
  - Two
  - Three
  - Four
- What were these appointed men to do? (v. 4)**
  - Make offering for their tribes
  - Spy out the cities of Canaan that had not yet been conquered
  - Go among the people and tell them to consecrate themselves
  - Go up and down the land, and write a description of it
- What were the appointed men to do after completing their task? (v. 6)**
  - Bring the description of the land to Joshua
  - Offer a wave offer over the descriptions
  - Bring back produce of the land
  - All of the above
- The land was to be divided into how many divisions? (v. 6)**
  - Three
  - Five
  - Six
  - Seven
- Who was to remain in their territory on the south? (v. 5)**
  - House of Joseph
  - Judah
  - Levi
  - Manasseh
- Who was to continue in their territory on the north? (v. 5)**
  - Reuben
  - Simeon
  - Levi
  - Joseph
- How was Joshua going to determine the inheritance for the seven tribes? (v. 6)**
  - Create a Tik Tok survey
  - Assign the land in alphabetical order
  - Cast lots for them before the Lord our God
  - Assign the land by their terrain
- Which tribe did not get a portion, because the priesthood of the Lord was their heritage? (v. 7)**
  - Simeonites
  - The Levites
  - Benjaminites
  - Reuben
- Who had already received their inheritance beyond the Jordan eastward? (v. 7)**
  - Gad
  - Reuben
  - Half the tribe of Manasseh
  - All of the above
- Where did the men write their description of the land? (v. 9)**
  - Stone or rock
  - Papyrus
  - In a book
  - Tree bark
- When the men returned from mapping out the land, which tribe received the first allotment? (v. 11)**
  - Benjamin
  - Simeon
  - Issachar
  - Asher

14. **Where was the territory allotment for the tribe of Benjamin? (v. 11)**  
A. Near the territory of Judah  
B. From Zaananim to the Jordan River  
C. Between the people of Judah and the people of Joseph  
D. Between Tabor to the Jordan River
15. **Where did the north side boundary of the tribe of Benjamin begin? (v. 12)**  
A. On the northern slope of Jericho  
B. At the Jordan River  
C. The south slope of Luz  
D. The town of Kiriath Baal
16. **What is another name for Kiriath-jearim? (v. 14)**  
A. Jericho                      B. Bethel                      C. Beth Hoglah                      D. Kiriath-baal
17. **Which is included in the description of land allotted to Benjamin? (v. 15)**  
A. Spring of the waters of Nephtoah  
B. Valley of Ben Iphtah  
C. En Remeth  
D. Stone of Shion
18. **What was at the south end of the Jordan? (v. 19)**  
A. The Nile River              B. The Tigris River              C. The Salt Sea                      D. The Mediterranean
19. **What was the boundary of the people of Benjamin on the east side? (v. 20)**  
A. The Euphrates River              B. The Jordan River              C. The Sea of Galilee                      D. The Salt Sea
20. **How many total cities and villages did the tribe of Benjamin receive? (v. 23 + 28)**  
A. Twelve                      B. Fourteen                      C. Thirty                      D. Twenty-six
21. **Which of the following was NOT a town belonging to the tribe of Benjamin? (v. 21-28)**  
A. Jericho                      B. Bethel                      C. Gibeon                      D. Timnah

# JOSHUA 19

1. **Which tribe received the second lot cast by Joshua? (v. 1)**  
A. Asher                      B. Dan                                      C. Naphtali                                      D. Simeon
2. **Where was the land allotted to the tribe of Simeon located? (v. 1)**  
A. Between the tribes of Judah and Joseph  
B. Between the tribes of Benjamin and Judah  
C. In the midst of the inheritance of the people of Judah  
D. In the midst of the inheritance of the people of Zebulun
3. **Which of the following was NOT a town included in the land allotted for the tribe of Simeon? (v. 2-7)**  
A. Beersheba                      B. Bethel                                      C. Bethul                                      D. Ziklag
4. **How many total cities are listed as an inheritance to the tribe of Simeon? (v. 2-7)**  
A. Thirteen                      B. Four                                      C. Twelve                                      D. Eighteen
5. **Why did the people of Simeon get a share from Judah? (v. 9)**  
A. Because the portion of the people of Judah was too large for them  
B. Judah was unable to drive all of the Canaanite people from their land  
C. Judah had sinned in the sight of the Lord God  
D. All of the above
6. **Who received the third allotment of land? (v. 10)**  
A. Benjamin                      B. Simeon                                      C. Zebulun                                      D. Issachar
7. **How many cities did the tribe of Zebulun receive? (v. 15)**  
A. Ten                                      B. Twelve                                      C. Fifteen                                      D. Eighteen
8. **Which of the following is included in the boundary for the people of Zebulun? (v. 11-13)**  
A. Rimmon                      B. Dabbesheth                                      C. Jokneam                                      D. All of the above
9. **Which of the following towns belonged to the tribe of Zebulun? (v. 15)**  
A. Bethlehem                      B. Jericho                                      C. Bethel                                      D. Jerusalem
10. **In what order did the remaining four lots fall for the allotment of land for the tribes? (v. 17-48)**  
A. Dan, Naphtali, Asher, Issachar  
B. Issachar, Asher, Naphtali, Dan  
C. Asher, Dan, Naphtali, Issachar  
D. Issachar, Asher, Simeon, Dan
11. **Which of the following tribes received twenty-two cities and their villages? (v. 30)**  
A. Issachar                      B. Asher                                      C. Naphtali                                      D. Dan
12. **Which of the following tribes received the city of Jezreel? (v. 18)**  
A. Issachar                      B. Asher                                      C. Naphtali                                      D. Dan
13. **What is the “fortified city” included in the description of the inheritance of Asher? (v. 29)**  
A. Bethlehem                      B. Jerusalem                                      C. Tyre                                      D. Jezreel
14. **Which of the following is included in the description of the inheritance of Asher? (v. 27)**  
A. Valley of Ben Hinnom  
B. Pass of Adummim  
C. Stone of Bohan  
D. Valley of Iphtahel

15. **Which inheritance included the “oak in Zaanannim”?** (v. 33)  
 A. Simeon                      B. Zebulun                      C. Issachar                      D. Naphtali
16. **Which tribe was south of Naphtali?** (v. 34)  
 A. Dan                      B. Zebulun                      C. Asher                      D. Issachar
17. **What was west of Naphtali?** (v. 34)  
 A. The tribe of Dan  
 B. The Jordan River  
 C. The tribe of Asher  
 D. The fortified city of Tyre
18. **Which tribe was allotted land with the territory over against Joppa?** (v. 46)  
 A. Dan                      B. Zebulun                      C. Issachar                      D. Naphtali
19. **What difficulty did the tribe of Dan have after being allotted their land?** (v. 47)  
 A. They were too crowded; their area of land was too small  
 B. They argued with the tribe of Issachar concerning the town of Timnah  
 C. They lost the land, & had to fight against Leshem to take possession of the territory  
 D. They had difficulty clearing the forest areas of their land
20. **Which city was renamed “Dan” after it was captured?** (v. 47)  
 A. Jehud                      B. Kedesh                      C. Ekron                      D. Leshem
21. **When did Joshua receive as an inheritance of land?** (v. 49)  
 A. Before he cast lots for the tribes in Shiloh  
 B. After they had finished distributing the territories of the land to the tribes  
 C. After Judah and the house of Joseph had received their land  
 D. Immediately after Jericho had been destroyed
22. **What city did Joshua ask for and receive as an inheritance?** (v. 50)  
 A. Bethlehem of the tribe of Judah  
 B. Jerusalem of the tribe of Benjamin  
 C. Ziddim of the tribe of Naphtali  
 D. Timnath-serah of Ephraim
23. **What kind of land was Timnath-serah?** (v. 50)  
 A. Desert land                      B. Coastal                      C. Hill country                      D. Forest land
24. **Who was involved in distributing by lot at the entrance to the tent of meeting in Shiloh?** (v. 51)  
 A. Eleazar the priest  
 B. Joshua, son of Nun  
 C. Heads of the fathers' houses of the tribes  
 D. All of the above
25. **Which of the following statements closes Joshua 19?** (v. 51)  
 A. “So, they finished dividing the land”  
 B. “These towns were the inheritance of the people of Israel”  
 C. “This was the inheritance of Benjamin for its clans”  
 D. “Though they are strong, you can drive them out”

# JOSHUA 20

1. **What did the Lord tell Joshua to do in chapter 20? (v. 2)**
  - A. Give the Levites towns and pasturelands
  - B. Say to the people of Israel, 'Appoint the cities of refuge
  - C. Go to his new home, build up the town, and settle there
  - D. Designate cities of refuge
  
2. **What was the purpose of a city of refuge? (v. 3)**
  - A. Any native of the land of Canaan could go there and find protection from the Israelites
  - B. An Israelite who killed someone intentionally could go there to find protection
  - C. An Israelite who committed *any* crime could go there to find protection
  - D. That the manslayer who strikes any person without intent or unknowingly may flee there
  
3. **After fleeing to the city of refuge, what was a manslayer to do upon his arrival? (v. 4)**
  - A. Bow low to the ground and offer a sacrifice to the Lord God
  - B. Stand at the entrance of the city and explain his case to the elders of that city
  - C. Pay the elders of the city two drachma
  - D. Walk around the city blowing a trumpet
  
4. **What was the responsibility of the elders of the city where a manslayer fled? (v. 4)**
  - A. Take him into the city and give him a place
  - B. Not allow him into the city until he made sacrifices
  - C. Take him into the city and have him work as forced labor
  - D. Put the person in jail until his trial before the assembly
  
5. **What happened if the avenger of blood pursued the one who struck his neighbor unintentionally? (v. 5)**
  - A. The elders of the city were to surrender the manslayer to the avenger of blood
  - B. The elders of the city should not give up the manslayer into his hand
  - C. The manslayer was to hasten to another city of refuge
  - D. The manslayer was to become a slave to the avenger of blood
  
6. **How long was the manslayer to stay in the city of refuge? (v. 6)**
  - A. Until he has stood before the congregation
  - B. Until the death of him who is high priest at the time
  - C. Until the avenger of blood dies
  - D. A and B
  
7. **Where was the manslayer allowed to go when he was released from the city of refuge? (v. 6)**
  - A. To the Jordan River to be cleansed by the high priest
  - B. To a new place away from the avenger
  - C. To see Joshua for a pardon
  - D. To his own town and his own home, to the town from which he fled
  
8. **How many cities of refuge were designated? (v. 7-8)**
  - A. Three – one east of the Jordan River; two west of the Jordan River
  - B. Six – three on each side of the Jordan River
  - C. Nine – three in the north; three in the middle; and three in the south
  - D. Twelve – one from each tribe
  
9. **Which of the following were cities of refuge? (v. 7-8)**
  - A. Kedesh and Shechem
  - B. Kiriath-arba (that is Hebron)
  - C. Bezer, Ramoth, and Golan
  - D. All of the above

10. **The cities of refuge were located within the territories of which tribes? (v. 7-8)**  
 A. Judah on the south, and Joseph in the north  
 B. Naphtali, Ephraim, Judah  
 C. Reuben, Gad, and Manasseh  
 D. B and C
11. **Which cities of refuge were beyond the Jordan? (v. 8)**  
 A. Kedesh, Shechem, and Kiriath Arba  
 B. Hebron, Bezer, and Ramoth  
 C. Bezer, Ramoth in Gilead, and Golan in Bashan  
 D. Ramoth and Golan
12. **Which city of refuge was in Judah? (v. 7)**  
 A. Hebron                      B. Kedesh                      C. Shechem                      D. Ramoth
13. **Which city of refuge was in Galilee? (v. 7)**  
 A. Hebron                      B. Kedesh                      C. Shechem                      D. Golan
14. **Which city of refuge was in the wilderness on the tableland? (v. 8)**  
 A. Hebron                      B. Kedesh                      C. Bezer                      D. Ramoth
15. **Who else besides the Israelites could flee to a city of refuge? (v. 9)**  
 A. The people of Gibeon, who had signed a treaty with Israel  
 B. The Jebusites who were not driven out of Jerusalem  
 C. The stranger sojourning among them  
 D. Those who did forced labor for the Israelites
16. **When anyone fled to a city of refuge, what else had to happen? (v. 9)**  
 A. The manslayer had to stand before the congregation  
 B. The avenger of blood and the manslayer had to offer sacrifices together  
 C. The avenger of blood had to locate the manslayer within the city walls  
 D. Nothing – if the avenger of blood came, the city was to surrender the accused

# JOSHUA 21

1. **Who approached Eleazar, Joshua, and the heads of the tribes at the beginning of chapter 21? (v. 1)**
  - A. The heads of the fathers' houses of the Levites
  - B. A. The heads of the fathers' houses of Zebulun
  - C. A. The heads of the fathers' houses of Dan
  - D. A. The heads of the fathers' houses of Aaron
  
2. **Where did this meeting take place? (v. 2)**
  - A. Gilgal
  - B. Shechem
  - C. Shiloh
  - D. Jerusalem
  
3. **What did the people of the tribe of Levi want? (v. 2)**
  - A. Cities to dwell in
  - B. Pasturelands for their livestock
  - C. Farmland to produce food
  - D. A and B
  
4. **Which clan of Levi received the first allotment? (v. 4)**
  - A. The Gershonites
  - B. The Merarites
  - C. The Kohathites
  - D. Text doesn't say
  
5. **How many towns were allotted to the descendants of Aaron the priest? (v. 4)**
  - A. Seven
  - B. Ten
  - C. Thirteen
  - D. Fourteen
  
6. **The descendants of Aaron received land from which tribes? (v. 4)**
  - A. Reuben, Gad, and Zebulun
  - B. Issachar, Asher, and Naphtali
  - C. Ephraim, Dan, and half of Manasseh
  - D. Judah, Simeon, and Benjamin
  
7. **How many cities were allotted to the rest of the Kohathites? (v. 5)**
  - A. Ten
  - B. Thirteen
  - C. Fifteen
  - D. Eighteen
  
8. **From which tribes were the rest of the Kohathites received towns? (v. 5)**
  - A. Reuben, Gad, and Zebulun
  - B. Issachar, Asher, and Naphtali
  - C. Ephraim, Dan, and the half-tribe of Manasseh
  - D. Judah, Simeon, and Benjamin
  
9. **Who received 13 towns from the tribes of Issachar, Asher, Naphtali, & the half-tribe of Manasseh? (v. 6)**
  - A. The Aaronites
  - B. The Kohathites
  - C. The Merarites
  - D. The Gershonites
  
10. **How many towns did the Merarites receive? (v. 7)**
  - A. Ten
  - B. Twelve
  - C. Thirteen
  - D. Fifteen
  
11. **From which tribes did the Merarites receive towns? (v. 7)**
  - A. Reuben, Gad, and Zebulun
  - B. Issachar, Asher, and Naphtali
  - C. Ephraim, Dan, and half of Manasseh
  - D. Judah Simeon, and Benjamin
  
12. **Who was Arba? (v. 11)**
  - A. A son of Kohath
  - B. A son of Merari
  - C. A son of Gershon
  - D. The father of Anak
  
13. **Which of the following was NOT a town given to the descendants of Aaron? (v. 11-15)**
  - A. Jattir
  - B. Kedesh in Galilee
  - C. Debir
  - D. Holon

14. **Why did the descendants of Aaron not receive the fields and villages around the city of Hebron?** (v. 12)  
 A. They had been given to Joshua the son of Nun  
 B. They had been given to Caleb the son of Jephunneh  
 C. The Canaanites who lived there had not been conquered  
 D. They had been given to Gershom son of Moses
15. **Which of the following was a town allotted to the rest of the Kohathites from the tribe of Dan?** (v. 23-24)  
 A. Shechem      B. Kibzaim      C. Aijalon      D. Beth Horon
16. **Which cities of refuge did the Kohathites and descendants of Aaron receive?** (v. 13 & 21)  
 A. Hebron and Shechem  
 B. Golan and Kedesh  
 C. Ramoth and Bezer  
 D. All of the above
17. **Which of the following was NOT a city the Gershonites were given?** (v. 27-32)  
 A. Golan in Bashan    B. Jarmuth      C. Mishal      D. Ramoth in Gilead
18. **Which of the following cities of refuge was given to the Merarites?** (v. 38)  
 A. Golan      B. Hebron      C. Ramoth      D. Shechem
19. **To whom was the city of refuge called Bezer given?** (v. 34 & 36)  
 A. The descendants of Aaron the priest  
 B. Rest of the Kohathite clans, not descendants of Aaron the priest  
 C. Gershon clans  
 D. Merarite clans
20. **How many cities did the Levites receive from the midst of the people Israel?** (v. 41)  
 A. Thirteen      B. Forty-eight      C. Twelve      D. Twenty-two
21. **What had the Lord given Israel, according to the end of chapter 21?** (v. 43-45)  
 A. All the land that He swore to give their fathers  
 B. Rest on every side and all their enemies into their hands  
 C. Not one of every good promise He made to the house of Israel failed  
 D. All of the above

## JOSHUA 22

1. **What did Joshua tell the Reubenites, Gadites, and half-tribe of Manasseh that they had done? (v. 2-3)**
  - A. They had kept all that Moses the servant of the Lord commanded
  - B. They had obeyed Joshua in everything he had commanded
  - C. They had not forsaken their brothers, and been careful to keep the charge of the Lord their God
  - D. All of the above
2. **What did Joshua tell the Reubenites, Gadites, and Manasseh to be careful to do? (v. 5)**
  - A. Love the Lord your God, and walk in all the Lord's ways
  - B. Observe the commandment and the law that Moses
  - C. Serve the Lord with all your heart and with all your soul
  - D. All of the above
3. **What did Joshua do before sending the Reubenites, Gadites, and Manasseh away to their tents? (v. 6)**
  - A. Offered a sacrifice on their behalf
  - B. Set up a monument in their memory
  - C. Blessed them
  - D. Gave them gold and silver
4. **Who had given Manasseh land in Bashan? (v. 7)**
  - A. Eleazar the priest
  - B. Joshua son of Nun
  - C. Moses
  - D. Levites
5. **What were the Reubenites, Gadites, and Manasseh to take with them? (v. 8)**
  - A. Much livestock
  - B. Silver, gold, bronze, & iron
  - C. Much clothing
  - D. All of the above
6. **What did Joshua tell the tribes east of the Jordan to do with the plunder from the enemies? (v. 8)**
  - A. Keep it for themselves, and take it back with them across the Jordan River
  - B. Divide the spoil with their brothers on the west side of the Jordan
  - C. Give it all to their brothers on the west side of the Jordan River
  - D. Bring it before Joshua
7. **Where did the Reubenites, Gadites, and half-tribe of Manasseh go when they returned home? (v. 9)**
  - A. To the land of Gilead
  - B. To Jericho
  - C. To Jerusalem
  - D. To Bethlehem
8. **What did the Reubenites, Gadites, and Manasseh do when they came near the Jordan River? (v. 10)**
  - A. Held up their javelins and crossed the Jordan on dry ground
  - B. Built an altar of imposing size
  - C. Marched around the ruins of Jericho seven times
  - D. Fasted and prayed for three days
9. **What was the name of the place near the Jordan River where they built the altar? (v. 11)**
  - A. Shiloh
  - B. Hebron
  - C. Gilead
  - D. At the frontier of the land of Canaan
10. **Why did the people of Israel gather in Shiloh to make war? (v. 11-12)**
  - A. Because they wanted more land
  - B. Because Reuben, Gad and Manasseh built an altar
  - C. To take land from Reuben, Gad and Manasseh
  - D. To take livestock from Reuben, Gad, and Manasseh
11. **Who went to see Reuben, Gad and Manasseh in Gilead? (v. 13-14)**
  - A. Eleazar the priest
  - B. Phinehas
  - C. Ten chiefs of the people
  - D. B and C

12. **What did the chiefs of the tribal families of Israel say when they reached Gilead?** (v. 16)  
 A. We speak on behalf of the tribe of priests – the Levites  
 B. How have you developed such great faith in the God of Israel?  
 C. What is this breach of faith that you have committed against the God by building an altar?  
 D. How could you turn away from us and our leader, Joshua son of Nun?
13. **“Have we not had enough of the sin at \_\_\_\_\_?”** (v. 17)  
 A. Achan                      B. Ai                                      C. Aaron                                      D. Peor
14. **What had fallen on the congregation of the Lord because of this sin?** (v. 17)  
 A. A plague                      B. An earthquake                      C. Snakes                                      D. Bondage
15. **What did the chiefs of Israel say would happen if Reuben, Gad, & Manasseh rebelled against the Lord?** (v. 18)  
 A. They would be struck by lightning  
 B. The Lord will be angry with the whole congregation of Israel  
 C. The other tribes, who had gathered to go to war against them  
 D. The Lord would drive them out of the land
16. **What offer did the chiefs of Israel give to the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and Manasseh?** (v. 19)  
 A. Become our slaves now, and we will let you live  
 B. Sell us your land, and you can leave us in peace  
 C. If you tear down your altar, we will make a treaty of peace with you  
 D. None of the above
17. **What happened when Achan acted to break faith in the matter of the devoted things?** (v. 20)  
 A. He was the only one who had died for his sin  
 B. He was exiled from the camp of Israel  
 C. He was sold into bondage back to the Egyptians  
 D. Wrath fell upon all the congregation of Israel
18. **How did the tribes east of the Jordan respond to the heads of the clans of Israel?** (v. 22)  
 A. “The Mighty One, God, the Lord!”  
 B. “We do not care what you think!”  
 C. “We did what we thought was best”  
 D. “You are not our judge!”
19. **“If it was in rebellion or in breach of faith against the Lord, \_\_\_\_\_”** (v. 22)  
 A. May the Lord forgive us of this great sin!  
 B. Do not spare us today  
 C. May the Lord himself be merciful  
 D. We have acted in ignorance and shame
20. **What would have been wrong about building their own altar?** (v. 23)  
 A. It could have been used to turn away from following the Lord  
 B. It could be used to offer burnt offerings or grain offerings  
 C. It could be used to offer peace offerings  
 D. All of the above
21. **Why had Reuben, Gad, and the half-tribe of Manasseh built an altar?** (v. 24-28)  
 A. They did it out of fear that in time the children of Israel might say they had no portion in the Lord  
 B. They were afraid the Jordan River would become a boundary between them and Israel  
 C. It was not for burnt offerings, nor for sacrifice, but to be a witness between us and you  
 D. All of the above

22. **If the western tribes ever said, “You have no share in the Lord;” how would the eastern tribes respond? (v. 28)**
- A. Look at the copy of the Lord’s altar that we built for burnt offerings and sacrifices!
  - B. Look at the copy of the Lord’s altar that our fathers built for burnt offerings and sacrifices!
  - C. Behold, the copy of the altar of the Lord, which our fathers made, not for burnt offerings, nor for sacrifice, but to be a witness between us and you!
  - D. Look at the copy of the Lord’s altar that we built as a witness between us and the Lord God!
23. **Where was the altar for burnt offerings, grain offerings and sacrifices located? (v. 29)**
- A. In Gellioth on the west side of the Jordan River
  - B. In Gellioth on the east side of the Jordan River
  - C. Standing before the gates of Jerusalem
  - D. Standing before the Lord’s tabernacle
24. **How did Phinehas and the chiefs react after hearing the words of Reuben, Gad, and Manasseh? (v. 30)**
- A. It was good in their eyes
  - B. It was good in their eyes
  - C. They were afraid
  - D. They were confused
25. **What did Phinehas say to Reuben, Gad, and Manasseh? (v. 31)**
- A. Today we know that the Lord has traveled away from us
  - B. You have acted unfaithfully toward the Lord in this matter
  - C. You have delivered the people of Israel from the hand of the Lord
  - D. All of the above
26. **How did the Israelites respond when they heard the word of Phinehas about the altar built by the eastern tribes? (v. 33)**
- A. The report was good in their eyes
  - B. They blessed God
  - C. They spoke no more of making war against them
  - D. All of the above
27. **What did the Reubenites and Gadites name the altar they built? (v. 34)**
- A. A Witness between us that we have a treaty of peace
  - B. Witness, because it is a witness between us that the Lord is God
  - C. A Witness between us that we will not cross the Jordan River
  - D. A Witness between us that our land will always be part of Israel

## JOSHUA 23

1. **When did Joshua summon all Israel together to give his farewell?** (v. 1)
  - A. Immediately after Phineas returned from talking about the imposing altar
  - B. A long time afterward
  - C. After the Lord had given rest to Israel from all their surrounding enemies
  - D. B and C
  
2. **Who was included in Joshua's summoning of Israel?** (v. 2)
  - A. Elders
  - B. Heads
  - C. Judges and Officers
  - D. All the above
  
3. **How did Joshua describe himself?** (v. 2)
  - A. Strong and able
  - B. Tall and handsome
  - C. Old and well advanced in years
  - D. Hairy and smelly
  
4. **According to Joshua in chapter 23, who fought for Israel?** (v. 3)
  - A. The fighting men of Reuben, Gad, and Manasseh
  - B. All men of all the tribes of Israel
  - C. The priests of the Lord (*Levites*)
  - D. The LORD their God
  
5. **What did Joshua remind Israel that he had done?** (v. 4)
  - A. Led them across the Jordan River
  - B. Allotted an inheritance for Israel's tribes
  - C. Held his javelin high and caused the sun to stand still for about a day
  - D. Built an altar on Mount Ebal and renewed the covenant with them
  
6. **What was the Lord going to do regarding the land of the nations that remained in Canaan?** (v. 5)
  - A. God will push them back before Israel
  - B. God will drive them out of Israel's sight
  - C. God would strike them dead
  - D. A and B
  
7. **What did Joshua tell the people of Israel to be?** (v. 6)
  - A. Very strong
  - B. Very quiet
  - C. Very loving
  - D. Slow to anger
  
8. **What did Joshua tell the people to do?** (v. 6)
  - A. Attacks from the tribes east of the Jordan River
  - B. Nations of Canaan uniting to overthrow Israel
  - C. All that is written in the Book of the Law of Moses
  - D. Storing up enough food to help them survive famines
  
9. **Which of the following was a statement made by Joshua to the people of Israel?** (v. 7)
  - A. Associate with these nations that remain among you
  - B. Do not make mention of the names of their gods or swear by them
  - C. Serve them and bow down to the gods of Canaan
  - D. Hold fast to the Lord your God, even though you have not done it up to now
  
10. **What did Joshua say in chapter 23 about fighting the nations of Canaan?** (v. 10)
  - A. The Lord has allowed you to drive out great and powerful nations
  - B. To this day, only those with chariots have been able to withstand you
  - C. One man of you puts to flight a thousand, since it is the Lord your God who fights for you
  - D. All of the above

11. **When would the Lord God no longer drive out the nations before Israel? (v. 12)**  
A. After the time of Joshua's farewell  
B. If Israel became strong enough to do it alone  
C. If Israel turned allied themselves with the nations that remained among them  
D. If Israel turns back and clings to the remnant of these nations, making marriages with them
12. **What would the survivors of the nations that remained become to Israel, if Israel clings to them? (v. 13)**  
A. A snare and a trap  
B. A whip on their sides  
C. Thorns in their eyes  
D. All of the above
13. **What did Joshua say he was about to do? (v. 14)**  
A. Go the way of all the earth  
B. Settle in the land of his inheritance, and no longer lead Israel  
C. Appoint a new priest to replace Eleazar  
D. Travel east of the Jordan River to visit the Eastern tribes
14. **What did Israel know with all their heart and soul? (v. 14)**  
A. That they loved the Lord their God  
B. That not one word has failed of all the good things that the Lord your God promised  
C. That they would never be driven from their land  
D. That they would never experience a famine in their new land
15. **Why would the Lord bring evil upon Israel and destroy them? (v. 16)**  
A. If they would not finish driving out the survivors of the land  
B. If they went to war against their brothers east of the Jordan River  
C. If they transgress the covenant of the Lord their God and go and serve other gods  
D. If they left the land of their inheritance and traveled to a different land
16. **What did Joshua say about the Lord's anger? (v. 16)**  
A. The Lord God was patient, and slow to anger  
B. The Lord God would become hostile in his anger  
C. The Lord's anger lasts only a moment  
D. The anger of the Lord will be kindled against Israel if they served other gods

## JOSHUA 24

1. **Where did Joshua assemble all the tribes of Israel at the beginning of chapter 24? (v. 1)**  
A. Shiloh                      B. Shechem                      C. Jerusalem                      D. Hebron
2. **What did the elders, the heads, the judges, and the officers do after Joshua summoned them? (v. 1)**  
A. They praised God and offered burnt offerings  
B. They consecrated themselves, and purified themselves  
C. They cast lots  
D. They presented themselves before God
3. **When Joshua began speaking to all the people, who did he say was speaking? (v. 2)**  
A. Joshua                      B. Moses                      C. The Lord                      D. The Prophets
4. **Who was the father of Abraham and Nahor? (v. 2)**  
A. Terah                      B. Isaac                      C. Ishmael                      D. Jacob
5. **Where did Abraham, Nahor, and their father live? (v. 2)**  
A. In Canaan                      B. In Egypt                      C. In the desert                      D. Beyond the Euphrates
6. **Long ago, Abraham, Nahor, and their father served \_\_\_\_\_? (v. 2)**  
A. Baal                      B. Zeus                      C. The Egyptian sun god                      D. Other gods
7. **What did the Lord do for Abraham? (v. 3)**  
A. Took him from beyond the River  
B. Led him through all the land of Canaan  
C. Made his offspring many  
D. All of the above
8. **What is the name of Abraham's son? (v. 3)**  
A. Jacob                      B. Esau                      C. Isaac                      D. Joseph
9. **Who were the two sons of Isaac? (v. 4)**  
A. Shem and Ham                      B. Jacob and Esau                      C. Joshua and Caleb                      D. Moses and Aaron
10. **What land did Esau possess? (v. 4)**  
A. Egypt                      B. Ur of the Chaldees                      C. The hill country of Seir                      D. Text doesn't say
11. **Where did Jacob and his sons go? (v. 4)**  
A. To Egypt                      B. To Bethel, in Canaan                      C. To Ur of the Chaldees                      D. To the wilderness
12. **Whom did the Lord send to Israel in Egypt? (v. 5)**  
A. Jacob & Esau                      B. Shem & Ham                      C. Moses & Aaron                      D. Joseph & Benjamin
13. **What did the Lord do to Egypt? (v. 5)**  
A. Blessed them                      B. Led them out with Israel                      C. Created a flood                      D. Plagued them
14. **What happened when the Lord brought their fathers out of Egypt? (v. 6-7)**  
A. They came to the sea  
B. The Egyptians pursued them with chariots and horsemen  
C. They cried to the Lord for help  
D. All of the above

15. **What did God put between Israel and the Egyptians?** (v. 7)  
 A. The Jordan River  
 B. Darkness  
 C. A large crack in the land – caused by an earthquake  
 D. A wall of water from the Red Sea
16. **What happened to the Egyptians?** (v. 7)  
 A. They realized the Lord fought for Israel, and they returned home defeated  
 B. The Lord, who had killed their firstborn earlier, struck them down as well  
 C. The Lord made the sea come upon them and cover them  
 D. They were blinded
17. **Where did Israel live for a long time after leaving Egypt?** (v. 7)  
 A. In the wilderness  
 B. By the Jordan River  
 C. In the Euphrates River Valley  
 D. By Mount Sinai
18. **Which nation lived on the other side of the Jordan?** (v. 8)  
 A. The Jebusites      B. The Amorites      C. The Gibeonites      D. The Amalakites
19. **What happened between Israel and this nation?** (v. 8)  
 A. They fought and The Lord gave them into Israel's hands  
 B. The Lord destroyed them before Israel  
 C. Israel took possession of their land  
 D. All of the above
20. **Who was the king of Moab?** (v. 9)  
 A. Balaam the son of Beor  
 B. Adoni-Zedek the son of Horam  
 C. Balak the son of Zippor  
 D. Piram the son of Hezer
21. **What did the king of Moab do when he prepared to fight against Israel?** (v. 9)  
 A. He prayed to the Lord, God of Israel, to spare his nation  
 B. He organized five nations in an alliance to fight against Israel  
 C. He prepared iron chariots and many horses to go into battle  
 D. He sent and invited Balaam the son of Beor to curse Israel
22. **What was the result of the plan of the king of Moab?** (v. 10)  
 A. The Lord would not listen to Balaam. Instead He blessed Israel  
 B. The five kings were trapped in a cave, and their nations overthrown  
 C. The iron chariots got stuck in the mud  
 D. The Lord, God of Israel, heard his prayer and kept Israel from taking over Moab
23. **Where did Israel go when they went over the Jordan?** (v. 11)  
 A. Shechem      B. Shiloh      C. Jericho      D. Ai
24. **Which of the following did NOT fight against Israel, according to the list of nations in verse 11?** (v. 11)  
 A. Leaders of Jericho  
 B. Gergashites, Hivites, and Jebusites  
 C. Amorites  
 D. Gibeonites
25. **What did the Lord send out before Israel, which drove the nations out?** (v. 12)  
 A. The plague      B. The hornet      C. The sword      D. The storm

26. **Which of the following describes the Israelites, according to the Lord God?** (v. 13)  
 A. The Israelites took the land with their own sword and bow  
 B. The Israelites received a land on which they toiled hard for many years  
 C. The Israelites built their own cities  
 D. The Israelites ate from vineyards and olive orchards that they did not plant
27. **What did Joshua tell the people to do after hearing the history of their nation?** (v. 14)  
 A. Fear the LORD and serve him in sincerity and faithfulness  
 B. Throw away all the plunder from the land you have conquered  
 C. Gather all the gods of Canaan and make a temple for them  
 D. Build an imposing altar within each tribal territory
28. **What was Israel to do with the gods that their fathers served in Egypt?** (v. 14)  
 A. Gather them together in one place and burn them  
 B. Put them away  
 C. Set them up in temples and continue to worship them  
 D. Melt them down and give the precious metals to the tabernacle
29. **If it was evil in their eyes to serve the LORD, what choice did Joshua give to the people of Israel?** (v. 15)  
 A. Serve Joshua  
 B. Serve the gods their fathers served in the region beyond the River  
 C. Serve the gods of the Amorites in whose land they were dwelling  
 D. B and C
30. **According to Joshua, who would serve the Lord?** (v. 15)  
 A. Eleazar the priest  
 B. All the priests from the tribe of Levi  
 C. Joshua and his house  
 D. All of the Israelites east of the Jordan
31. **What did the people decide?** (v. 18)  
 A. To forsake the LORD and serve other gods  
 B. To serve the LORD and other gods  
 C. To seek what was right in their own eyes and not serve any god  
 D. To serve the LORD, for He is their God
32. **What did the people of Israel say that the Lord had done for them?** (v. 17-18)  
 A. He brought them and their fathers up from the land of Egypt, out of the house of slavery  
 B. He did those great signs in their sight and He preserved them all the way that they went  
 C. He drove out before them all the peoples, the Amorites who lived in the land  
 D. All the above
33. **Who served as a witness that Israel had chosen to serve the Lord?** (v. 22)  
 A. The Lord God of Israel  
 B. They were witnesses against themselves  
 C. Joshua  
 D. Eleazar the priest
34. **The people said to Joshua, “The LORD our God we will serve, and his voice we \_\_\_\_\_.”** (v. 24)  
 A. Will obey                      B Will worship                      C. Will tell others about him                      D. Will pray to
35. **What did Joshua do for Israel at Shechem that day?** (v. 25-26)  
 A. Made a covenant with the people to provide another leader  
 B. Put in place statutes and rules  
 C. Wrote these words in the Book of the Law of God  
 D. B and C

36. **Where did Joshua set up a large stone to serve as a witness against Israel?** (v. 26-27)  
 A. Next to the twelve stones collected from the Jordan River  
 B. Near the ruins of Jericho  
 C. Under the Terebinth by the sanctuary  
 D. Near the altar on Mount Ebal
37. **How old was Joshua when he died?** (v.29)  
 A. 85                      B. 110                      C. 120                      D. 90
38. **Which of the following was used to describe Joshua at his death?** (v. 29)  
 A. The prophet of the Lord  
 B. The priest of the Lord  
 C. The servant of the Lord  
 D. The king of Israel
39. **Where was Joshua buried?** (v. 30)  
 A. Hebron                      B. Shiloh                      C. Shechem                      D. Timnath-serah
40. **How long did Israel serve the Lord?** (v. 31)  
 A. All the days of Joshua  
 B. All the days of the elders who outlived Joshua  
 C. Throughout the time of the judges  
 D. A and B
41. **Where were the bones of Joseph, which Israel brought up from Egypt, buried?** (v. 32)  
 A. Hebron                      B. Shiloh                      C. Shechem                      D. Timnath Serah
42. **What was the background of the location where the bones of Joseph were buried?** (v. 32)  
 A. It was where Jacob had fought all night with the angel of the Lord  
 B. It was the land that Jacob bought from the sons of Hamor for a hundred pieces of money  
 C. It was where the Lord destroyed Sodom and Gomorrah  
 D. It was the burial place of Rachel -- Jacob's wife, and mother of Joseph and Benjamin
43. **Where was Eleazar son of Aaron buried?** (v. 33)  
 A. Hebron                      B. Shiloh                      C. Shechem                      D. Gibeah
44. **Both Joshua and Eleazar were buried in different places in the hill country of \_\_\_\_?** (v. 33)  
 A. Dan                      B. Ephraim                      C. Mannaseh                      D. Reuben

## JOSHUA: VERSE FIND

### QUOTES:

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1 I am still as strong today as I was in the day that Moses sent me;
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2 you have seen all that the Lord your God has done to all these nations for your sake
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3 Then Joshua said to the people, "Consecrate yourselves, for tomorrow the Lord will do wonders among you."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4 Israel served the Lord all the days of Joshua, and all the days of the elders who outlived Joshua
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5 The Lord said to Joshua, "Stretch out the javelin that is in your hand toward Ai, for I will give it into your hand."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6 Only be very careful to observe the commandment and the law that Moses the servant of the Lord commanded you
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7 —so we feared greatly for our lives because of you and did this thing.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8 "Take off your sandals from your feet, for the place where you are standing is holy."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9 So that he might not die by the hand of the avenger of blood, till he stood before the congregation
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10 It was the Lord's doing to harden their hearts that they should come against Israel in battle
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11 Just as I was with Moses, so I will be with you. I will not leave you or forsake you.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12 Then the whole congregation of the people of Israel assembled at Shiloh and set up the tent of meeting
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13 All the inhabitants of the land will hear of it and will surround us and cut off our name from the earth
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14 I gave you a land on which you had not labored and cities that you had not built, and you dwell in them
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15 Not one word of all the good promises that the Lord had made to the house of Israel had failed
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16 On that day the Lord exalted Joshua in the sight of all Israel, and they stood in awe of him
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17 The Mighty One, God, the Lord! The Mighty One, God, the Lord!
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18 Give me a blessing. Since you have given me the land of the Negeb, give me also springs of water.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 19 The Lord our God we will serve, and his voice we will obey
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20 This Book of the Law shall not depart from your mouth, but you shall meditate on it day and night
- \_\_\_\_\_ 21 They took possession of it, and they settled there. And the Lord gave them rest on every side
- \_\_\_\_\_ 22 When the Lord heeded the voice of a man, for the Lord fought for Israel.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 23 My brothers who went up with me made the heart of the people melt
- \_\_\_\_\_ 24 Called the altar Witness, "For," they said, "it is a witness between us that the Lord is God."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 25 Joshua said to the people, "Shout, for the Lord has given you the city.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 26 If you too rebel against the Lord today then tomorrow he will be angry
- \_\_\_\_\_ 27 So that all the peoples of the earth may know that the hand of the Lord is mighty
- \_\_\_\_\_ 28 For the Lord your God, he is God in the heavens above and on the earth beneath
- \_\_\_\_\_ 29 As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 30 Whoever strikes Kiriath-sepher and captures it, to him will I give Achsah
- \_\_\_\_\_ 31 Be very careful, therefore, to love the Lord your God.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 32 Today I have rolled away the reproach of Egypt from you
- \_\_\_\_\_ 33 So the men took some of their provisions, but did not ask counsel from the Lord.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 34 You shall cling to the Lord your God just as you have done to this day
- \_\_\_\_\_ 35 The inhabitants of the land melt away because of us
- \_\_\_\_\_ 36 You have not forsaken your brothers these many days, down to this day
- \_\_\_\_\_ 37 In the presence of the people of Israel, he wrote on the stones a copy of the law of Moses
- \_\_\_\_\_ 38 The offerings by fire to the Lord God of Israel are their inheritance, as he said to him
- \_\_\_\_\_ 39 Joshua captured all these kings and their land at one time, because the Lord God of Israel fought for Israel
- \_\_\_\_\_ 40 I will be with you no more, unless you destroy the devoted things from among you

# JUDGES 1

1. **What did the Israelites ask the Lord after the death of Joshua? (v. 1)**
  - A. Who will be the leader after Joshua?
  - B. Who will get Joshua's inheritance?
  - C. Who shall go up first for us against the Canaanites?
  - D. Who will you appoint to be our king?
  
2. **What was the Lord's answer to their question? (v. 2)**
  - A. I will appoint a leader from the line of Gad
  - B. There will be no more fighting
  - C. Joshua's belongings will go to his sons
  - D. Judah shall go up; behold, I have given the land into his hand
  
3. **Who went with Judah to fight against the Canaanites? (v. 3)**
  - A. Reuben his brother
  - B. Simeon his brother
  - C. Gad his brother
  - D. The Levites, their brothers
  
4. **How many men did Judah defeat at Bezek? (v. 4)**
  - A. 3,000
  - B. 5,000
  - C. 8,000
  - D. 10,000
  
5. **What two nations did Judah defeat at Bezek? (v. 4)**
  - A. Canaanites and Hivites
  - B. Canaanites and Perizzites
  - C. Canaanites and Hittites
  - D. Hittites and Philistines
  
6. **Who fled from Judah at Bezek? (v. 6)**
  - A. The young men
  - B. The Amorites
  - C. Adoni-bezek
  - D. Kenites
  
7. **What did Judah do when they caught Adoni-bezek? (v. 6)**
  - A. Cut off his thumbs and his big toes
  - B. Cut off his fingers and toes
  - C. Cut off his ears
  - D. Text doesn't say
  
8. **What did Adoni-bezek say when this was done to him? (v. 7)**
  - A. Fifty kings with their fingers and toes cut off have picked up scraps under my table
  - B. Forty kings with their ears cut off have picked up scraps under my table
  - C. Seventy kings with their thumbs and their big toes cut off used to pick up scraps under my table
  - D. Judah has paid me back for what I did to them
  
9. **Where did Adoni-bezek die? (v. 7)**
  - A. Bezek
  - B. Jerusalem
  - C. Shiloh
  - D. Bethlehem
  
10. **What happened to the city of Jerusalem? (v. 8)**
  - A. Judah captured it
  - B. Judah struck it with the edge of the sword
  - C. Judah set the city on fire
  - D. All of the above
  
11. **After Jerusalem, where did the men of Judah fight the Canaanites? (v. 9-10)**
  - A. Hill country
  - B. Hebron & in the lowland
  - C. Negeb
  - D. All of the above

12. **Whom did the men of Judah defeat at Kiriath-arba? (v. 10)**  
 A. Caleb, Othniel, and Kenaz  
 B. The three sons of Adoni-Bezek  
 C. Sheshai, Ahiman, and Talmi  
 D. Eglon
13. **What was the new name for Kiriath-sepher? (v. 11)**  
 A. Debir                      B. Jerusalem                      C. Hebron                      D. Luz
14. **What did Caleb offer in exchange for the capture of Kiriath-sepher? (v. 12)**  
 A. An extra allotment of land  
 B. Springs of water  
 C. Joshua's belongings  
 D. His daughter, Achsah, in marriage
15. **Who captured the city of Kiriath-sepher? (v. 13)**  
 A. Seth the son of Adam  
 B. Othniel the son of Kenaz, Caleb's younger brother  
 C. Shamgar the son of Anath  
 D. Barak the son of Abinoam
16. **What did Achsah, Caleb's daughter want from her father? (v. 14)**  
 A. Money for a dowry  
 B. A home in Kiriath Sepher  
 C. A field  
 D. Flocks of sheep
17. **What special favor did Achsah ask of Caleb? (v. 15)**  
 A. Land in the Negeb    B. A donkey                      C. Springs of water                      D. A husband
18. **What did Caleb give Achsah? (v. 15)**  
 A. Sheep and goats  
 B. A dowry  
 C. An abundance of food  
 D. Upper and lower springs
19. **Who went up from the city of palms to live among the wilderness of Judah near Arad? (v. 16)**  
 A. Moses' father-in-law, the Kenite  
 B. Descendants of the Kenite, Moses' father-in-law  
 C. Othniel and Achsah  
 D. Caleb and his younger brother, Kenaz
20. **What cities did Judah and Simeon attack and defeat? (v. 17-18)**  
 A. Zephath and Gaza  
 B. Ashkelon and Ekron  
 C. Beth-shan and Taanach  
 D. A and B
21. **Which city was called Hormah? (v. 17)**  
 A. Zephath                      B. Gaza                      C. Ashkelon                      D. Ekron
22. **What does Hormah mean? (v. 17)**  
 A. Large                      B. Utter destruction                      C. Unbeatable                      D. Weak
23. **What city was given to Caleb? (v. 20)**  
 A. Luz                      B. Hebron                      C. Jerusalem                      D. Megiddo

24. **Why were the men of Judah unable to drive out the inhabitants of the plain?** (v. 19)  
 A. They were well armed  
 B. They had made a treaty of peace with Judah  
 C. They had chariots of iron  
 D. The cities on the plains were highly fortified
25. **Whom did Caleb drive from his new home?** (v. 20)  
 A. Sons of Anak      B. Daughters of Ruth      C. Children of Eglon      D. Text doesn't say
26. **Whom did the people of Benjamin fail to drive out from Jerusalem?** (v. 21)  
 A. The Hittites      B. The Amorites      C. The Jebusites      D. The Perizzites
27. **Who went up against Bethel?** (v. 22)  
 A. The men of Judah    B. The house of Joseph      C. The Naphtalites      D. The tribe of Asher
28. **What was the former name for Bethel?** (v. 23)  
 A. Jerusalem      B. Kiriath Arba      C. City of Palms      D. Luz
29. **What happened when spies were sent to Bethel before it was attacked?** (v. 24-25)  
 A. They hid in the home of Rahab  
 B. A man coming out of the city showed them a way into the city  
 C. A man hid the spies on the roof under flax  
 D. The spies hid beside the gate
30. **What did this man do after Bethel was struck down by the house of Joseph?** (v. 26)  
 A. He went to the land of the Hittites and built a city and called it Luz  
 B. He went to the land of the Jebusites, built a city, and called it Bethlehem  
 C. He went to the land of the Perizzites, built a city, and called it Bethel  
 D. He lived with the Israelites on the plains around Bethel
31. **Why did Manasseh not drive out the people of Beth-shean, Taanach, Dor, Ibleam, or Megiddo?** (v. 27)  
 A. The Canaanites had iron chariots  
 B. The Canaanites were too numerous  
 C. The Canaanites persisted in dwelling in that land  
 D. The Canaanites made a treaty of peace with Manasseh
32. **What happened when Israel grew strong?** (v. 28)  
 A. They captured the iron chariots  
 B. They put the Canaanites to forced labor  
 C. They drove out the Canaanites and burned their cities  
 D. They sold the Canaanites into slavery in Egypt
33. **Which tribes subjected the Canaanites to forced labor?** (v. 30-33)  
 A. Ephraim and Asher    B. Zebulun & Naphtali      C. Dan & Gad      D. All of the above
34. **Who pressed the Danites back to the hill country, not allowing them to come down to the plain?** (v. 34)  
 A. The Perizzites      B. The Hittites      C. The Amorites      D. The Jebusites
35. **Where did the Amorites persist in dwelling?** (v. 35)  
 A. Mount Heres      B. Aijalon      C. Shaalvim      D. All of the above
36. **What was the border of the Amorites?** (v. 36)  
 A. From Acco to Sidon and beyond  
 B. From the ascent of Akrabbim, from Sela and upward  
 C. From Mount Heres to Gilgal and beyond  
 D. From Beth Shan to Jericho and beyond

## JUDGES 2

1. **The angel of the Lord went up from \_\_\_\_\_ to Bochim. (v. 1)**  
A. Gilgal                      B. Shechem                      C. Gilgal                      D. Shiloh
2. **Which of the following statements did the angel of the Lord make at Bochim? (v. 1-2)**  
A. I said, "I will never break my covenant with you, unless you forsake me"  
B. You shall make covenants with the people of this land  
C. You shall break down their altars  
D. All of the above
3. **At Bochim, what did the angel of the Lord say that Israel had done? (v. 2)**  
A. Obeyed the Lord in every command  
B. Not obeyed the voice of the Lord  
C. Worshiped the gods of the people in whose land they dwelled  
D. Offered strange fire to the Lord
4. **What did the Lord do as a consequence of Israel's actions? (v. 3)**  
A. Led them back to Egypt to return to a life of slavery  
B. Sent a plague to destroy the firstborn of Israel  
C. Caused an earthquake to destroy their newly built cities  
D. Would not drive the people of Canaan out before Israel
5. **What would the people of Canaan become to Israel? (v. 3)**  
A. Slaves                      B. Thorns in their sides                      C. Friends                      D. Conquerors
6. **What would the gods of the Canaanites become to Israel? (v. 3)**  
A. A thorn in their sides  
B. Precious metals to make them rich  
C. A balm to heal their ills  
D. A snare
7. **What did the Israelites do after hearing the words of the angel of the Lord? (v. 4-5)**  
A. Fasted                      B. Wept                      C. Offered sacrifices                      D. B and C
8. **What does the name Bochim mean? (v. 5)**  
A. Warrior                      B. Singers                      C. Weepers                      D. Fasting
9. **What did the Israelites do after Joshua dismissed them? (v. 6)**  
A. Went each to his inheritance to take possession of the land  
B. Built a high altar in their villages  
C. Gathered animals for sacrifices  
D. Assigned cities for the tribe of Levi
10. **What did the Israelites do throughout the days of Joshua and the elders living during his time? (v. 7)**  
A. Worshiped gods of the people of Canaan  
B. Intermarried with the people of Canaan  
C. Served the Lord  
D. Fought battles for land in the region east of the Jordan River
11. **How old was Joshua when he died? (v. 8)**  
A. 80                      B. 85                      C. 95                      D. 110

12. **Where was Joshua buried?** (v. 9)  
 A. In the boundaries of his inheritance  
 B. In Timnath-heres; In the hill country of Ephraim  
 C. North of the mountain of Gaash  
 D. All of the above
13. **How is the next generation of Israelites described?** (v. 10)  
 A. People who knew the Lord or the work He had done for Israel  
 B. People who did not know the Lord or what He had done for Israel  
 C. People who did good, and not evil in the eyes of the Lord  
 D. People who worshiped the Lord wholeheartedly
14. **Whom did the next generation of Israelites serve?** (v. 12-13)  
 A. Baals  
 B. Other gods of the peoples around them  
 C. The Ashtaroth  
 D. All of the above
15. They \_\_\_\_\_ the Lord, the God of their fathers, who had brought them out of Egypt. (v. 12)  
 A. Abandoned      B. Worshiped      C. Served      D. Called on
16. **What was the Lord's response to Israel's actions?** (v. 14)  
 A. Indifference      B. Forgiveness      C. Grief      D. Anger
17. **What happened to Israel because of their actions?** (v. 14-15)  
 A. The Lord gave them over to plunderers who plundered them  
 B. The Lord sold them into the hand of their surrounding enemies  
 C. The hand of the Lord was against Israel in battle and they were in terrible distress  
 D. All of the above
18. **Who saved Israel out of the hands of those who plundered them?** (v. 16)  
 A. Judges  
 B. The Lord, who raised up judges  
 C. The house of Joseph  
 D. Tribal leaders of Israel
19. **What did Israel do when the Lord raised up judges?** (v. 17)  
 A. Listened to the judges, and followed their leadership  
 B. Listened to the words of the law of Moses, read by the priests  
 C. Did whatever was easiest in the circumstances in which they found themselves  
 D. They did not listen to their judges
20. **When the Lord raised up judges, how long was Israel saved from the hand of their enemies?** (v. 18)  
 A. For seven years  
 B. For fifty years  
 C. All the days of the judge  
 D. Until the next judge began to lead
21. **The Lord was moved to \_\_\_\_\_ by their groaning because of their affliction & oppression?** (v. 18)  
 A. Contempt      B. Pity      C. Blessings for them      D. Plagues for them
22. **What happened after a judge died?** (v. 19)  
 A. The people turned back and were more corrupt than their fathers  
 B. The people remained faithful to the Lord  
 C. The people were exiled to different regions of Canaan  
 D. The people wept aloud for seven days

23. **They refused to drop their \_\_\_\_\_ or their \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 19)
- A. Baals, Ashtoreths
  - B. Firstborn sheep, firstfruits of the land
  - C. Practices, stubborn ways
  - D. Good thoughts, acts of kindness
24. **What had Israel done?** (v. 20)
- A. Transgressed the Lords covenant that He commanded their fathers
  - B. Have not obeyed the Lord's voice
  - C. Offered strange fire in their sacrifices
  - D. A and B
25. **Why did the Lord no longer drive out the nations that were left when Joshua died?** (v. 21-22)
- A. In order to test Israel
  - B. So He could have them watch Israel, and learn how to keep the way of the Lord
  - C. So Israel would have a source of slave labor
  - D. The nations that were left were faithful to the Lord

## JUDGES 3

- Which of the following nations did the Lord let test the Israelites who had not known war before? (v. 3)**
  - Four lords of the Philistines
  - Some of the Canaanites
  - The Sidonians
  - The Hivites living in the hill country
- What did the Lord want to teach to the Israelites when He left these nations to test them? (v. 2)**
  - Dependence on the Lord
  - Know war
  - Farming
  - How to build cities with clay
- What did the Lord want to see as the nations tested Israel? (v. 4)**
  - If Israel would force the nations to become slaves
  - If Israel would guard the Tent of Meeting from the Canaanites
  - If Israel would write their own laws
  - If Israel would obey the commandments of the LORD
- Whom did the Israelites live among? (v. 5)**
  - The Canaanites and the Hittites
  - The Amorites and the Hivites
  - The Perizzites and the Jebusites
  - All of the above
- What did the Israelites do when they lived among these nations? (v. 6)**
  - Their daughters they took to themselves for wives
  - Sold their own daughters to these nations as slaves
  - Served the Lord, God of Israel
  - All of the above
- “The people of Israel did what was \_\_\_\_\_ in the sight of the Lord.” (v. 7)**
  - Good
  - Evil
  - Decent
  - Humbling
- Whom did the Israelites serve? (v. 7)**
  - The Lord their God
  - The people in whose land they dwelled
  - The Baals and the Asheroth
  - The priests of the tribe of Levi
- When the anger of the Lord was kindled against Israel, into whose hand did He sell them? (v. 8)**
  - Adoni-Bezek, king of Bezek
  - Othniel, son of Kenaz
  - Sheshai, son of Anak
  - Cushan-rishathaim, king of Mesopotamia
- For how long were the Israelites subject to this ruler? (v. 8)**
  - Eight years
  - Ten years
  - Twelve years
  - Sixteen years
- Who was the first judge (or leader) listed in Judges 3? (v. 9)**
  - Ehud
  - Othniel
  - Deborah
  - Gideon

11. **When did the Lord raise up a deliverer for the people of Israel? (v. 9)**  
 A. When the ruler planned to annihilate the entire nation  
 B. When the ark of the covenant was destroyed  
 C. When they cried out to the Lord  
 D. When they sacrificed their sons and daughters on the altar
12. **Which of the following is descriptive of this judge? (v. 9)**  
 A. Son of Kenaz      B. Caleb's older brother      C. Left-handed      D. Mighty warrior
13. **For how long did Israel have rest after the first judge overpowered the king of Mesopotamia? (v. 11)**  
 A. Eight years      B. Twenty years      C. Forty years      D. Fifty years
14. **When the people of Israel again did evil in the sight of the Lord, what did the Lord do? (v. 12)**  
 A. Turned His back and refused to listen to them  
 B. Made them prosper in the land  
 C. Sent a deliverer  
 D. Strengthened Eglon king of Moab against them
15. **Who joined the king of Moab when he defeated Israel? (v. 13)**  
 A. The Amorites and the Hittites  
 B. The Perizzites and the Jebusites  
 C. The Hivites and the Canaanites  
 D. The Ammonites and the Amalekites
16. **Eglon, king of Moab, took possession of what city? (v. 13)**  
 A. Jerusalem      B. The city of palms      C. Hebron      D. Shechem
17. **For how many years were the Israelites subject to Eglon, king of Moab? (v. 14)**  
 A. Eight      B. Forty      C. Eighteen      D. Twenty
18. **Which of the following is descriptive of Ehud? (v. 15)**  
 A. A deliverer  
 B. A left-handed man  
 C. Son of Gera, the Benjaminite  
 D. All of the above
19. **What did Ehud take to Eglon, king of Moab? (v. 15)**  
 A. Tribute      B. Wheat      C. Wine      D. Gold
20. **What had Ehud made before going to see the king of Moab? (v. 16)**  
 A. Some bread  
 B. An idol  
 C. A sword with two edges, a cubit in length  
 D. A treaty of alliance with the king of Aram
21. **How long is a cubit? (v. 16)**  
 A. Six inches      B. Twelve inches      C. Eighteen inches      D. twenty-four inches
22. **Where did Ehud keep his weapon when he went to see the king of Moab? (v. 16)**  
 A. Bound to his right thigh  
 B. At his waist  
 C. Under his clothes  
 D. A and C

23. **How is Eglon, king of Moab, described? (v. 17)**  
 A. Mighty warrior      B. Very fat      C. Small in stature      D. Blind
24. **What did Ehud tell Eglon, king of Moab? (v. 19 & 20)**  
 A. I have a secret message for you  
 B. God is going to destroy you  
 C. I have a message from God  
 D. A and C
25. **What was the king of Moab's response to Ehud? (v. 19)**  
 A. Silence!      B. Peace!      C. No!      D. Never!
26. **Who was with Eglon, when Ehud came to him in his cool roof chamber? (v. 20)**  
 A. The palace guards  
 B. The king's attendants  
 C. He was sitting alone  
 D. The priests of Baal
27. **What happened as the king of Moab rose from his seat? (v. 21 & 22)**  
 A. Ehud took his sword and thrust it into the king's belly  
 B. The hilt also went in after the blade  
 C. The fat closed over the blade  
 D. All of the above
28. **What happened to Ehud after he killed the king of Moab? (v. 23)**  
 A. He was pursued, captured, and killed by the soldiers of Moab  
 B. He went out into the porch and closed & locked the doors of the roof chamber  
 C. He fell while trying to escape and hit his head on a rock  
 D. He sought rest in the tent of Jael
29. **What did Eglon's servants think when they came to the doors of his upper room? (v. 24)**  
 A. The king must be sleeping  
 B. The king must be eating  
 C. The king must be gone  
 D. None of the above
30. **What did the servants find when they finally unlocked the doors to the king's roof chamber? (v. 25)**  
 A. No one  
 B. Ehud  
 C. Eglon, king of Moab, dead on the floor  
 D. Eglon and the commanders of his army
31. **What did Ehud pass beyond when he escaped to Seirah? (v. 26)**  
 A. Mount Baal Hermon  
 B. Lebo Hamath  
 C. Moab's army with iron chariots  
 D. Idols
32. **What did Ehud do when he arrived in the hill country of Ephraim? (v. 27)**  
 A. Sounded the trumpet  
 B. Hid in a cave  
 C. Offered sacrifices to the Lord God of Israel  
 D. Saw his daughter, who came out to meet him

- 33. What did Ehud say to the Israelites who followed him from the hills? (v. 28)**  
A. Repent and turn back to the Lord, so that He will give the Moabites into your hands  
B. Follow after me, for the Lord has given your enemies the Moabites into your hand  
C. Fast and pray, so that the Lord will give the Moabites, your enemy, into your hand  
D. Run, for the vengeance of the army of Moab will come upon you quickly
- 34. What did the people of Israel seize? (v. 28)**  
A. The City of Palms  
B. The Jordan River  
C. The stone quarries near Gilgal  
D. The fords of the Jordan
- 35. Whom did the Israelites did not allow to cross over the Jordan River? (v. 28)**  
A. The servants of the king of Moab  
B. The priests of Baal  
C. Anyone  
D. Moabite princes
- 36. How many Moabites did the Israelites strike down at this time? (v. 29)**  
A. 10,000 all strong, able-bodied men  
B. 10,000, allowing the old and crippled to escape  
C. 10,000, allowing the young men to escape  
D. 20,000, most vigorous and strong
- 37. For how long did the land have rest under Ehud? (v. 30)**  
A. Eighty years      B. Thirty years      C. Forty years      D. Fifty years
- 38. Which judge, or leader, came right after Ehud? (v. 31)**  
A. Deborah, wife of Lappidoth  
B. Gideon, son of Joash  
C. Samson, the Nazarite  
D. Shamgar, son of Anath
- 39. What did this next leader do? (v. 31)**  
A. Swung a double-edged sword  
B. Killed 600 of the Philistines with an oxgoad  
C. Defeated the Midianites with 300 men  
D. Sent Barak to fight Jabin, king of Canaan

## JUDGES 4

1. **Into whose hand did the Lord sell Israel after Ehud died and they did evil?** (v. 1 & 2)  
A. Eglon king of Moab    B. Jabin king of Canaan    C. The Midianites    D. The Philistines
2. **Where did Jabin, king of Canaan, reign?** (v. 2)  
A. Hazor    B. City of Palms    C. Shechem    D. Havvoth Jair
3. **Who was Sisera?** (v. 2)  
A. A king of Canaan  
B. A brother of Jabin  
C. A relative of Eglon  
D. The commander of Jabin's army
4. **Where did Sisera live?** (v. 2)  
A. Mount Tabor    B. Makir    C. Harosheth-hagoyim    D. Meroz
5. **How many iron chariots did Sisera have?** (v. 3)  
A. Twelve    B. One hundred    C. Five hundred    D. Nine hundred
6. **For how long had Sisera cruelly oppressed the Israelites?** (v. 3)  
A. Ten years    B. Twenty years    C. Thirty years    D. Forty years
7. **Who was Deborah?** (v. 4)  
A. A prophetess  
B. The daughter of Lappidoth  
C. Wife of a priest  
D. All of the above
8. **What did Deborah do under the Palm in the hill country of Ephraim?** (v. 5)  
A. Offered sacrifices to the Lord  
B. Sit and the people of Israel came up to her for judgment  
C. Kept a flock of sheep  
D. Read from the Law of Moses
9. **Whom did Deborah summon?** (v. 6)  
A. Gideon    B. Samson    C. Barak    D. Ehud
10. **What message did Deborah give him?** (v. 7)  
A. The Lord, the God of Israel, suggests to you  
B. Go, take with you one thousand men of Naphtali and Zebulun  
C. Lead the way to Mount Sinai  
D. I will draw out Sisera to meet you by the river Kishon, & give him into your hands
11. **What was Barak's reply to Deborah?** (v. 8)  
A. If this message is truly from the Lord, the God of Israel, then I will go  
B. If you will go with me, I will go, but if you will not go with me, I will not go  
C. If you stay under the Palm of Deborah, I will go; but if you go, I won't go  
D. I dare not go. I just got married and must celebrate with my wife
12. **What was Deborah's response to Barak's request?** (v. 9)  
A. I will surely go with you  
B. I will surely not go with you  
C. Give me a sign that I can trust you  
D. You have done evil in the eyes of the Lord by asking this!

13. **Who would receive the honor for defeating Sisera?** (v. 9)  
 A. No one                      B. Abinoam                      C. Deborah                      D. A woman
14. **What happened at Kedesh?** (v. 9-10)  
 A. Deborah went with Barak  
 B. Barak called out Zebulun and Naphtali  
 C. Ten thousand men went up at his heels  
 D. All of the above
15. **Where did Heber the Kenite pitch his tent?** (v. 11)  
 A. With the other Kenites  
 B. The oak in Zaananim near Kedesh  
 C. In Kedesh  
 D. By the springs of water in Ephraim
16. **Who was the wife of Heber the Kenite?** (v. 17)  
 A. Sisera                      B. Delilah                      C. Deborah                      D. Jael
17. **Who were the Kenites?** (v. 11)  
 A. Descendants of Hobab the son-in-law of Moses  
 B. Descendants of Hobab the wife of Moses  
 C. Descendants of Hobab the father-in-law of Moses  
 D. Descendants of Moses
18. **What did Sisera do when he heard that Barak had gone up to Mount Tabor?** (v. 13)  
 A. Fled  
 B. Called out his army from Jericho  
 C. Called out his nine hundred chariots of iron & the men who were with him  
 D. Called out his five hundred iron chariots
19. **What happened when Barak advanced on Sisera and his army?** (v. 15-16)  
 A. The Lord routed Sisera and all his chariots  
 B. Sisera fled away on foot  
 C. Barak pursued the chariots and army to Harosheth-hagoyim  
 D. All of the above
20. **Where did Sisera flee on foot?** (v. 17)  
 A. To a cave in Mount Tabor  
 B. To the tent of Jael  
 C. To the Kenites, who lived in tents  
 D. To a city of refuge
21. **Why did Sisera flee to this location?** (v. 17)  
 A. It was well hidden in a mountainous region  
 B. It was nearby  
 C. There was peace between Jabin and the house of Heber  
 D. It looked remote
22. **What did Jael say to Sisera when he approached her tent?** (v. 18)  
 A. Turn aside, my lord; turn aside to me; do not be afraid  
 B. You must flee, my lord. Barak and his armies are near  
 C. Come, my lord, come right in. You must be very afraid!  
 D. Who are you, and what have you to do with me?

23. **What did Sisera ask Jael to give him? (v. 19)**  
A. A skin of milk  
B. Food to eat  
C. A place to rest  
D. A little water
24. **Where did Sisera want Jael to stand and watch for anyone who might come by? (v. 20)**  
A. On top of the hill by the tent  
B. At the opening of the tent  
C. By the springs of water, far away from the tent  
D. In her husband's tent
25. **What did Jael do to Sisera? (v. 21)**  
A. Drove a double-edged sword into his belly to kill him  
B. Called Barak's soldiers  
C. Drove a tent peg into his temple to kill him  
D. Put poison in the milk she gave him so that he died
26. **What did Jael say when she went out to meet Barak, who was pursuing Sisera? (v. 22)**  
A. Come, my lord, come right in. Don't be afraid  
B. You must flee, my lord. Sisera and his armies are near  
C. Who are you, and what have you to do with me?  
D. Come, and I will show you the man whom you are seeking
27. **After the day when God subdued Jabin, what is said about the Israelites? (v. 23-24)**  
A. Israel pressed harder and harder against Jabin the king of Canaan  
B. They grew weaker and weaker until Jabin destroyed them  
C. They destroyed all the idols of Jabin, the Canaanite king  
D. They bowed before Baal, thanking him for deliverance from Jabin

## JUDGES 5

1. **What did Deborah and Barak do in Judges 5? (v. 1)**  
A. Prophesied      B. Mourned      C. Sang      D. Prayed
2. **According to Deborah and Barak's song, why should people bless the Lord? (v. 2)**  
A. When the leaders took the lead in Israel  
B. When the people offered themselves willingly  
C. When the Lord descends in a pillar of cloud  
D. A and B
3. **"I will \_\_\_\_\_ to the Lord, the God of Israel." (v. 3)**  
A. Make melody      B. Offer sacrifices      C. Pray      D. Dance
4. **What happened when the Lord went out from Seir? (v. 4-5)**  
A. The earth trembled  
B. The clouds dropped water  
C. The mountains quaked  
D. All of the above
5. **According to the "Song of Deborah", when were the highways abandoned? (v. 6)**  
A. In the days of Shamgar, son of Anath  
B. In the days of Jael  
C. In the days of Ehud, the left-handed man  
D. A and B
6. **Where did travelers go when the highways were abandoned? (v. 6)**  
A. To the byways      B. To the mountains      C. To caves      D. To the Jordan River
7. **What ceased until Deborah arose? (v. 7)**  
A. Sacrifices to the Lord  
B. Battles with the Canaanites  
C. The villagers  
D. Reading of the law of Moses
8. **How is Deborah described? (v. 7)**  
A. A mother in Israel      B. Blessed of women      C. Wisest of ladies      D. Mighty warrior
9. **What happened when Israel chose new gods? (v. 8)**  
A. Shield and spears were seen at the city gates  
B. Travelers took to the main roads again  
C. The enemies of Israel marched  
D. War was in the gates
10. **What was NOT seen among forty thousand in Israel? (v. 8)**  
A. Sandals      B. Shield      C. Spear      D. B and C
11. **Deborah's heart was with whom? (v. 9)**  
A. Barak      B. Israel's kings      C. Commanders of Israel      D. Priests
12. **Those who ride on white donkeys and walk by the way should hear the sound of what? (v. 10-11)**  
A. The shortest way to their homes  
B. The sound of the musicians at the watering places  
C. The sound of the trumpets heralding battle  
D. The fall of hailstones upon the road

13. **Who repeats the righteous triumphs of the Lord?** (v. 11)  
 A. Musicians      B. Priests      C. Prophets      D. Princes of Israel
14. **What did the people of the Lord want Deborah and Barak to do?** (v. 12)  
 A. Pray      B. Teach      C. Judge      D. Awake & Arise
15. **Who marched down into the valley?** (v. 14)  
 A. Reuben      B. Ephraim      C. Naphtali      D. Zebulun
16. **From where did commanders march down?** (v.14)  
 A. Amalek      B. Zebulun      C. Machir      D. Naphtali
17. **Who came from Zebulun?** (v. 14)  
 A. Nobles  
 B. The mighty  
 C. Captains  
 D. Those who bore the lieutenant's staff
18. **Who rushed after Barak at his heels into the valley?** (v. 15)  
 A. Issachar      B. Reuben      C. Gilead      D. Dan
19. **In which tribe was there great searching of heart?** (v. 15)  
 A. Issachar      B. Reuben      C. Gilead      D. Dan
20. **Which of the following tribes did NOT come to Deborah?** (v. 17)  
 A. Ephraim      B. Benjamin      C. Issachar      D. Gilead
21. **Which tribe stayed with the ships?** (v. 17)  
 A. Reuben      B. Gilead      C. Dan      D. Asher
22. **What did the tribe of Asher do?** (v. 17)  
 A. Stayed beyond the Jordan  
 B. Risked their very lives  
 C. Brought the commander's staff  
 D. Sat still at the coast of the sea
23. **Who risked their lives to the death?** (v. 18)  
 A. Zebulun      B. Naphtali      C. Asher      D. A and B
24. **Where did the kings of Canaan fight?** (v. 19)  
 A. In Seir  
 B. At the watering places of Kedesh  
 C. At Taanach, by the waters of Megiddo  
 D. Between Ramah and Bethel
25. **What fought against Sisera?** (v. 20)  
 A. Hailstones from the heavens  
 B. Fire from heaven  
 C. The stars from heaven  
 D. The sun in the sky
26. **What torrent swept away the forces of Sisera?** (v. 21)  
 A. Jordan      B. Kishon      C. Tigris      D. Euphrates
27. **Then loud beat the \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 22)  
 A. Thunder      B. Applause      C. Drums      D. Horses' hoofs



## JUDGES 6

1. **Into whose hands were the Israelites given because they did evil in the sight of the Lord? (v. 1)**  
A. Philistines      B. Canaanites      C. Midianites      D. Moabites
2. **Why did the Israelites make dens in the mountains and the caves and the strongholds? (v. 2)**  
A. Because the land had rains which flooded the fields and towns  
B. Because the hand of Midian overpowered them  
C. Because the land had drought and became exceedingly hot  
D. Because the people of the land would not allow them to build cities
3. **What happened when the Israelites planted their crops? (v. 3)**  
A. The Midianites would come up against them  
B. The Amalekites would come up against them  
C. The people of the East would come up against them  
D. All of the above
4. **What happened when the enemy camped on the land of Israel? (v. 4)**  
A. They devoured the produce of the land as far as Gaza  
B. They did not spare a living thing for Israel except a few sheep  
C. They did not spare a living thing for Israel except a few donkeys  
D. They came up with their tents like swarms of bees
5. **How many men invaded the land of Israel to devour it? (v. 5)**  
A. Ten thousand  
B. Thirty thousand  
C. Forty thousand  
D. They and their camels could not be counted
6. **What did the Israelites do after Midian had brought them very low for seven years? (v. 6)**  
A. Sent out a call for an army  
B. Stole from the men of Midian who ravaged the land  
C. Cried out for help to the Lord  
D. Fled back across the Jordan River
7. **Whom did the Lord send to the Israelites on account of the Midianites? (v. 7-8)**  
A. A priest      B. A prophet      C. A king      D. The spirit of Moses
8. **What did the Lord say to Israel after they were oppressed by Midian? (v. 10)**  
A. Moses brought you up out of Egypt, out of the land of slavery  
B. Moses snatched you from the power of Egypt and from the hand of all your oppressors  
C. Joshua drove them from before you and gave you their land  
D. You have not obeyed my voice
9. **Who was Gideon? (v. 11)**  
A. Son of Kenaz  
B. Son of Abinoam  
C. Son of Anath  
D. Son of Joash the Abiezrite
10. **Where did the angel of the Lord come to meet Gideon? (v. 11)**  
A. Under the terebinth at Ophrah  
B. Under the great tree in Zaanannim  
C. By the fords of the Jordan  
D. Beside the great tree at the pillar in Shechem

11. **What was Gideon doing when the angel of the Lord appeared to him? (v. 11)**  
 A. Tending sheep  
 B. Sowing wheat  
 C. Beating out wheat in the winepress  
 D. Hiding his donkey
12. **What did the angel of the Lord say to Gideon when he appeared to him? (v. 12)**  
 A. Do not be afraid, Gideon. Your prayer has been heard  
 B. The Lord is with you, O mighty man of valor  
 C. Be strong and courageous  
 D. Do not be afraid, Gideon. You have found favor with God
13. **What was Gideon's response to the angel's message? (v. 13)**  
 A. The Lord is not with us – see all this that has happened to us!  
 B. Where are all His wonderful deeds that our fathers recounted to us  
 C. Now the Lord has forsaken us and given us into the hand of Midian  
 D. B and C
14. **The Lord turned to him & said, "Go in this \_\_\_\_\_ of yours and save Israel from the hand of Midian" (v. 14)**  
 A. Wisdom    B. Fame    C. Might    D. Wealth
15. **Why did Gideon not believe he could save Israel, according to his response to the Lord? (v. 15)**  
 A. His clan was the weakest in Manasseh, and he was the least in his father's house  
 B. His clan was the strongest in Manasseh, but he was the least in his father's house  
 C. His clan was the weakest in Manasseh, but he was the strongest in his father's house  
 D. He could not save Israel because the Lord had abandoned them
16. **The Lord answered, "I will be with you, and you \_\_\_\_\_." (v. 16)**  
 A. Shall strike down the Midianites one at a time  
 B. Shall blow the trumpet, but I will fight the battle for you  
 C. Shall gather together an army of many thousands  
 D. Shall strike the Midianites as one man
17. **What did Gideon ask of the Lord? (v. 17)**  
 A. Wealth  
 B. Wisdom  
 C. To show him a sign  
 D. Power
18. **What did the Lord wait for Gideon to do? (v. 18)**  
 A. Finish threshing his wheat  
 B. Bring his present and set it before the Lord  
 C. Tear down the altar of Baal  
 D. Assemble an army of many thousands
19. **What did Gideon prepare as an offering to the Lord? (v. 19)**  
 A. A young lamb    B. A young goat    C. Unleavened cakes    D. B and C
20. **Where did the angel of the Lord tell Gideon to put his offering? (v. 20)**  
 A. On an altar    B. In a cave    C. On a rock    D. On the ground
21. **What happened to Gideon's offering? (v. 21)**  
 A. Fire sprang up from the rock and consumed it  
 B. Lightning came down and struck it  
 C. The ground opened up and swallowed it  
 D. Fire flared; it burned, but was not burned up

22. **What did Gideon say when he realized that it really was the angel of the Lord?** (v. 22)  
 A. Alas, Sovereign Lord! I am undone!  
 B. Alas, Sovereign Lord! I do not deserve this honor!  
 C. Alas, O Lord God! For now I have seen the angel of the Lord face to face  
 D. Alas, Sovereign Lord! Forgive my unbelief
23. **What words did the Lord use to reassure Gideon?** (v. 23)  
 A. Peace be to you  
 B. Do not fear  
 C. You shall not die  
 D. All of the above
24. **What did Gideon name "The Lord Is Peace."** (v. 24)  
 A. A rock                      B. An altar                      C. A mountain                      D. A song
25. **Which animal did the Lord want Gideon to take from his father's herd, along with his father's bull?** (v. 25)  
 A. A goat, eight years old  
 B. A lamb, eight years old  
 C. A pigeon, seven years old  
 D. The second bull, seven years old
26. **What did the Lord tell Gideon to pull down?** (v. 25)  
 A. His father's altar of Baal  
 B. His father's altar to Asherah  
 C. His father's altar to the Lord God of Israel  
 D. His father's winepress
27. **What did the Lord tell Gideon to build?** (v. 26)  
 A. An altar to Baal  
 B. An Asherah pole  
 C. An altar to the Lord God, with stones laid in due order  
 D. A bigger barn
28. **What was Gideon to do with the animal he took from his father's herd?** (v. 26)  
 A. Sell it  
 B. Kill it and eat it  
 C. Give it to the men of the town  
 D. Offer it as a burnt offering to God
29. **How many servants helped Gideon with this task?** (v. 27)  
 A. Two                      B. Five                      C. Seven                      D. Ten
30. **Why did Gideon do this task at night rather than in the daytime?** (v. 27)  
 A. The Lord commanded him to do it at night  
 B. He was too afraid of his family and the men of the town  
 C. It was cooler at night; the days were too hot to work  
 D. The next day was a religious festival day for Baal
31. **When the men of the town discovered what Gideon had done, what did they want to do to him?** (v. 28-30)  
 A. Reward him  
 B. Make him their king  
 C. Kill him  
 D. Beat him

32. **Why did the people call Gideon “Jerubbaal”?** (v. 32)  
 A. Because it meant, “Let Baal contend against him”  
 B. Because it meant, “Son of Baal’s enemy”  
 C. Because it meant, “Servant of Baal”  
 D. Because it meant, “King of Baal’s army”
33. **Where did the Midianites, Amalekites, and other eastern people camp?** (v. 33)  
 A. By the Jordan River  
 B. In the Valley of Jezreel  
 C. By the Spring of Harod  
 D. On the Hill of Moreh
34. **What happened to cause Gideon to blow a trumpet and summon the Abiezrites to follow him?** (v. 34)  
 A. He fell asleep and had a vision from God  
 B. A prophet of God visited him and gave him instructions  
 C. The Lord spoke through the high priest of Israel  
 D. The Spirit of the Lord clothed him
35. **To which tribes did Gideon send word, calling them to follow him?** (v. 35)  
 A. Manasseh & Asher    B. Zebulun    C. Naphtali    D. All of the above
36. **Why did Gideon ask for more signs from God?** (v. 36)  
 A. So he would understand how he was to do his task  
 B. So he would know that the Lord would save Israel by his hand as He promised  
 C. So he would know how many men to take into battle  
 D. So he would know if he was to die in battle
37. **What did Gideon ask the Lord to do to the wool fleece the first time?** (v. 37)  
 A. Make the fleece dry and the ground around it covered with dew  
 B. Cause fire to come down from the sky and consume the fleece  
 C. Make the fleece wet from dew, but all the ground around it stay dry  
 D. Cause the fleece to turn into a new lamb
38. **What did Gideon discover when he rose early the next morning?** (v. 38)  
 A. He was able to wring out a bowlful of water from the fleece  
 B. The fleece was completely dry, but the ground was wet  
 C. The fleece was gone – completely disappeared  
 D. The fleece was burning, but was not consumed
39. **What did Gideon say to the Lord when he requested one more test with the fleece?** (v. 39)  
 A. I am sure you can understand why I doubt your words  
 B. I am amazed by your marvelous signs!  
 C. If you answer this last request, I will serve you all the days of my life  
 D. Let not your anger burn against me
40. **What did Gideon ask the Lord to do to the fleece the last time?** (v. 39)  
 A. Make the fleece dry and the ground around it wet with dew  
 B. Cause fire to come down from the sky and consume the fleece  
 C. Make the fleece wet from dew, but all the ground around it stay dry  
 D. Cause the fleece to turn into a ball of fire, giving light by night
41. **What was the Lord’s response to Gideon’s last request for a sign?** (v. 40)  
 A. He ignored Gideon  
 B. He made the fleece dry, but all the ground was covered with dew  
 C. He became angry with Gideon  
 D. He sent a ball of fire to consume the fleece

## JUDGES 7

1. **Where did Gideon and all his men camp? (v. 1)**
  - A. In the Valley of Jezreel
  - B. Near the hill of Moreh
  - C. Beside the spring of Harod
  - D. Under the oak in Ophrah
  
2. **Where was the camp of Midian? (v. 1)**
  - A. South of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley
  - B. North of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley
  - C. East of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley
  - D. North of them on the hill of Moreh
  
3. **What did the Lord tell Gideon about the men he had assembled? (v. 2)**
  - A. You do not have enough men for me to deliver Midian into their hands
  - B. You have just the right number of men for me to deliver Midian into their hands
  - C. You have too many people for me to give the Midianites into your hand
  - D. You must wait until men from the tribe of Levi answer your call
  
4. **What did the Lord want Gideon to proclaim to the people? (v. 3)**
  - A. Whoever is fearful and trembling, let him return home and hurry away from Mount Gilead
  - B. Anyone who must tend to their fields may turn back and leave Mount Gilead
  - C. Anyone who has just been married may turn back and leave Mount Gilead
  - D. Anyone who has young children may turn back and leave Mount Gilead
  
5. **Why did the Lord want Gideon to have a smaller army? (v. 2)**
  - A. So they would be more effective in an ambush
  - B. So Israel could not boast that their own hand had saved them
  - C. So they would be quieter when they moved through the countryside
  - D. So they would be harder to see when they approached the army of Midian
  
6. **How many men left the army of Gideon at this point? (v. 3)**
  - A. 10,000
  - B. 15,000
  - C. 20,000
  - D. 22,000
  
7. **How many men remained with the army of Gideon at this time? (v. 3)**
  - A. 10,000
  - B. 15,000
  - C. 18,000
  - D. 20,000
  
8. **What did the Lord say to Gideon after these men left? (v. 4)**
  - A. With these men who are left I will save Israel
  - B. Curse the men who left because they did not help the Lord against the mighty
  - C. The people are still too many
  - D. Give each of these men a trumpet to blow in battle
  
9. **Where did Gideon take the men who remained? (v. 5)**
  - A. To the River Kishon
  - B. To the Jabbok River
  - C. To the Tigris River
  - D. To the water
  
10. **The Lord said to Gideon, “With the three hundred men who \_\_\_\_\_ I will save you.” (v. 7)**
  - A. Sifted the water
  - B. Used a cup
  - C. Gave water to another man
  - D. Lapped

11. **What did Gideon do with the men who were *not* chosen to participate in the battle? (v. 8)**  
 A. Kept them in the camp, just in case  
 B. Sent them to their own tents  
 C. Sent them on their way – each with a trumpet and provisions  
 D. Kept them in camp to cook for those who fought
12. **“The Midianites, Amalekites, and all the people of the East lay along the valley, like \_\_\_\_\_ in abundance.” (v. 12)**  
 A. Bees                      B. Grasshopper                      C. Grass                      D. Locusts
13. **“Their \_\_\_\_\_ were without number, as the sand that is on the seashore in abundance.” (v. 12)**  
 A. Soldiers                      B. Sheep                      C. Camels                      D. Tents
14. **What did the Lord want Gideon to do if he was afraid to attack? (v. 10-11)**  
 A. Go down to the camp with his servant, and hear what they were saying  
 B. Remember Joshua, and be strong and courageous  
 C. Appoint a different elder of Israel to lead the attack  
 D. Pray all night, and the Lord would comfort him
15. **Who was Purah? (v. 10)**  
 A. Gideon’s father  
 B. Gideon’s brother  
 C. Gideon’s servant  
 D. Gideon’s wife
16. **When Gideon went down to the camp of the enemy, what did he hear a man telling his comrade? (v. 13)**  
 A. A prophecy  
 B. A dream  
 C. A story about his family  
 D. The Midianite plans for the coming battle
17. **Which of the following did Gideon overhear? (v. 13-14)**  
 A. A cake of barley bread came tumbling into the camp of Midian  
 B. It struck the tent with such force that the tent turned upside down and lay flat  
 C. This is the sword of Gideon, son of Joash, a man of Israel; God has given into his hand Midian and all the camp  
 D. All of the above
18. **What did Gideon do after overhearing the dream and its interpretation? (v. 15)**  
 A. Charged the camp himself  
 B. Stayed in his hiding place to hear more from the Midianite soldiers  
 C. He worshiped  
 D. Wept with joy
19. **What did Gideon say to the Israelite men when he returned to the camp? (v. 15)**  
 A. Arise, for the Lord has given the host of Midian into your hand  
 B. Praise God! The Lord has already defeated the Midianites for you!  
 C. Be strong and very courageous. The battle will be long, but you will prevail  
 D. Get up mighty warriors! You will be able to defeat the Midianites
20. **Into how many companies did Gideon divide the army of Israel? (v. 16)**  
 A. Two                      B. Three                      C. Four                      D. Five

21. **What did each soldier of Gideon's army carry? (v. 16)**  
 A. A trumpet      B. Empty jars      C. Torches      D. All of the above
22. **What did Gideon tell his men to do in the battle? (v. 17)**  
 A. Look at me      B. Do as I do      C. Walk softly      D. A and B
23. **What did Gideon tell the men to shout when he and all who were with him blew their trumpets? (v.18)**  
 A. For the nations of Israel  
 B. For our fields and our lands  
 C. For the Lord and for Gideon  
 D. For the ark of the covenant at Shiloh
24. **When did Gideon and his men reach the edge of the Midianite camp? (v. 19)**  
 A. At the first watch  
 B. At the beginning of the middle watch  
 C. At the beginning of the third watch  
 D. At the middle of the second watch
25. **What did Gideon and his men do with the trumpets and the jars? (v. 19)**  
 A. Used the trumpets to break the jars  
 B. Pounded their trumpets against the jars  
 C. Put the jars on the end of the trumpets to mute the sound  
 D. Blew their trumpets and smashed the jars
26. **What did the men in the Israelite army hold in their left hand? (v. 20)**  
 A. Torches      B. Trumpets      C. Jars      D. Sword
27. **What did the men in the Israelite army hold in their right hand? (v. 20)**  
 A. Torches      B. Trumpets      C. Jars      D. Sword
28. **What did the Israelite army shout? (v. 20)**  
 A. A shield for the Lord and for Gideon!  
 B. A trumpet for the Lord and for Gideon!  
 C. A shout for the Lord and for Gideon!  
 D. A sword for the Lord and for Gideon!
29. **What happened while each man of the Israelite army stood in his place around the camp? (v. 21)**  
 A. All the Midianites attacked them from every direction  
 B. All the Midianites fled into their tents in the camp trying to hide  
 C. All the Midianites ran, crying out as they fled  
 D. All the Midianites bowed down in surrender to the army of Israel
30. **What happened when the three hundred blew their trumpets? (v. 22)**  
 A. The men throughout the camp turned on each other with their swords  
 B. The Lord set every man's sword against his comrade and against all the army  
 C. The Lord caused the men throughout the camp to turn to each other in fear  
 D. The men throughout the camp trampled their tents
31. **Where did the Midianite army flee? (v. 22)**  
 A. To the spring of Harod  
 B. To the top of Mount Tabor  
 C. As far as the border of Abel-meholah by Tabbath  
 D. As far as the border of Beth Shittah, north of Zererah

32. **Men of Israel from which tribes were called out to pursue the Midianites? (v. 23)**  
A. Naphtali, Asher, and all Manasseh  
B. Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh  
C. Issachar and Ephraim  
D. Levi, Zebulun, and Naphtali
33. **What message did Gideon send out throughout the hill country of Ephraim? (v. 24)**  
A. Capture the waters of the spring of Harod  
B. Capture the waters as far as Beth Shittah  
C. Capture the waters as far as Beth-barah  
D. Capture the waters as far as the Sea of Kinnereth
34. **Which Midianite princes did the men of Ephraim capture? (v. 25)**  
A. Oreb                      B. Zeeb                      C. Zebah                      D. A and B
35. **What did the men of Ephraim do to the Midianite princes that they captured? (v. 25)**  
A. Brought them to Gideon  
B. Killed them and brought their heads to Gideon  
C. Beat them and let them go  
D. Drowned them in the Jordan River
36. **Where was Gideon at the end of chapter 7? (v. 25)**  
A. In the Israelite camp at the spring of Harod  
B. In the Midianite camp in the Valley of Jezreel  
C. At the top of Mount Gilboa, holding out his javelin  
D. Across the Jordan River
37. **Where was Zeeb killed? (v. 25)**  
A. At the rock of Oreb  
B. In the Jordan River  
C. In the Valley of Jezreel  
D. At the winepress of Zeeb

## JUDGES 8

1. **What did the Ephraimites ask Gideon?** (v. 1)
  - A. Why have you treated the Midianites like this?
  - B. Why didn't you call us when you went to fight Midian?
  - C. Why did you send us home, only to ask us later to fight Midian?
  - D. Why did you drive the Midianites into our lands?
  
2. **What did the Ephraimites do to Gideon?** (v. 1)
  - A. Praised him as a leader and judge over Israel
  - B. Betrayed his location to the Midianite leaders
  - C. Accused him fiercely
  - D. Refused to provide food and water for him
  
3. **What was Gideon's response to the Ephraimites?** (v. 2)
  - A. What have I done now in comparison with you?
  - B. We have both accomplished great things
  - C. God gave Oreb and Zeeb, the Jebusite leaders, into your hands
  - D. I was able to do a lot compared to you!
  
4. **In what condition did Gideon and his three hundred men cross the Jordan?** (v. 4)
  - A. Full of strength and pursuing
  - B. Wounded, yet pursuing
  - C. Discouraged, yet pursuing
  - D. Exhausted, yet pursuing
  
5. **Who were Gideon and his men still pursuing?** (v. 5)
  - A. Oreb & Zeeb
  - B. Zebah & Zalmunna
  - C. Nobah & Jogbehah
  - D. Gaal & Ebed
  
6. **For what did Gideon ask the men of Succoth?** (v. 5)
  - A. Loaves of bread
  - B. Tents for his troops
  - C. Swords & shields
  - D. Water
  
7. **How did the officials of Succoth respond to Gideon's request?** (v. 6)
  - A. We see Zebah and Zalmunna already in your possession. You can go home now – you do not need anything from us
  - B. Here is plenty of bread and water! Your men may have all they want!
  - C. Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna already in your hand, that we should give bread to your army?
  - D. We have many swords and shields. You may take them with you into battle
  
8. **Who said, "I will flail your flesh with the thorns of the wilderness and with briers."** (v. 7)
  - A. Zebah
  - B. Zalmunna
  - C. Joash
  - D. Gideon
  
9. **Who refused to help Gideon and his three hundred men when he asked for bread?** (v.8)
  - A. Men of Succoth
  - B. Men of Heber
  - C. Men of Penuel
  - D. A and C
  
10. **What did Gideon say to the men of Penuel?** (v. 9)
  - A. When I return in triumph, I will tear down this city wall
  - B. When I come again in peace, I will break down this tower
  - C. When I return in triumph, I will tear your flesh with desert thorns and briers
  - D. When I return in triumph, you may share in our plunder
  
11. **Where were Zebah and Zalmunna?** (v. 10)
  - A. Succoth
  - B. Peniel
  - C. Nobah
  - D. Karkor

12. **How large was the army with Zebah and Zalmunna? (v.10)**  
A. About 15,000    B. About 20,000    C. About 22,000    D. About 25,000
13. **How many men who drew the sword of the people of the East had fallen? (v. 10)**  
A. 100,000    B. 110,000    C. 120,000    D. 130,000
14. **How did Gideon and his three hundred men approach the army of Zebah & Zalmuna? (v. 11)**  
A. By the way of the nomads west of Nobah and Jogbehah  
B. By the way of the tent dwellers east of Nobah and Jogbehah  
C. By the way of the nomads north of Nobah and Jogbehah  
D. By the way of the nomads south of Nobah and Jogbehah
15. **What did Gideon and his 300 men do when they reached the army of the people of the East? (v. 12)**  
A. Captured Zebah  
B. Captured Zalmunna  
C. Threw all the army into a panic  
D. All of the above
16. **How did Gideon return from the battle? (v. 13)**  
A. By the route of the nomads west of Nobah  
B. By the route of the nomads south of Jogbehah  
C. South of the Pass of Heres  
D. By the ascent of Heres
17. **What did Gideon obtain from the young man of Succoth? (v. 14)**  
A. Bread and water  
B. A tent in which to rest  
C. The names of the officials and elders of Succoth, 77 men  
D. The secret way into the city of Succoth
18. **What did Gideon do to the elders of the city of Succoth? (v. 16)**  
A. Taught them a lesson using thorns of the wilderness and briers  
B. Taught them a lesson by burning the city  
C. Taught them a lesson by exiling them from Succoth  
D. Taught them a lesson by tearing down their tower
19. **What did Gideon do when he returned to Penuel? (v. 17)**  
A. Broke down the tower of Penuel  
B. Punished the men of the town with thorns and briers  
C. Killed the men of the city  
D. A and C
20. **How did Zebah and Zalmunna respond when Gideon asked, "Where are the men whom you killed at Tabor?" (v. 18)**  
A. As you are each one with the earring of a prince  
B. As you are, each one with the palace of a prince  
C. As you are, each one with the servants of a prince  
D. As you are, so were they. Every one of them resembled the son of a king
21. **Who had Zebah and Zalmunna killed? (v. 19)**  
A. The priests of Tabor  
B. Gideon's brothers, the sons of his own mother  
C. Gideon's cousins, the sons of his own uncle  
D. The government officials of Tabor

22. **Who was Jether?** (v. 20)  
 A. Gideon's youngest son  
 B. Gideon's only nephew  
 C. Gideon's oldest son  
 D. Zebah's servant
23. **What did Gideon want Jether to do?** (v. 20)  
 A. Kill the men of Succoth  
 B. Kill the men of Peniel  
 C. Kill the men of Karkor  
 D. Kill Zebah and Zalmunna
24. **Why did Jether not do this?** (v. 20)  
 A. He was still a young man and was afraid  
 B. He had no sword  
 C. He was not strong enough  
 D. He was hard of hearing, and did not listen to Gideon
25. **What did Zebah and Zalmunna say when Jether did not kill them?** (v. 21)  
 A. Rise yourself and fall upon us  
 B. As the man is, so is his strength  
 C. Are you afraid to do it yourself?  
 D. A and B
26. **What did Gideon do besides kill Zebah and Zalmunna?** (v. 21)  
 A. Hung their bodies from a tree  
 B. Threw their bodies into the Jordan River  
 C. Took the ornaments off their necks  
 D. Took the crescent ornaments off their camels' necks
27. **What did the men of Israel want Gideon to do after he conquered the Midianites?** (v. 22)  
 A. Rule over them  
 B. Share the plunder  
 C. Leave their country  
 D. Offer sacrifices
28. **Which of the following did Gideon say when he responded to the Israelite request?** (v. 23)  
 A. I will rule over you  
 B. My son will rule over you  
 C. The Lord will rule over you  
 D. All of the above
29. **What did Gideon ask of the men of Israel?** (v. 24)  
 A. Necklaces from each man's earrings from his spoil  
 B. Earrings from each man's earrings from his spoil  
 C. Bracelets from each man's earrings from his spoil  
 D. All of the above
30. **Whose custom was it to wear golden earrings?** (v. 24)  
 A. Midianites      B. Canaanites      C. Amalekites      D. Ishmaelites
31. **What was the weight of the golden earrings Gideon requested?** (v. 26)  
 A. 700 shekels      B. 70 shekels      C. 17 shekels      D. 1,700 shekels

32. **What else did Gideon have as spoil from the battle?** (v. 26)  
 A. Crescent ornaments  
 B. Pendants and purple garments worn by the kings of Midian  
 C. Collars that were on the necks of the camels  
 D. All of the above
33. **What did Gideon do with the gold he was given?** (v. 27)  
 A. Made it into a golden calf  
 B. Made it into an ephod  
 C. Made it into an altar  
 D. Made it into a golden candlestick
34. **Where did Gideon put this object that he made with the gold?** (v. 27)  
 A. In the tent of meeting in Shiloh  
 B. Where his father's idol of Baal had stood before Gideon destroyed it  
 C. In Ophrah, his city  
 D. On his head
35. **What did this object become to Gideon and his family?** (v. 27)  
 A. Strength                      B. Wealth                      C. Power                      D. A snare
36. **How long did the land of Israel enjoy rest during the life of Gideon?** (v. 28)  
 A. Twenty years              B. Forty years              C. Sixty years              D. Fifty years
37. **How many sons did Gideon (*Jerubbaal*) have?** (v. 30)  
 A. Twelve                      B. Twenty                      C. Twenty-two              D. Seventy
38. **Where did Gideon's concubine live?** (v. 31)  
 A. Ophrah                      B. Shiloh                      C. Shechem                      D. Peniel
39. **What was the name of the son of Gideon by his concubine?** (v. 31)  
 A. Abimelech              B. Jether                      C. Joash                      D. Jotham
40. **Where was Gideon buried?** (v. 32)  
 A. In the tomb of Heber and Jael, the Kenites  
 B. In the tomb of Caleb and Othniel  
 C. In the tomb of Ehud and Shamgar  
 D. In the tomb of Joash his father, at Ophrah
41. **What did the Israelites do right after Gideon died?** (v. 33)  
 A. Mourned and wept for forty days  
 B. Whored after the Baals  
 C. Made Baal-berith their god  
 D. B and C
42. **"They did not \_\_\_\_\_ to the family of Jerubbaal (*that is, Gideon*) in return for all the good that he had done to Israel."** (v. 35)  
 A. Pay tribute              B. Bow down              C. Show steadfast love              D. Give livestock

## JUDGES 9

1. **Who was Abimelech?** (v. 1)  
A. Son of Jerubbaal    B. Son of Jether    C. Son of Jotham    D. Son of Zebul
2. **Who did Abimelech go to in Shechem?** (v. 1)  
A. His mother  
B. His brothers  
C. His mother's relatives  
D. His sisters
3. **What did Abimelech want the leaders of Shechem to remember?** (v. 2)  
A. That Abimelech was a mighty warrior  
B. That Abimelech was a first-born son  
C. That Abimelech was the son of Gideon  
D. That Abimelech was their bone and flesh
4. **Who were the leaders of Shechem inclined to follow?** (v. 3)  
A. Abimelech    B. Jerub-Ba    C. Jether    D. Jotham
5. **How much money did the leaders of Shechem give Abimelech?** (v. 4)  
A. 20 pieces of silver  
B. 40 pieces of silver  
C. 60 pieces of silver  
D. 70 pieces of silver
6. **What did Abimelech do with the silver?** (v. 4)  
A. Gave it to poor people in Shechem  
B. Gave it to his mother's brothers  
C. Purchased large flocks of sheep  
D. Hired worthless and reckless fellows
7. **What did Abimelech do at his father's home in Ophrah?** (v. 5)  
A. Helped farm and tend the sheep  
B. Worshiped the golden ephod  
C. Killed his brothers on one stone  
D. Drove his brothers away from their homes
8. **How many brothers (sons of Jerubbaal) did Abimelech have?** (v. 5)  
A. 10    B. 70    C. 50    D. 12
9. **Which brother escaped from Abimelech?** (v. 5)  
A. Jotham    B. Jether    C. Jonah    D. Jacob
10. **What happened by the oak of the pillar at Shechem?** (v. 6)  
A. Abimelech gave the citizens of Shechem their silver back  
B. Abimelech was granted all the wealth of Jerubbaal  
C. The leaders of Shechem defeated the army of Beth-millo  
D. The leaders of Shechem and all Beth-millo made Abimelech king
11. **What mountain did Jotham stand on?** (v. 7)  
A. Mount Sinai  
B. Mount Ebal  
C. Mount Gerizim  
D. Mount Gilboa

12. **What did Jotham do on top of the mountain?** (v. 7)  
 A. Wept bitterly  
 B. Worshiped the Lord God of Israel  
 C. Cried out to the leaders of Shechem  
 D. Hid from Abimelech
13. **According to Jotham, why should the leaders of Shechem listen to him?** (v. 7)  
 A. So that God may listen to them  
 B. Because he was the legitimate son of Jerub-Baal  
 C. Because he was a prophet of God  
 D. So that they could learn the commandments of the Lord
14. **In Jotham's story of the trees that went out to anoint a king, which plant did they approach?** (v.8-13)  
 A. An olive tree      B. A fig tree      C. A vine      D. All the above
15. **What did the fig tree say?** (v. 11)  
 A. Shall I give up my oil, by which both gods and men are honored, to hold sway over the trees?  
 B. Shall I leave my sweetness and my good fruit and go hold sway over the trees?  
 C. Shall I give up my wine, which cheers both gods and men, to hold sway over the trees?  
 D. If you really want to anoint me king over you, come and take refuge in my shade
16. **Which plant said, ". . . let fire come out of the bramble and devour the cedars of Lebanon."**(v. 15)  
 A. An olive tree      B. A fig tree      C. The bramble      D. A vine
17. **What did Jotham say that his father had done for the leaders of Shechem?** (v. 17)  
 A. Fought for them  
 B. Risked his life to deliver them from Midian  
 C. Made a gold ephod for them  
 D. A and B above
18. **What did Jotham say that the leaders of Shechem had done to his father?** (v. 18)  
 A. Taken vengeance against his father's family  
 B. Killed his 70 sons on one stone  
 C. Made Abimelech, military commander over Shechem  
 D. All of the above
19. **What was Jotham's curse, if the leaders of Shechem had not acted honorably?** (v. 20)  
 A. Let fire come out from Abimelech and devour the leaders of Shechem and Beth-millo  
 B. Let fire come out from Abimelech and consume the citizens of Beth Millo  
 C. Let fire come out from the leaders of Shechem and from Beth-millo and devour Abimelech  
 D. A and C
20. **Where did Jotham flee?** (v. 21)  
 A. To Orphah      B. To Mount Ebal      C. To Beer      D. To Thebez
21. **Why did Jotham flee?** (v. 21)  
 A. Because of his brother Abimelech  
 B. Because of his cousin Abimelech  
 C. Because of his uncle Abimelech  
 D. Because of his nephew Abimelech
22. **Why did the leaders of Shechem deal treacherously against Abimelech?** (v. 23)  
 A. God sent a famine in the land which the leaders blamed on Abimelech  
 B. God sent an evil spirit between Abimelech and the leaders of Shechem  
 C. God sent a plague upon the citizens of Shechem, and laughed at their king  
 D. God blessed Abimelech with great wealth, which the leaders of Shechem resented

23. **Why did God do this?** (v. 24)  
A. So Jotham, might be declared king in Abimelech's place  
B. So Abimelech might slaughter the citizens of Shechem  
C. So the leaders of Shechem might unite and kill Abimelech  
D. Because of the violence done to the seventy sons of Jerubbaal
24. **What did the leaders of Shechem do in opposition to Abimelech?** (v. 25)  
A. Refused to pay taxes to him as their king  
B. Brought in Jotham as their king  
C. Put men on the mountaintops to ambush and rob all who passed by  
D. Stole Abimelech's idols and placed them in Ophrah
25. **What happened when Gaal, son of Ebed, moved into Shechem with his relatives?** (v. 26)  
A. Shechem's leaders ignored him  
B. Shechem's leaders robbed him of all of his possessions  
C. Shechem's leaders proclaimed him as their new king  
D. Shechem's leaders put their confidence in him
26. **What did Gaal, son of Ebed, ask at this feast?** (v. 28)  
A. Who is Abimelech that we should sacrifice animals to him?  
B. Isn't he Jerub-Baal's brother, and isn't Zebul his son?  
C. Why should we serve Abimelech?  
D. Why don't we serve Hamor?
27. **Who was Zebul?** (v. 30)  
A. Brother of Abimelech  
B. Son of Abimelech  
C. Son of Jotham  
D. The ruler of the City (of Shechem)
28. **What did Zebul do?** (v. 30-31)  
A. Became angry and exiled Abimelech from Shechem  
B. Became angry and sent messengers to Abimelech secretly  
C. Became angry and sent messengers to Jotham secretly  
D. Became angry and killed Jotham, son of Jerubbaal
29. **What advice did Zebul give Abimelech?** (v. 32-33)  
A. At night, Abimelech and his men should set an ambush in the fields  
B. In the morning at sun up, rise early and rush the city  
C. When the men come out against him, Abimelech should do whatever his hand finds to do  
D. All of the above
30. **What did Abimelech do?** (v. 34)  
A. Ignored the advice of Zebul  
B. Rose up with all his troops by day and took up positions in the fields in three companies  
C. Rose up by night and set an ambush against Shechem in four companies  
D. Rose up with all his troops by day and took up positions surrounding Shechem in six companies
31. **When did Gaal stand at the entrance to the city gate?** (v. 35)  
A. Just as Abimelech and the people rose from the ambush  
B. In the middle of the day, before Abimelech and his soldiers set out for Shechem  
C. Before Abimelech and his soldiers found hiding places in the fields  
D. All day long, anticipating an attack by Abimelech and his soldiers

32. **What did Gaal say when he saw Abimelech and his people?** (v. 36-37)  
A. Look, people are coming down from the mountaintops!  
B. Look, people are coming down from the center of the land  
C. One company is coming from the direction of the Diviners' Oak  
D. All of the above
33. **How did Zebul respond to Gaal's words?** (v. 36-38)  
A. You mistake the shadows of the mountains for men  
B. Aren't these the people whom you despised?  
C. Go out now and fight with them  
D. All of the above
34. **What happened when Gaal led the head of the leaders of Shechem who fought Abimelech?** (v. 39-41)  
A. Abimelech laughed at him  
B. Many fell wounded up to the entrance to the gate  
C. They defeated Abimelech, who was exiled from Shechem  
D. The citizens of Shechem were afraid, and surrendered to Abimelech
35. **Where did Abimelech live?** (v. 41)  
A. In Shechem      B. In Orphah      C. In Arumah      D. On Mount Gerizim
36. **What did Zebul do to Gaal and his brothers?** (v. 41)  
A. Killed them with the sword  
B. Beat them and left them to die outside of the city walls  
C. Drove them out of Shechem  
D. Hung them from a tree
37. **What happened the next day when the people of Shechem went out to the fields?** (v. 42-44)  
A. Abimelech set an ambush in the fields  
B. Abimelech rushed forward and stood at entrance to the city gate  
C. Two companies rushed upon those in the field and killed them  
D. All of the above
38. **What was the outcome of the battle between Abimelech and the people of Shechem?** (v. 45)  
A. Abimelech captured the city and killed the people in it  
B. Abimelech penetrated the city, which was shut up tight  
C. Abimelech was killed by a millstone dopped on his head  
D. Abimelech captured the city and enslaved its people
39. **What did Abimelech sow all over the city of Shechem?** (v. 45)  
A. Wheat      B. Salt      C. Ashes      D. Water
40. **Where did the leaders in the Tower of Shechem go?** (v. 46)  
A. To the top of Mount Gerizim  
B. On the rooftops to hide under the flax  
C. The stronghold of the house of El-berith  
D. To Orphah, home of Jerub-Baal
41. **Where did Abimelech gather a bundle of brushwood by cutting them with an axe?** (v. 48)  
A. Mount Tabor  
B. Mount Gerizim  
C. Mount Zalmon  
D. Mount Ebal

42. **What did Abimelech and his men do with the branches they gathered?** (v. 49)  
 A. Made a bonfire in the middle of the destroyed city to keep warm  
 B. Put them against the stronghold and set it on fire  
 C. Put them on an altar, and made a sacrifice to El-Berith  
 D. Put them on an altar, and made a sacrifice to the Lord God of Israel
43. **How many people in the Tower of Shechem died?** (v. 49)  
 A. About a hundred  
 B. About five hundred  
 C. About twenty  
 D. About a thousand
44. **What city did Abimelech capture after Shechem was destroyed?** (v. 50)  
 A. Thebez                      B. Orpah                      C. Peniel                      D. Succoth
45. **Where did the people of this city flee?** (v. 51)  
 A. To the banks of the Jordan River  
 B. Into the strong tower within the city – up on the roof  
 C. To Mount Gerizim  
 D. To Orpah
46. **What happened to Abimelech when he came to the tower to set it on fire?** (v. 52-53)  
 A. His clothes caught on fire, and he was burned  
 B. He tripped on his own sword and died  
 C. He was trampled by the people who rushed from the tower  
 D. A woman threw an upper millstone on his head & crushed his skull
47. **Why did Abimelech want his armor-bearer to draw his sword and kill him?** (v. 54)  
 A. To shorten his pain and end his suffering  
 B. So no one could say that a woman killed Abimelech  
 C. So no one could say that he was killed by a citizen of Shechem  
 D. So no one could say that he died by illness
48. **What did the men of Israel do when they saw that Abimelech was dead?** (v. 55)  
 A. They went home  
 B. They went to Mount Gerizim and consecrated themselves to the Lord  
 C. They went to Orpah and cared for the gold ephod of Jerub-Baal  
 D. They went to Beer, found Jotham, and anointed him king
49. **Who returned the evil that Abimelech had done to his father?** (v. 56)  
 A. Jotham                      B. Gaal                      C. Zebul                      D. God
50. **Who made the men of Shechem pay for all their evil?** (v. 57)  
 A. Jotham                      B. Jerub-Baal                      C. Zebul                      D. God

# JUDGES 10

1. **After the time of Abimelech, who arose to save Israel? (v. 1)**  
A. Issachar                      B. Tola                                      C. Puah                                      D. Shamgar
2. **Where did this leader live? (v. 1)**  
A. Shamir                      B. Shechem                                      C. Shiloh                                      D. Mizpah
3. **For how long did this leader judge (or lead) Israel? (v. 2)**  
A. Ten years                      B. Thirteen years                                      C. Twenty years                                      D. Twenty-three years
4. **How long did Jair of Gilead judge Israel? (v. 3)**  
A. Twenty years                      B. Twenty-two years                                      C. Twenty-three years                                      D. Twenty-five years
5. **What does the Bible say about Jair? (v. 4)**  
A. He had thirty sons  
B. His sons road thirty donkeys  
C. His sons controlled thirty cities in Gilead called Havvoth-Jair  
D. All of the above
6. **When the Israelites again did evil in the eyes of the Lord, which gods did they serve? (v. 6)**  
A. The Baals and the Ashtaroths  
B. The gods of Syria and Sidon  
C. The gods of Moab, the Ammonites, and the Philistines  
D. All of the above
7. **What did the Lord do when the Israelites forsook Him and did not serve Him? (v. 6-7)**  
A. He became angry with them  
B. He sold them into the hands of the Sidonians  
C. He sold them into the hands of the Ammonites  
D. A and C
8. **For eighteen years, who oppressed the people of Israel who were beyond the Jordan? (v. 7-8)**  
A. Philistines and Amorites  
B. Philistines and Jebusites  
C. Philistines and Ammonites  
D. Philistines and Hivites
9. **Against whom did the Ammonites cross the Jordan to fight? (v. 9)**  
A. Judah, Benjamin, and the house of Ephraim  
B. Reuben, Gad, and the half-tribe of Manasseh  
C. Benjamin and the house of Manasseh  
D. Issachar and Dan
10. **What did the people of Israel say when they cried out to the Lord? (v. 10)**  
A. Hear our cry, O Lord, for we are in great distress  
B. We have sinned against you, because we have forsaken our God and have served the Baals  
C. Oh Lord, you have abandoned us and put us in the hands of the Philistines  
D. Remember us, O Lord, and remember your promise to us!
11. **Which was NOT included when the Lord listed the nations from which He saved Israel? (v. 11-12)**  
A. Egyptians and Amorites  
B. Ammonites and Philistines  
C. Overbites and Moabites  
D. Maonites

12. **When the Lord told Israel that He would no longer save them, what did He tell them to do instead? (v. 14)**  
 A. Curse God and die  
 B. Go and appoint a leader, who would lead them out of misery  
 C. Go and destroy the gods among them  
 D. Go and cry out to the gods whom they had chosen
13. **What did the Israelites do after the Lord told them He would no longer save them? (v. 15-16)**  
 A. They said, "We have sinned"  
 B. They said, "Do with us whatever seems good to you"  
 C. They put away the foreign gods among them. And They served the Lord  
 D. All of the above
14. **"And He (God) became impatient over the \_\_\_\_\_ of Israel." (v. 16)**  
 A. Faithlessness      B. Misery      C. Disgrace      D. Prayers
15. **When the Ammonites were called to arms, where did they camp? (v. 17)**  
 A. Gilead      B. Mizpah      C. Shechem      D. Kadesh
16. **Where did the people of Israel assemble and camp? (v. 17)**  
 A. Gilead      B. Mizpah      C. Shechem      D. Kadesh
17. **What did the people, the leaders of Gilead say to one another? (v. 18)**  
 A. The Ammonites will be the richest of all those living in Gilead  
 B. Who is the man who will begin to fight against the Ammonites?  
 C. He shall be head over all the inhabitants of Gilead.  
 D. B and C

# JUDGES 11

1. **How is Jephthah the Gileadite described? (v. 1)**  
A. A mighty warrior    B. A righteous priest    C. An evil outcast    D. A priest of Baal
2. **Who was Jephthah's father? (v. 1)**  
A. Gideon    B. Gaal    C. Gilead    D. Jair
3. **Who was Jephthah's mother? (v. 1)**  
A. Deborah    B. Jael    C. Delilah    D. A prostitute
4. **Who drove Jephthah away? (v. 2)**  
A. His father    B. Sons of Gilead's wife    C. Gilead's wife    D. Jotham
5. **Why did they drive Jephthah away? (v. 2)**  
A. So Jephthah would not be able to join in decisions made by the clan  
B. So Jephthah would not have the family inheritance since he was the firstborn son  
C. So Jephthah would not have an inheritance in their father's house  
D. Because Jephthah was possessed by an evil spirit
6. **Where did Jephthah settle? (v. 3)**  
A. In the land of Tob    B. In the city of Shechem    C. In Shiloh    D. In Jabesh Gilead
7. **Who collected around Jephthah and went out with him? (v. 3)**  
A. A group of prostitutes    B. Three Levite priests    C. Soldiers from Gilead    D. Worthless fellows
8. **Why did the elders of Gilead go to bring Jephthah from the land of Tob? (v. 5 & 6)**  
A. To ridicule him for running from his brothers  
B. To ask him to be their leader that they may fight against the Ammonites  
C. To ask him to be their priest  
D. To ask him to invoke a curse on the Ammonites
9. **What was Jephthah's response to their request? (v. 7)**  
A. Did you not hate me and drive me out of my father's house?  
B. Why have you come to me now when you are in distress?  
C. Who am I to fight the Ammonites?  
D. A and B
10. **What did the elders of Gilead tell Jephthah he would be if he fought with them? (v. 8)**  
A. Brave and courageous  
B. Wealthy  
C. Head over all the inhabitants of Gilead  
D. Father of many sons
11. **The elders of Gilead said, "\_\_\_\_\_." (v. 10)**  
A. Baal will be our witness between us, if we do not do as you say  
B. We will be witnesses between us, if we do not do as you say  
C. The Lord will be witness between us, if we do not do as you say  
D. The sun will be witness between us, if we do not do as you say
12. **When Jephthah went with the elders of Gilead, the people made him \_\_\_\_\_ (v. 11)**  
A. Leader    B. Head    C. Priest    D. A and B

13. **What did Jephthah do before the Lord at Mizpah? (v. 11)**  
 A. Read the book of the law of Moses  
 B. Spoke all his words  
 C. Offered a burnt offering to the Lord  
 D. Worshiped the Lord
14. **What did Jephthah say in his message to the Ammonite king? (v. 12)**  
 A. Why do you not fear us? Do you not know that the Lord fights for us?  
 B. Why do you join with the Philistines in war against Israel?  
 C. What do you have against me, that you have come to me to fight against my land?  
 D. Sign a treaty of peace with us, so that we all might live together in the land
15. **What did the Ammonite king tell Jephthah's messengers that Israel had done? (v. 13)**  
 A. Took away his land from the Arnon to the Jabbok and to the Jordan  
 B. Killed many of his people, and taken others to do forced labor  
 C. Stolen all the food and livestock from his people  
 D. Taken his son captive
16. **Jephthah told the Ammonite king that Israel did not take \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 15)  
 A. The land of the Hivites    B. The land of Moab    C. The land of the Ammonites    D. B and C
17. **When Israel came up out of Egypt, where did they go through? (v. 16)**  
 A. Through the wilderness to the Jordan River and came to Jerusalem  
 B. Through the wilderness to the Jabbok River and came to the Euphrates  
 C. Through the wilderness to the Tigris River and came to Bethel  
 D. Through the wilderness to the Red Sea and came to Kadesh
18. **Which kings refused to give permission for Israel to go through their countries? (v. 17 & 19)**  
 A. Sihon king of the Amorites  
 B. Kings of Edom and Moab  
 C. Kings of Gilead and Mizpah  
 D. A and B
19. **What was the border for the territory of Moab? (v. 18)**  
 A. The Jordan    B. The Jabbok    C. The Arnon    D. The Yarmuk
20. **What did Sihon King of Heshbon, do when Israel requested passage through his land? (v. 20)**  
 A. Granted them safe passage  
 B. Gathered his people and fought with Israel  
 C. Gave Israel some land as an inheritance  
 D. Fortified all his cities and shut them up tight
21. **When the Lord gave Sihon & all his people into the hand of Israel, what territory did Israel possess? (v. 22)**  
 A. From the Arnon to the Jabbok, and from the wilderness to the Jordan  
 B. From the Tigris to the Jabbok, and from the wilderness to the Yarmuk  
 C. From the Arnon to the Jordan, and from the wilderness to the Kishon  
 D. From the Jordan to the Zered, and from the wilderness to Hebron
22. **"\_\_\_\_\_ decide this day between the people of Israel and the people of Ammon."** (v. 27)  
 A. Your god Chemosh    B. Your god Baal    C. The Lord, the Judge    D. Us
23. **What was the response of the king of the Ammonites to Jephthah's message? (v. 28)**  
 A. He did not listen  
 B. His heart melted with fear  
 C. He laughed  
 D. He surrendered to Jephthah

24. **What was upon Jephthah?** (v. 29)  
 A. Great wisdom from the Lord  
 B. The Spirit of the Lord  
 C. The ability to prophesy  
 D. The ability to heal
25. **From which location did Jephthah pass on to the Ammonites?** (v. 29)  
 A. Gilead                      B. Manasseh                      C. Mizpah of Gilead                      D. Jabbok River
26. **If the Lord gave the Ammonites into Jephthah's hands, what did Jephthah vow to do in response?** (v. 31)  
 A. He would offer up as a burnt offering the finest of his sheep when he returned in victory  
 B. He would offer up as an offering all the plunder of the Ammonites when he returned in victory  
 C. He would offer up as an offering his firstborn child when he returned in victory  
 D. He would offer up as a burnt offering whatever came out of the door of his house to meet him
27. **How many cites of the Ammonites had Jephthah struck down?** (v. 33)  
 A. Five                      B. Ten                      C. Fifteen                      D. Twenty
28. **Where was Jephthah's home when he returned?** (v. 34)  
 A. Shiloh                      B. Mizpah                      C. Shechem                      D. Bethel
29. **Who came out to meet Jephthah upon his return?** (v. 34)  
 A. His daughter                      B. His son                      C. His wife                      D. His mother
30. **How did this person come out of his home?** (v. 34)  
 A. Singing and worshiping the Lord God of Israel  
 B. Praying to the Lord God of Israel for the safety of Jephthah  
 C. With tambourines and with dances  
 D. Tending sheep
31. **How many children did Jephthah have?** (v. 34)  
 A. One                      B. Two                      C. Three                      D. Four
32. **What was Jephthah's response when he was met by this member of his family?** (v. 35)  
 A. He tore his clothes  
 B. He said, "You have brought me very low"  
 C. He said, "I cannot take back my vow"  
 D. All of the above
33. **What did Jephthah's family member say to him upon hearing this news?** (v. 36)  
 A. The Lord would not want you to sacrifice your own flesh and blood!  
 B. Do to me according to what has gone out of your mouth  
 C. You can not be held accountable if I flee from your presence  
 D. You may sacrifice my servant in my place!
34. **What request did Jephthah agree to before he fulfilled his vow?** (v. 37)  
 A. Let her weep with her friends because she was going to die  
 B. Leave her alone one year to roam the hills and try to find a husband  
 C. Let her spend two months with her companions going up and down on the mountains  
 D. Leave her alone two years to roam the hills and try to find shelter from Jephthah
35. **What did she do after two months?** (v. 39)  
 A. Hid from Jephthah  
 B. Gathered a band of followers to fight Jephthah  
 C. Married an Ammonite  
 D. Returned to Jephthah, who did with her according to his vow

## JUDGES 12

1. **What did the men of Ephraim say when they were called to arms & crossed to Zaphon? (v. 1)**
  - A. Why are you head and commander over all of Gilead? You will only lead Gilead into evil
  - B. Why did you cross over to fight against the Ammonites and did not call us to go with you?
  - C. Come be our commander and head over all of Ephraim!
  - D. Why did you go to fight the Philistines without calling us to go with you?
  
2. **What did the men of Ephraim intend to do to Jephthah? (v. 1)**
  - A. Make him their commander and head
  - B. Steal from Jephthah
  - C. Invoke a curse on Jephthah's head
  - D. Burn Jephthah's house over him with fire
  
3. **What was Jephthah's response to the men of Ephraim? (v.2)**
  - A. I and my people were engaged in a great struggle with the Amorites
  - B. When I called you, you didn't save me from their hands
  - C. I took my life in my hands and crossed over to fight the Ammonites with you
  - D. The Lord gave us the victory over them
  
4. **What did the Ephraimites say about the Gileadites? (v. 4)**
  - A. They were fugitives of Ephraim, in the midst of Ephraim and Manasseh
  - B. They were greatest in all of Ephraim and Manasseh
  - C. They were leaders and judges for all of Ephraim and Manasseh
  - D. They were evil, and needed to be purged from Israel
  
5. **Jephthah gathered all the men of Gilead and fought with \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 4)
  - A. Manasseh
  - B. Issachar
  - C. Dan
  - D. Ephraim
  
6. **What did the Gileadites capture? (v. 5)**
  - A. The fords of the Jabbok
  - B. The fords of the Kishon
  - C. The fords of the Jordan
  - D. The fords of the Tigris
  
7. **If a fugitive of Ephraim wanted to go over, what would the men of Gilead ask him to say? (v. 5-6)**
  - A. Shunammite
  - B. Simeon Bar Kosiba
  - C. Shishak
  - D. Shibooleth
  
8. **What happened if the man of Ephraim could not pronounce the word correctly? (v. 6)**
  - A. The men of Gilead would allow him to cross the river
  - B. The men of Gilead would seize him and slaughter him
  - C. The men of Gilead would make him pay a fine
  - D. The men of Gilead would steal all of his possessions
  
9. **How many Ephraimites were killed at that time? (v. 6)**
  - A. 10,000
  - B. 30,000
  - C. 42,000
  - D. 50,000
  
10. **How long did Jephthah judge Israel? (v. 7)**
  - A. Six years
  - B. Seven years
  - C. Nine years
  - D. Twelve years
  
11. **Who judged Israel after Jephthah? (v. 8)**
  - A. Shamgar
  - B. Othniel
  - C. Ibzan
  - D. Elon

12. **How many children did Ibzan have? (v. 9)**  
 A. 15 sons, 15 daughters  
 B. 20 sons, 20 daughters  
 C. 17 sons, 17 daughters  
 D. 30 sons, 30 daughters
13. **What does Judges say about the spouses Ibzan obtained for his children? (v. 9)**  
 A. His sons and daughters married each other  
 B. He gave his sons and daughters in marriage outside his clan  
 C. His sons and daughters married within their clan  
 D. His sons and daughters did not marry
14. **Where was Ibzan buried? (v. 10)**  
 A. Zebulun                      B. Gilead                                      C. Issachar                                      D. Bethlehem
15. **How long did Elon the Zebulunite judge Israel? (v. 11)**  
 A. Five years                      B. Ten years                                      C. Fifteen years                                      D. Twenty years
16. **Where was Elon buried? (v. 12)**  
 A. Aijalon                      B. Pirathon                                      C. Gilead                                      D. Issachar
17. **Who was the father of Abdon the Pirathonite, who judged Israel? (v. 13)**  
 A. Jerub-Baal                      B. Abimelech                                      C. Puah                                      D. Hillel
18. **Abdon's forty sons and thirty grandsons rode on \_\_\_\_\_ donkeys. (v. 14)**  
 A. Seven                      B. Seventeen                                      C. Forty-seven                                      D. Seventy
19. **How long did Abdon judge Israel? (v. 14)**  
 A. Two years                      B. Four years                                      C. Eight years                                      D. Ten years
20. **Abdon was buried at Pirathon in the land of Ephraim, in the hill country of the \_\_\_\_\_. (v. 15)**  
 A. Ammonites                      B. Amalekites                                      C. Philistines                                      D. Midianites

## JUDGES 13

1. **At the beginning of chapter 13, the Lord gave Israel into the hand of the who for forty years.? (v. 1)**  
A. Philistines      B. Midianites      C. Ammonites      D. Moabites
2. **Where did Manoah live? (v. 2)**  
A. Gilead      B. Pirathon      C. Aijalon      D. Zorah
3. **Manoah was of the tribe of the \_\_\_\_\_ . (v. 2)**  
A. Zebulunites      B. Danites      C. Ephraimites      D. Gileadites
4. **Describe Manoah's wife. (v. 2)**  
A. She had weak eyes and was delicate  
B. She was lovely in form and beautiful  
C. She was Egyptian  
D. She was barren and had no children
5. **When the angel of the LORD appeared to Manoah's wife, what did he say? (v. 3-4)**  
A. You shall conceive and bear a son  
B. Be careful and drink no wine or strong drink  
C. Eat nothing unclean  
D. All of the above
6. **What did the angel of the LORD say about the child Manoah's wife would bear? (v. 3-5)**  
A. No razor shall come upon his head  
B. The child shall be a Nazirite to God from the womb  
C. He shall begin to save Israel from the hand of the Philistines  
D. All of the above
7. **When Manoah's wife told her Husband about the man of God, how did she describe him? (v. 3,6)**  
A. His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, very awesome  
B. His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, with wings  
C. His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, all dressed in white  
D. His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, shiny and bright
8. **What did Manoah's wife tell Manoah that she did NOT ask the man of God? (v. 3,6)**  
A. Where he was from  
B. His name  
C. How old he was  
D. A and B
9. **What did Manoah do after hearing the news from his wife that she was to bear a Nazirite son? (v. 8)**  
A. Tore his clothes  
B. Offered sacrifices  
C. Prayed to the LORD  
D. Ran to the fields to find the man of God
10. **Why did Manoah pray to the LORD to let the man of God come again to them? (v. 8)**  
A. So Manoah could question him about the Philistines  
B. So Manoah could hear the news from the man of God himself  
C. So Manoah could take him to the leaders of his clan  
D. So he could teach them what they were to do with the child

11. **After God listened to the voice of Manoah, to whom did the angel of God come again? (v. 3,9)**  
A. Manoah  
B. Manoah's wife  
C. Manoah and his wife  
D. Leader of the Danite clan
12. **What did Manoah's wife do when she saw the angel of God had come again? (v. 10)**  
A. Bowed low to the ground  
B. Wept with joy  
C. Tore her clothes  
D. Ran quickly and told her husband
13. **What did Manoah say when he came to the man of God? (v. 11)**  
A. Are you the man that spoke to this woman?  
B. Blessed are you for the glorious news that you have brought to us!  
C. How do we know for certain that you come from God?  
D. How can this be true, since my wife is sterile and childless?
14. **What did Manoah ask the man of God about the child? (v. 12)**  
A. What is to be the child's name?  
B. What is the child's manner of life?  
C. What is the child's mission?  
D. B and C
15. **What was the command from the angel of the Lord for Manoah's wife? (v. 14)**  
A. All that I commanded her let her observe  
B. She must eat daily from the fruit of the grapevine  
C. She must drink a small amount of wine each Sabbath  
D. All of the above
16. **Why did Manoah want to detain the angel of the LORD? (v. 15)**  
A. So he could help them raise the boy  
B. So Manoah could make an offering  
C. So he could bless the house with prosperity by his presence  
D. So Manoah and his wife could prepare a young goat for him
17. **What did the angel of the LORD say when Manoah offered him food? (v. 16)**  
A. It was very tasty and satisfying  
B. He would not eat it  
C. It was burned  
D. It was very kind of Manoah to feed him
18. **The angel of the Lord said to Manoah, "But if you prepare a burnt offering, \_\_\_\_\_." (v. 16)**  
A. God would fulfill his promise  
B. Take it to Shiloh to the high priest of Israel  
C. Offer it to the Lord  
D. Make sure it is gluten free
19. **Manoah did not realize that he was \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 16)  
A. God's son  
B. The high priest  
C. A judge who led Israel  
D. The angel of the Lord

20. **Why did Manoah want to know the name of the angel of the LORD? (v. 17)**  
 A. So that they could honor him when his word came true  
 B. So that they could name their son after him  
 C. So that they could tell the leaders of the clan about the visitor  
 D. So that they could say a prayer to the Lord in his behalf
21. **What did the angel of the LORD say when Manoah asked him his name? (v. 18)**  
 A. Why do you ask my name?  
 B. It is Gabriel  
 C. It is wonderful  
 D. A and C
22. **What did Manoah offer on a rock to the LORD? (v. 19)**  
 A. A young goat      B. A young lamb      C. A grain offering      D. A and C
23. **What thing did the Lord do while Manoah and his wife watched the sacrifice? (v. 20)**  
 A. Sent down a flame of fire that consumed the offering  
 B. The angel of the LORD went up in the flame of the altar  
 C. Caused the ground to open up and swallow the sacrifice  
 D. After the flame had died out, the angel of the Lord ascended into a cloud
24. **What did Manoah and his wife do when they saw this? (v. 20)**  
 A. Tore their clothes  
 B. Wept bitterly  
 C. Fell on their faces to the ground  
 D. Praised the Lord with loud voices
25. **When did Manoah realize that he had seen the angel of the Lord. (v. 21)**  
 A. When the Lord spoke down out of the clouds with a thundering voice  
 B. When the sky grew dark for three hours  
 C. When the sun stood still for a day  
 D. When the angel of the Lord appeared no more
26. **What did Manoah say to his wife after he knew that he had seen the angel of the LORD? (v. 22)**  
 A. We will surely die, for we have seen God  
 B. We will surely die for we did not believe the angel at first  
 C. We will surely die for we questioned the angel  
 D. We will surely die for the goat we offered had a blemish  
 E. We will surely die for the Philistines would hear about his mission
27. **Which of the following was said by Manoah's wife? (v. 23)**  
 A. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have accepted a burnt offering  
 B. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have accepted a grain offering  
 C. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have shown us all these things  
 D. All of the above
28. **After Manoah's wife bore a son, what did she name him? (v. 24)**  
 A. Gideon      B. Barak      C. Samson      D. Ehud
29. **How does the Bible describe the boy's early years? (v. 24-25)**  
 A. The young man grew  
 B. The Lord blessed him  
 C. The Spirit of the Lord began to stir him  
 D. All of the above

# JUDGES 14

1. **Where did Samson see a daughter of the Philistines whom he wanted to marry?** (v. 1-2)  
A. Timnah                      B. Ashkelon                      C. Lehi                      D. Gaza
2. **What did Samson say to his parents after seeing this Philistine woman?** (v. 2)  
A. If only she were of Israel, then I could marry her!  
B. Get her for me as my wife  
C. Should she be my wife?  
D. The marriage feast day is set
3. **Why did Samson's parents object to his desire to marry a Philistine woman?** (v. 3)  
A. He was betrothed to an Israelite woman  
B. Timnah was too far away from their home to make arrangements for the wedding  
C. Timnah was a Philistine town, and they did not want Samson living there  
D. The woman was a Philistine – from uncircumcised Philistines
4. **What did Samson's parents not know about this marriage between Samson and the Philistine woman?** (v. 4)  
A. It was from the Lord  
B. God would provide an Israelite woman for Samson  
C. The Philistine woman was righteous and believed in the of God of Israel  
D. The woman wasn't a Philistine
5. **Who went down with Samson to Timnah?** (v. 5)  
A. His father and mother      B. His sister                      C. His brother                      D. His slave
6. **What happened when Samson came to the vineyards of Timnah?** (v. 5)  
A. The young Philistine woman came running out to meet him  
B. The bees swarmed around him  
C. A young lion came toward him roaring  
D. The father of the young Philistine woman met him
7. **When the Spirit of the Lord rushed upon Samson, what did Samson do?** (v. 6)  
A. Prophesied with loud words  
B. Tore the lion in pieces with his bare hands  
C. Spoke the language of the Philistines  
D. Healed a lame man outside the city of Timnah
8. **Who did Samson tell what he had done?** (v. 6)  
A. His father  
B. His mother  
C. The Philistine woman  
D. None of the above
9. **After Samson went down and talked with the Philistine woman, how did he feel about her?** (v. 7)  
A. She was right in his eyes  
B. She was perfect  
C. She was all wrong  
D. He idolized her

10. **When Samson went back to marry the woman sometime later, what did he turn aside to see? (v. 8)**  
 A. Gather flowers to give to her  
 B. Purchase a new cloak to wear  
 C. Thresh wheat in a field  
 D. The lion's carcass he had killed
11. **What did he find when he turned aside on his second journey? (v. 8)**  
 A. A young bear cub with his mother  
 B. A flock of sheep  
 C. A swarm of bees with honey  
 D. A large vineyard
12. **What did Samson give his parents when he rejoined them on his second trip? (v. 9)**  
 A. Bread                      B. Wine                                      C. Milk                                      D. Honey
13. **When Samson's father went down to see the woman, what did Samson do? (v. 10)**  
 A. Prepared a burnt offering there  
 B. Prepared a feast there  
 C. Prepared a gift of crops  
 D. Prepared a young lamb
14. **What was Samson given as soon as people saw him? (v. 11)**  
 A. Thirty companions    B. Thirty goats                      C. 30 linen garments    D. Thirty shekels of silver
15. **What did Samson say to the people who gathered for the feast? (v. 12-13)**  
 A. Let me put a riddle to you  
 B. Let me tell you what happened on my first trip to Timah  
 C. Let me perform a magic trick for you  
 D. All of the above
16. **How many garments was the loser of the riddle to provide? (v. 12)**  
 A. Ten                              B. Twenty                              C. Thirty                              D. Forty
17. **How long was the feast? (v. 12)**  
 A. Three days                      B. Four days                              C. Five days                              D. Seven days
18. **What was Samson's riddle? (v. 14)**  
 A. Out of the eater came something sweet. Out of the strong came something to eat  
 B. Out of the eater came something wet. Out of the strong came something dry  
 C. Out of the eater came something to eat. Out of the strong came something sweet  
 D. Out of the eater came something rich. Out of the strong came something weak
19. **After three days of not being able to give an answer, what did the guests do? (v. 14-15)**  
 A. Asked Samson's father the meaning of the riddle  
 B. Asked Samson to give them a hint  
 C. Became angry and left the wedding feast  
 D. Asked Samson's wife to entice Samson to explain the riddle for them
20. **"Have you invite us here to \_\_\_\_\_?" (v. 15)**  
 A. Make fun of us              B. Impoverish us                      C. Enslave us                              D. Hurt us
21. **What did Samson's wife say when she threw herself on him sobbing? (v. 16)**  
 A. You hate me!  
 B. You do not love me!  
 C. You have put a riddle to my people, & you haven't told me what it is  
 D. All of the above

22. **What was Samson's reply to his wife?** (v. 16)  
 A. I explained it to my father and mother, but I will not explain it to you  
 B. I have not even explained it to my father or mother, but I will explain it to you  
 C. I have not told my father nor my mother, and shall I tell you?  
 D. I explained it to my father, but not my mother, so why should I explain it to you?
23. **How long did Samson's wife weep?** (v. 17)  
 A. Three days      B. Four days      C. Six days      D. Seven days
24. **Why did Samson tell his wife the answer to the riddle on the seventh day?** (v. 17)  
 A. He felt sorry for her  
 B. She pressed him hard  
 C. She told him about the threat from the people  
 D. He decided to keep no secrets from her
25. **Samson's wife explained the riddle to \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 17)  
 A. Samson's mother      B. Manoah      C. Her father      D. Her people
26. **Before the sun went down on the seventh day, what did the men of the city say to Samson?** (v. 18)  
 A. What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?  
 B. What is sweeter than bees? What is stronger than a bear?  
 C. What is sweeter than sugar? What is stronger than a camel?  
 D. What is sweeter than flowers? What is stronger than a man?
27. **What was Samson's response to the men of the city when they gave an answer to his riddle?** (v. 18)  
 A. If you had not threatened my wife, you would not have solved my riddle  
 B. If you had not been listening at my door, you would not have solved my riddle  
 C. If you had not plowed with my heifer, you would not have found out my riddle  
 D. If you had not plowed with my ox, you would not have solved my riddle
28. **"Then the Spirit of the Lord \_\_\_\_\_ upon him."** (v. 19)  
 A. Came      B. Grew      C. Swept      D. Rushed
29. **Where was Samson when he struck down thirty men, and took their garments?** (v. 19)  
 A. Zorah      B. Timnah      C. Gaza      D. Ashkelon
30. **How did Samson feel after the events at his wedding feast?** (v. 19)  
 A. Rejoicing in his new wife  
 B. Sorrowful for marrying outside the nation of Israel  
 C. Hot with anger  
 D. Forgiving of his wife for her betrayal
31. **Where did Samson go after he had given clothes to those who had told the riddle?** (v. 19)  
 A. To his wife in Timnah  
 B. To his father's house  
 C. Into the desert  
 D. To the vineyards of Timnah
32. **What happened to Samson's wife?** (v. 20)  
 A. She died  
 B. She went with Samson to his father's house  
 C. She stayed with her father  
 D. She was given to his best man

## JUDGES 15

1. **When did Samson take a young goat and go to visit his wife? (v. 1)**
  - A. At the time of Passover
  - B. At the time of wheat harvest
  - C. At the time of grape gathering
  - D. At the time of sheep shearing
  
2. **After Samson said, "I will go in to my wife in the chamber," how did his father-in-law respond? (v. 2)**
  - A. I really thought that you utterly hated her, so I gave her to your companion
  - B. Isn't her twin sister just as attractive?
  - C. Take her younger sister instead
  - D. A and C
  
3. **What did Samson think when he heard these words from his father-in-law? (v. 3)**
  - A. You had no right to do this to my wife! She was mine!
  - B. My poor wife! What she must have suffered!
  - C. This was just and proper since she betrayed me during the wedding feast
  - D. This time I shall be innocent in regard to the Philistines, when I do them harm
  
4. **How many foxes did Samson catch? (v. 4)**
  - A. One hundred
  - B. Two hundred
  - C. Three hundred
  - D. Four hundred
  
5. **What did he do with these foxes? (v. 4)**
  - A. Make warm outer garments as a peace offering to the Philistines
  - B. Turned them tail to tail and put a torch between each pair of tails
  - C. Fastened a torch to each individual tail
  - D. Lit the torches and let the foxes loose in the city of Timnah
  
6. **What did Samson burn that belonged to the Philistines? (v. 5)**
  - A. Stacked grain
  - B. Standing grain
  - C. Olive orchards
  - D. All of the above
  
7. **When the Philistines found out Samson was responsible for the destruction, what did they do? (v. 6)**
  - A. Burned Samson's wife and her father with fire
  - B. Burned Samson's mother and father to death
  - C. Burned Samson's home to the ground
  - D. All of the above
  
8. **Samson said to the Philistines, "If this is what you do, \_\_\_\_\_." (v. 7)**
  - A. I will gather the forces of Israel to get revenge on you
  - B. I swear I will be avenged on you, and after that I will quit
  - C. God will take vengeance on you
  - D. Your gods will be unable to save you from Israel
  
9. **What did Samson do to the Philistines after they killed his wife? (v. 8)**
  - A. Invoked a curse on them from the top of a high mountain
  - B. Offered a burnt offering to the Lord, praying for guidance
  - C. Struck them hip and thigh with a great blow
  - D. Captured many of them and made them his slaves
  
10. **Where did Samson stay after his wife had been killed? (v. 8)**
  - A. In the mountains of Timnah
  - B. In Zorah at the home of Manoah
  - C. In the valley of Gaza
  - D. In the cleft of the rock of Etam

11. **Where did the Philistines encamp when they went out to find Samson? (v. 9)**  
A. In Judah and made a raid on Lehi  
B. In Dan, spreading out near Lehi  
C. In Judah and made a raid on Etam  
D. In Zebulun, spreading out near Lehi
12. **How did the Philistines respond when Judah asked them why they had come against them? (v. 10)**  
A. We have come to kill Samson  
B. We have come up to bind Samson  
C. We have come to burn Samson's fields  
D. We have come to kill Samson's relatives
13. **How many men from Judah went down to see Samson? (v. 11)**  
A. One thousand    B. Two thousand    C. Three thousand    D Four thousand
14. **Judah said to Samson, "Do you not know that the Philistines are \_\_\_\_\_?" (v. 11)**  
A. Rulers over us  
B. Stronger than us  
C. Bigger than us  
D. Wiser than us
15. **What was Samson's reply to the men of Judah? (v. 11)**  
A. Do not fear. The Lord will not let harm come to you  
B. Wait and watch. You will see the power of the Lord soon  
C. As they did to me, so have I done to them  
D. We have no ruler over us but the Lord, God of Israel
16. **What did the men of Judah want to do to Samson? (v. 12)**  
A. Kill him and give his body to the Philistines  
B. Bind him and give him into the hands of the Philistines  
C. Torture him and hand him over to the Philistines  
D. Hide him from the Philistines
17. **What did Samson want the men of Judah to swear to him? (v. 12)**  
A. That they would not attack Samson themselves  
B. That they would not let any harm come to Samson's parents  
C. That they would destroy their idols and worship only the God of Israel  
D. That they would bury his body in his home town of Zorah
18. **What did the men of Judah bind Samson with? (v. 13)**  
A. One new rope that had never been used  
B. Three new ropes that had never been used  
C. Fabric from the loom  
D. Two new ropes
19. **As Samson approached Lehi, what did the Philistines do? (v. 14)**  
A. Shot him with arrows  
B. Threw stones at him  
C. Came shouting to meet him  
D. Threw spears at him
20. **When the Spirit of the Lord rushed upon Samson, what did the ropes on his arms become like? (v. 14)**  
A. Flax that has caught fire  
B. Threads  
C. Dried wheat  
D. Flash that has caught fire

21. **When the bindings melted off his hands, what did Samson find for a weapon? (v. 15)**  
 A. Nothing – he used his bare hands  
 B. A fresh jawbone of a donkey  
 C. A sword he seized from the nearest Philistine  
 D. A tree limb from the nearest tree
22. **How many men did Samson strike down? (v. 15)**  
 A. One thousand    B. Five hundred    C. Fifteen hundred    D. Two thousand
23. **Samson said, “With the jawbone of a donkey \_\_\_\_\_ upon heaps. (v. 16)**  
 A. Piled    B. Men    C. Donkeys    D. Heaps
24. **What was the place called where Samson struck down a thousand of the Philistines? (v. 17)**  
 A. Gaza    B. En-hakkore    C. Ramath-lehi    D. Beth-shan
25. **What does Ramath-lehi mean? (v. 17)**  
 A. The hill of the jawbone  
 B. The spring of bones  
 C. Burning ropes  
 D. Piles of frogs
26. **Why did Samson call out to the Lord? (v. 18)**  
 A. He was very sorrowful  
 B. He was very thirsty  
 C. He was very hungry  
 D. He was very lonely
27. **What did Samson say to the Lord? (v. 18)**  
 A. You have granted this great salvation by the hand of your servant  
 B. Must I now die of hunger and fall into the hands of the uncircumcised?  
 C. Where is your Spirit now that I am alone without a wife or child?  
 D. All of the above
28. **What did God do for Samson? (v. 19)**  
 A. Sent angels to minister to him  
 B. Sent ravens with bread to feed him  
 C. Sent rain to cool him and quench his thirst  
 D. Split open up a hollow place at Lehi, and water came out from it
29. **What was the place called where God cared for Samson? (v. 19)**  
 A. Ramath Lehi  
 B. Beth Millo  
 C. Spring of Harod  
 D. En-hakore
30. **What does En-hakore mean? (v. 19)**  
 A. The hill of a donkey  
 B. The spring of him who called  
 C. Flowing waters  
 D. Sweet honey
31. **How long did Samson judge Israel in the days of the Philistines? (v. 20)**  
 A. Five years    B. Ten years    C. Twenty years    D. Thirty years

# JUDGES 16

1. **Where did Samson go to see a prostitute? (v. 1)**  
A. Gilead                      B. Timnah                      C. Gaza                      D. Bethlehem
2. **When the people of the town were told that Samson was there, what did they do? (v. 2)**  
A. Stormed the house in which Samson with torches  
B. Surrounded the place and stormed the house  
C. Set an ambush for him all night at the gate of the city  
D. Fled in terror
3. **When did the people of the town plan to kill Samson? (v. 2)**  
A. At midnight              B. Light of the morning              C. At midday              D. At mid-afternoon
4. **How long did Samson lay in the house? (v. 3)**  
A. Until midnight              B. Until dawn              C. Until midday              D. Until mid-afternoon
5. **What did Samson do when he left the house? (v. 3)**  
A. Took hold of the doors of the gate of the city and the two posts  
B. Pulled up the posts, bar and all, and put them on his shoulders and carried them off  
C. Burned the doors and posts in the fields outside of the town  
D. A and B
6. **Where did Samson take the city gates and posts? (v. 3)**  
A. To Timnah  
B. To the top of the hill that is in front of Hebron  
C. To the Valley of Sorek  
D. To Ramath Lehi
7. **With whom did Samson fall in love? (v. 4)**  
A. Delilah                      B. Deborah                      C. Dora                      D. Drusilla
8. **Where did this woman live? (v. 4)**  
A. In Gaza                      B. In the Valley of Sorek                      C. In Timnah                      D. In Hebron
9. **What did the lords of the Philistines want Delilah to do? (v. 5)**  
A. Tell her where his parents were hiding  
B. Put poison in the food she gave to Samson  
C. Seduce him, and see where his great strength lies  
D. Lure Samson into the cave of Etam, where they could ambush him
10. **How much did the lords of the Philistines offer to pay Delilah for doing this task? (v. 5)**  
A. Eleven hundred shekels of silver  
B. Eleven hundred shekels of silver from each of the Lords  
C. Eleven hundred shekels of gold  
D. Eleven hundred shekels of precious jewels
11. **What did Delilah say to Samson? (v. 6)**  
A. Tell me where your great strength lies, & how you might be bound, that one could subdue you  
B. Tell me the secret of your great wisdom and how you can subdued  
C. Tell me the secret of your great strength and how you obtained it  
D. Tell me the secret of your great popularity and how you lead the Israelites
12. **How many times did Delilah try to subdue Samson before he told her the truth? (v. 7-14)**  
A. Two                      B. Three                      C. Four                      D. Five

13. **Where were the Philistine men when Delilah tried unsuccessfully to bind Samson? (v. 9)**  
A. Surrounding her house  
B. Outside the city gates  
C. Lying in ambush in an inner chamber  
D. On her roof
14. **What did Delilah say each time she tried to bind Samson? (v. 9, 12, & 14)**  
A. Samson, you are a fool!  
B. Samson, your strength is gone!  
C. Samson, you must marry me!  
D. The Philistines are upon you, Samson!
15. **How did Samson free himself from the seven fresh bowstrings? (v. 9)**  
A. He snapped them, as a thread of flax snaps when it touches the fire  
B. He snapped them off his arms as if they were threads  
C. They became like charred flax and dropped from his hands  
D. He cut them off with a dagger
16. **What did Delilah say to try to persuade Samson to tell her the truth? (v. 10, 13, & 15)**  
A. You have mocked me and told me lies  
B. Stop lying to me  
C. How can you say, 'I love you,' when your heart is not with me?  
D. A and C
17. **How many locks were on Samson's head? (v. 13-14)**  
A. Three                      B. Four                      C. Five                      D. Seven
18. **In which instance does the Bible say that Samson slept while Delilah tried to subdue him? (v. 14)**  
A. When she tied him with seven fresh thongs (bowstrings)  
B. When she tied him with new ropes  
C. When she wove his locks into the web  
D. All of the above
19. **How long did Delilah press Samson before he told her the truth? (v. 16)**  
A. Seven days              B. Three days              C. One month              D. Day after day
20. **When Samson told Delilah the truth, what did he say? (v. 17)**  
A. A razor has never come upon my head, for I am Nazirite to God  
B. If my head were shaved, I would be exiled from Israel  
C. If my head is shaved, then my strength will leave me  
D. A and C
21. **When Delilah sent for the rulers of the Philistines the last time, what did they bring with them? (v. 18)**  
A. New ropes              B. Her father              C. A loom              D. Money
22. **What did Delilah do before the locks of Samson's hair were shaved off? (v. 19)**  
A. Fed Samson  
B. Gave Samson a drink  
C. Made him sleep on her knees  
D. Kissed Samson
23. **Who shaved off the locks of Samson's hair? (v. 19)**  
A. Delilah              B. Delilah's servant girl              C. A man              D. The Philistine rulers

24. **What did Delilah do after Samson's locks were shaved off?** (v. 19)  
 A. She began to torment him  
 B. She ran out of the house  
 C. She felt sorry for betraying him  
 D. She hid behind the Philistines
25. **What happened to Samson when the locks of his hair were shaved off?** (v. 19)  
 A. His strength left him  
 B. He was stronger  
 C. He was just as strong as before  
 D. The Spirit of the Lord came upon him in power
26. **What did Samson think when he awoke from his sleep and his locks had been cut off?** (v. 20)  
 A. I will never trust Delilah again  
 B. I must offer a burnt offering to God for breaking my Nazirite vow  
 C. I must flee – No Israelite must see me this way, dishonored and broken  
 D. I will go out as at other times and shake myself free
27. **What did Samson NOT know when he awoke?** (v. 20)  
 A. The Philistine rulers were hiding in the room  
 B. His braids had been burned  
 C. His hands were tied  
 D. The Lord had left him
28. **What did the Philistines do to Samson after his strength left him?** (v. 21)  
 A. Seized him and gouged out his eyes  
 B. Took him to Gaza  
 C. Bound him with bronze shackles  
 D. All of the above
29. **What happened to the hair on Samson's head while he was in prison?** (v. 21-22)  
 A. The remaining bristles fell out and he was completely bald  
 B. It turned completely white  
 C. It began to grow again  
 D. It did not grow – it remained in stubbles on his head
30. **Why did the lords of the Philistines gather?** (v. 23)  
 A. To offer a great sacrifice to their god  
 B. To rejoice that their god had delivered their enemy, Samson, into their hands  
 C. To decide what to do to Samson  
 D. A and B
31. **Who was the god of the Philistines?** (v. 23)  
 A. Dagon                      B. Hadad                      C. Chemosh                      D. Molech
32. **Why did the Philistines want Samson brought out of the prison?** (v. 25)  
 A. To be released      B. To kill him                      C. To torture him                      D. To entertain them
33. **Where did Samson ask the young man to take him during this Philistine celebration?** (v. 26)  
 A. Out of the temple so he could escape  
 B. Back to the prison  
 C. Among pillars on which the house rests  
 D. To the stone idol of the god in the temple

34. **Who was in the Philistine temple at this time?** (v. 27)  
 A. Men and women  
 B. All the lords of the Philistines  
 C. About three thousand men and women on the roof  
 D. All of the above
35. **What did Samson do while he performed for the Philistines?** (v. 28)  
 A. Wept bitterly      B. Called to the Lord      C. Laughed      D. Shouted
36. **For what did Samson want to avenge when he was in the Philistine temple?** (v. 28)  
 A. His two eyes      B. His dead wife      C. His burned fields      D. Israel's Oppression
37. **What did Samson do to the two middle pillars on which the house rested?** (v. 29-30)  
 A. Climbed them  
 B. Leaned on them  
 C. Leaned his weight against them, he bowed up with all his strength  
 D. Kicked them
38. **What were Samson's last words?** (v. 30)  
 A. Now I am avenged on the Philistines!  
 B. Now Israel is free from the Philistines!  
 C. Let me die with the Philistines!  
 D. May the God of Israel be praised in the gates!
39. **What happened to the Philistine temple?** (v. 30)  
 A. Nothing – it remained standing  
 B. The house fell upon the lords and upon all the people who were in it  
 C. It was burned to the ground by the Israelites who ambushed it  
 D. The Lord opened up the ground and swallowed it and everyone in it
40. **Samson killed \_\_\_\_\_ when he died than while he lived.** (v. 30)  
 A. More animals      B. More      C. More women      D. Less
41. **Who went down to get Samson's body?** (v. 31)  
 A. His brothers      B. All his family      C. His mother & father      D. A and B
42. **Where was Samson buried?** (v. 31)  
 A. In Eshtaol  
 B. With the Philistines  
 C. In the tomb of Manoah his father  
 D. Text doesn't say
43. **How long had Samson judged Israel?** (v. 31)  
 A. Twenty years      B. Twenty-two years      C. Thirty years      D. Fifteen years

# JUDGES 17

1. **Where did Micah live? (v. 1)**
  - A. In Jerusalem
  - B. In Bethlehem
  - C. In Hebron
  - D. The hill country of Ephraim
  
2. **What had Micah done? (v. 2)**
  - A. Stolen a hundred pieces of gold from his mother
  - B. Stolen two hundred pieces of silver from his mother
  - C. Stolen five hundred pieces of bronze from his mother
  - D. Stolen eleven hundred pieces of silver from his mother
  
3. **What had his mother done when she discovered the theft? (v. 2)**
  - A. Uttered a curse
  - B. Wept bitterly
  - C. Tore her robes
  - D. Purchased a sword
  
4. **What did Micah's mother say when Micah confessed to the theft? (v. 2)**
  - A. Blessed be my son by the Lord
  - B. The Lord punishes you severely for what you've done!
  - C. You are cut off and cast away from our family!
  - D. What caused you to do this evil deed, my son?
  
5. **What did Micah's mother do when he returned the silver to her? (v. 3)**
  - A. Gave (*restored*) it back to Micah
  - B. Dedicate the silver to the Lord
  - C. Said to make a carved image and a metal image
  - D. All of the above
  
6. **How many pieces of silver were used to make the carved image and metal image? (v. 4)**
  - A. Fifty
  - B. One hundred
  - C. Two hundred
  - D. Five hundred
  
7. **Who made the carved image and a metal image? (v. 4)**
  - A. Micah
  - B. Micah's brother
  - C. Micah's father
  - D. A silversmith
  
8. **Where was the image and idol placed? (v. 4)**
  - A. In the tent of meeting in Shiloh
  - B. In Micah's mother's house
  - C. In Micah's house
  - D. In the center of town
  
9. **What did Micah have? (v. 5)**
  - A. A shrine
  - B. An ephod
  - C. Household gods
  - D. All of the above
  
10. **Who was Micah's priest? (v. 5)**
  - A. His father
  - B. His brother
  - C. One of his sons
  - D. Himself
  
11. **"In those days there was no \_\_\_\_\_ in Israel. Everyone did what was right in his own eyes." (v. 6)**
  - A. King
  - B. Judge
  - C. Priest
  - D. Prophet

12. **Who came to Micah's house while on a journey? (v. 7-8)**  
A. A young man who was a Benjamite  
B. A young man who was a Gadite  
C. A young man who was a Danite  
D. A young man who was a Levite
13. **Where was this young man from? (v. 7)**  
A. Jerusalem in Judah  
B. Bethlehem in Judah  
C. Bethel in Ephraim  
D. Gibeon in Benjamin
14. **Why had this person left his home town? (v. 9)**  
A. To find a place  
B. To find a wife  
C. To find great wealth  
D. To find food during a time of famine
15. **What did Micah say to the young man on a journey? (v. 10)**  
A. May God bless you as you continue your journey, my son  
B. Go back home, because this journey can only lead to great harm  
C. Stay with me, and be to me a father and a priest  
D. I will give you two hundred shekels of silver – make me another idol for my shrine
16. **What did Micah agree to give this man if he stayed and served as a priest? (v. 10)**  
A. Ten pieces of silver a year  
B. A suit of clothes  
C. His living  
D. All of the above
17. **What did the young Levite man become to Micah? (v. 11-12)**  
A. Like one of his own sons  
B. His priest  
C. His ruler  
D. A and B
18. **Which of the following statements did Micah make? (v. 13)**  
A. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since I have returned my mother's silver  
B. Now I know that the Lord will prosper me, because I have a Levite as priest  
C. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since I have a shrine in my house  
D. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since this Levite blessed my house

# JUDGES 18

1. **In those days, what was the tribe of the Danites seeking? (v. 1)**
  - A. An inheritance to dwell in
  - B. Food for their families
  - C. Grazing land for their sheep
  - D. All of the above
  
2. **Why were they seeking this? (v. 1)**
  - A. Because there was a famine in their territory
  - B. Because they were too numerous for their territory
  - C. Because no inheritance among the tribes of Israel had fallen to them
  - D. Because they had been driven out of their territory by the Canaanites
  
3. **Whom did the Danites send to spy out and explore the land? (v. 2)**
  - A. Five priests from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe
  - B. Five rulers from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe
  - C. Five able men from the whole number of their tribe
  - D. Five shepherds from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe
  
4. **Which Israelite judge (or leader) came from the area of Zorah and Eshtaol? (13:2)**
  - A. Ehud
  - B. Othniel
  - C. Deborah
  - D. Samson
  
5. **What did the five men do when they came to the house of Micah? (v. 2)**
  - A. Surrounded it
  - B. Lodged there
  - C. Raided it
  - D. Blessed it
  
6. **When they were near Micah's house, what did the five men recognize? (v. 3)**
  - A. The silver image Micah had made
  - B. Micah's mother
  - C. The voice of the young Levite
  - D. One of Micah's sons
  
7. **What did the five men ask Micah's priest? (v. 3)**
  - A. Who brought you here?
  - B. What are you doing in this place?
  - C. What is your business here?
  - D. All of the above
  
8. **What did the young priest tell the five men about Micah? (v. 4)**
  - A. Micah had hired him
  - B. He was Micah's priest
  - C. Micah got him new shoes
  - D. A and B
  
9. **What did the five men want from the young Levite priest? (v. 5)**
  - A. To inquire of God to learn whether their journey would be successful
  - B. Food and water
  - C. The silver idol in the shrine
  - D. Twenty shekels of silver
  
10. **What did the young Levite priest tell the five men before they left? (v. 6)**
  - A. Go home. Your journey does not have the Lord's approval
  - B. Go in peace. The journey on which you go is under the eye of the Lord
  - C. Go cautiously. You will be successful, but there will be many dangers
  - D. Go by night, or one of you will be killed

11. **What did the Danite men find in Laish? (v. 7)**  
 A. The people were living in fear, with the town shut up tight  
 B. The people were living in great power with many mighty warriors  
 C. The people were living in security, quiet and unsuspecting  
 D. The people were living in great debauchery – drunk with much wine
12. **To which nation did the Danite spies compare the people of Laish? (v. 7)**  
 A. The Philistines      B. The Sidonians      C. The Midianites      D. The Moabites
13. **With whom did the people of Laish have dealings with? (v. 7)**  
 A. No one      B. The Sidonians      C. The Philistines      D. The Moabites
14. **What did the five spies report to their brothers when they returned? (v. 9-10)**  
 A. We have seen that the land is very good  
 B. Do not be slow to go, to enter in and possess the land  
 C. The land is spacious, for God has given it into your hands  
 D. All of the above
15. **What did the spies advise their brothers to do? (v. 9)**  
 A. Let's live here – we have plenty where we are  
 B. Let's negotiate a treaty of peace with the people of Laish  
 C. Arise, and let us go up against them  
 D. Let's inquire of the Lord before we decide
16. **How many men of the tribe of Dan, armed for weapons, set out from Zorah and Eshtaol? (v. 11)**  
 A. Two hundred      B. Three hundred      C. Six hundred      D. Eight hundred
17. **What did the five spies tell their brothers about Micah's house? (v. 14)**  
 A. It had an ephod and household gods  
 B. It had a carved image and a metal image  
 C. It had a priest  
 D. A and B
18. **When the six hundred armed Danites went to Micah's place, where did they stand? (v. 16)**  
 A. At the entrance of the gate  
 B. Behind the house  
 C. On top of the hill overlooking the house  
 D. In the fields west of the house
19. **What did the five spies do when they reached Micah's house on this second occasion? (v. 17)**  
 A. Went inside and took only the carved image and metal image  
 B. Went inside and took the ephod and household gods  
 C. Stayed outside and asked the priest to bring them the household gods  
 D. A and B
20. **Where was the priest while all of this was happening? (v. 17)**  
 A. In the shrine  
 B. At the entrance to the gate  
 C. Hiding in Micah's house  
 D. In the fields away from the house
21. **What did the five Danite spies tell the priest when he asked them what they were doing? (v. 19)**  
 A. Keep quiet; put your hand on your mouth  
 B. Come with us and be to us a father and a priest  
 C. Is it better for you to be priest to the house of one man, or to be priest to a tribe and clan in Israel?  
 D. All of the above

22. "Then the priest's heart was \_\_\_\_\_." (v. 20)  
 A. Sorrowful                      B. Glad                      C. Stunned                      D. Scared
23. What did the Danites put in front of them when they turned away from Micah's house and left? (v. 21)  
 A. The priest and gods of Micah  
 B. Their little ones  
 C. Their livestock and goods  
 D. B and C
24. What happened after the Danites had gone some distance from Micah's house? (v. 22)  
 A. Micah and his sons overtook the Danites  
 B. The priest decided to turn back to live in the house of Micah  
 C. The Danites killed the priest  
 D. The Danites were overtaken by the men who lived near Micah
25. Who said, "What is the matter with you, that you come with such a company?" (v. 23)  
 A. Micah  
 B. The people of Dan  
 C. Men who lived near Micah  
 D. Five spies
26. Which of the following did Micah say to the people of Dan? (v. 24)  
 A. The gods I made are mine; they will not fight for you  
 B. You must pay me for my priest!  
 C. What have I left?  
 D. I will give you my land and house
27. Why did Micah go back home? (v. 26)  
 A. The people of Dan returned his idols to him  
 B. The people of Dan returned his priest to him  
 C. The people of Dan ridiculed and shamed him  
 D. Micah saw that the people of Dan were too strong for him
28. What did the people of Dan do when they reached the unsuspecting people of Laish? (v. 27)  
 A. Signed a treaty of peace with them to live together in the land  
 B. Struck them with the edge of the sword and burned the city with fire  
 C. Attacked them and forced them to become water carriers for the Danites  
 D. Forced them out of their homes to live as wanderers in Israel
29. Why did no one rescue Laish from the people of Dan? (v. 28)  
 A. The people of Laish were surrounded by enemies on all sides  
 B. It was far from Sidon  
 C. They had no dealings with anyone  
 D. B and C
30. Where was the city of the people of Laish? (v. 28)  
 A. In the valley that belongs to Beth-rehob  
 B. In the valley of Sorek  
 C. In the valley between Mount Gerizim and Mount Ebal  
 D. In the valley by the Hill of Moreh
31. After rebuilding the city, what did the people of Dan name it? (v. 28-29)  
 A. Laish                      B. Beth Rehob                      C. Dan                      D. Israel

- 32. Who were priests for the tribe of Dan until the time of the captivity? (v. 30)**  
A. Micah and his sons  
B. The five spies and their sons  
C. Jonathan the son of Gershom, son of Moses, and his sons  
D. Appointed elders from the tribe of Dan
- 33. What idols did the Danites use? (v. 31)**  
A. The idols of the people of Laish  
B. The carved image Micah had made  
C. The idols for Dagon, the Philistine god  
D. No idols – they worshiped the Lord God of Israel
- 34. Where was the house of God? (v. 31)**  
A. Shechem                      B. Zorah                                      C. Eshtaol                                      D. Shiloh

# JUDGES 19

1. **What words open Judges 18 and Judges 19? (v. 1)**
  - A. Again, the Israelites did evil in the eyes of the Lord
  - B. The Lord raised up another judge who saved them
  - C. In those days, (when) there was no king in Israel
  - D. The nations of the land were thorns in Israel's side
  
2. **What did a Levite from a remote area in the hill country of Ephraim do? (v. 1)**
  - A. Took a concubine from Bethlehem in Judah
  - B. Took a concubine from Dan
  - C. Took a concubine from Jerusalem in Judah
  - D. Took a concubine from Gilead in Manasseh
  
3. **What did his concubine do? (v. 2)**
  - A. Bore him a son
  - B. Was unfaithful to him
  - C. Left him and went back to her father's house in Jerusalem
  - D. All of the above
  
4. **What does the footnote say for unfaithful to\* him? (v. 2)**
  - A. Became angry with
  - B. Ran away from
  - C. Argued with
  - D. Turned away from
  
5. **After four months of separation, what did the Levite try to do? (v. 2-3)**
  - A. Divorce his concubine
  - B. Get a different wife
  - C. Speak kindly to her and bring her back
  - D. Find a woman to help raise his child
  
6. **Who traveled with the Levite to Bethlehem? (v. 3)**
  - A. His servant and a couple of donkeys
  - B. His servant, his father, and a couple of donkeys
  - C. His father, brothers, and a couple of donkeys
  - D. He had no one – just a couple of donkeys
  
7. **How was the Levite received in Bethlehem. (v. 3-4)**
  - A. His concubine brought him into her father's house
  - B. Her father came with joy to meet him & His father-in-law made him stay
  - C. He stayed with his concubine and her father -- eating, drinking, and sleeping there
  - D. All of the above
  
8. **On which day did the Levite and his concubine arise early and prepare to go? (v. 5)**
  - A. The second day
  - B. The fourth day
  - C. The sixth day
  - D. The seventh day
  
9. **Why did the Levite and his concubine NOT leave on that day? (v. 5)**
  - A. His concubine became ill
  - B. The Levite became ill
  - C. The girl's father became ill
  - D. The girl's father persuaded the Levite to eat and stay another day

10. **What did the girl's father say to the Levite on the fifth day?** (v. 8)  
A. Refresh yourself with something to eat. Then you can go  
B. Now look, it's almost midday  
C. Strengthen your heart and wait until the day declines  
D. Early next week you can get up and be on your way home
11. **When the Levite was unwilling to stay another night, where did he travel?** (v. 10)  
A. Toward Jericho      B. Opposite Jebus      C. Toward Shiloh      D. Toward Shechem
12. **When the day was nearly over, where did the Levite's servant want to spend the night?** (v. 11)  
A. In Jebus, the city of the Jebusites  
B. In Ramah, a city of the Israelites  
C. In Laish, a city of the Canaanites  
D. In Zorah, a city of the Danites
13. **Why did the Levite not want to spend the night where his servant had suggested?** (v. 12)  
A. It was a city of warriors  
B. The gates were already closed for the night  
C. It was a city of foreigners, whose people were not Israelites  
D. He wanted to continue traveling through the night
14. **Where did the Levite, his concubine, and his servant stop to spend the night?** (v. 15)  
A. Ramah      B. Jerusalem      C. Gibeah      D. Gilead
15. **What did the Levite and his traveling companions do when they reached the city?** (v. 15)  
A. Knocked on doors until they found a place to stay  
B. Sat down in the open square of the city  
C. Went to the tower in the middle of the city  
D. Sat at the entrance to the gates of the city
16. **Who took the travelers into his home for the night?** (v. 16)  
A. An old man who ran an inn  
B. An old man from Bethlehem, who served as the town's priest  
C. An old man from Ramah, who was staying there  
D. An old man from the hill country of Ephraim
17. **Where had the old man been when the Levite arrived?** (v. 16)  
A. His work in the field  
B. In the temple shrine of the city  
C. Out with the sheep  
D. Crushing grapes in a winepress
18. **What did the Levite tell the old man about his situation?** (v. 18-19)  
A. They were passing from Bethlehem  
B. They were going to the house of the Lord  
C. They had straw, bread, and wine  
D. All of the above
19. **What did the old man say?** (v. 20)  
A. This is a wicked city  
B. Do not spend the night in the square  
C. Go to the inn to spend the night  
D. All of the above

20. **Who wanted the old man to send out the Levite?** (v. 22)  
A. Worthless fellows  
B. Thieves  
C. Canaanites  
D. Gibeonites
21. **What did the master of the house say to the men who surrounded his house?** (v. 23-24)  
A. No, my brothers, don't act so wickedly  
B. Since this man has come into my house, don't do this vile thing  
C. Here are my virgin daughter, and his concubine, do with them what seems good to you  
D. All of the above
22. **Who was given to the worthless fellows for them to abuse that night?** (v. 25)  
A. The concubine  
B. The old man  
C. The Levite  
D. The Levite's servant
23. **Where did her master find his concubine in the morning?** (v. 27)  
A. In the city square  
B. Laying at the door of the house, with her hands on the threshold  
C. At the front gate to the city  
D. In the house where her master was staying
24. **What did the Levite do with his concubine when there was no answer?** (v. 28)  
A. Beat her  
B. Left her in Gibeah with the old man from Ephraim  
C. Put her on the donkey and went away to his home  
D. Sent her back to Bethlehem
25. **When he entered his house, what did he do?** (v. 29)  
A. Took a knife and taking hold of his lamb he divided it, limb by limb, into twelve pieces  
B. Took a knife and taking hold of his goat he divided it, limb by limb, into twelve pieces  
C. Took a knife and taking hold of his servant he divided him, limb by limb, into twelve pieces  
D. Took a knife and taking hold of his concubine he divided her, limb by limb, into twelve pieces
26. **What did the Levite do with the twelve parts he had cut up?** (v. 29)  
A. Buried them under the big oak tree in the hill country of Ephraim  
B. Offered them on a single altar as a burnt offering to the Lord  
C. Sent them throughout all the territory of Israel  
D. Hung them from a tree for all of Israel to see
27. **"All who saw it said, \_\_\_\_\_."** (v. 30)  
A. Such a thing has never happened  
B. Consider it, take counsel, speak  
C. Who has done this  
D. A and B

## JUDGES 20

1. **Where did all the people of Israel, assemble as one man, to the Lord? (v. 1)**  
A. Shechem                      B. Shiloh                                      C. Mizpah                                      D. Bethlehem
2. **Who presented themselves in the assembly of the people of God? (v. 2)**  
A. The chiefs of all the people, of all the tribes of Israel  
B. The priests of all the people, of all the tribe of Levi  
C. The judges of all the people, of all the tribe of Ephraim  
D. The prophets of all the people, of all the tribes of Israel
3. **How many men on foot assembled? (v. 2)**  
A. 100,000                      B. 200,000                                      C. 400,000                                      D. 500,000
4. **With what were the men on foot armed? (v. 2)**  
A. Trumpets                      B. Swords                                      C. Torches                                      D. Shields
5. **Who heard that the people of Israel had gone up to Mizpah? (v. 3)**  
A. The people of Jerusalem  
B. The people of Midian  
C. The people of Benjamin  
D. The people of Sidon
6. **What did the people of Israel want to know? (v. 3)**  
A. Why they had been called to assemble  
B. What the book of the law of Moses said about concubines  
C. Who had been called by God to lead them in battle  
D. How did this evil happen?
7. **What did the Levite, the husband of the murdered woman, tell Israel? (v. 5)**  
A. I and my concubine came to Gibeah in Benjamin to live  
B. During the night the men of Gibeah came after me, intending to kill my wife  
C. The leaders of Gibeah violated my concubine, and she is dead  
D. My verdict is that the men of Gibeah be forced to pay for my concubine!
8. **“All the people arose as one man, saying, “\_\_\_\_\_”. (v. 8)**  
A. None of us will go to his tent, and none of us will return to his house  
B. Judah will go up to fight Gibeah first, since the murdered wife was from Bethlehem in Judah  
C. Let us purge the evil from among us! Let us purge the evil from Israel for all of our sakes  
D. May the Lord God destroy Gibeah for this evil deed
9. **What were Israel’s battle plans for fighting against Gibeah? (v. 8-11)**  
A. Go up against it by lot  
B. When the army arrived in Gibeah, they would burn the city  
C. All the men of Israel gathered against the city, united as one man  
D. A and C
10. **What did the tribes of Israel tell the tribe of Benjamin to do? (v. 13)**  
A. Give up the men, that we may put them to death  
B. Surrender the wicked men of Gibeah so that they might be brought to trial  
C. Abandon the territory around Gibeah so that we may burn it to the ground  
D. Compensate the Levite for the loss of his wife

11. **How did the tribe of Benjamin respond to the other tribes of Israel? (v. 13)**  
 A. They did as the tribes of Israel asked  
 B. They pleaded with the tribes of Israel to leave them alone  
 C. They joined the tribes of Israel at Mizpah  
 D. They would not listen to the voice of their brothers
12. **Which of the following describes the army that the Benjaminites mobilized at Gibeah to fight against the Israelites? (v. 16)**  
 A. Twenty thousand swordsmen from their towns  
 B. Six hundred chosen men from those living in Gibeah  
 C. Eight hundred chosen men from among the soldiers who were left-handed  
 D. 700 left-handed men; every one could sling a stone at a hair and not miss
13. **How many men did Israel, apart from Benjamin, muster? (v. 17)**  
 A. Twenty-six thousand  
 B. Seven hundred chosen men who were left-handed  
 C. Four hundred thousand men who drew the sword  
 D. Two hundred thousand swordsmen, armed for battle
14. **Where did the Israelites inquire of God as to who should go first to fight against the Benjaminites? (v. 18)**  
 A. Mizpah                      B. Bethel                      C. Shiloh                      D. Bethlehem
15. **Whom did the Lord say should go first to fight against the Benjaminites? (v. 18)**  
 A. Judah                      B. Levi                      C. Ephraim                      D. Issachar
16. **Where did the Israelites encamp? (v. 19)**  
 A. Jabesh Gilead      B. Bethel                      C. Mizpah                      D. Gibeah
17. **How many Israelites did the Benjaminites destroy the first day in the battle at Gibeah? (v. 21)**  
 A. Ten thousand      B. Twenty thousand      C. Twenty-two thousand      D. Forty thousand
18. **What did the men of Israel do after losing so many in the first battle? (v. 23)**  
 A. Took up their positions where they had stationed themselves the first day  
 B. Wept before the Lord until evening  
 C. Inquired of the Lord if they should go up again to battle against the Benjaminites  
 D. B and C
19. **What happened on the second day when the Benjaminites went against Israel? (v. 25)**  
 A. Israel cut down 18,000 Benjaminites, all of them armed with swords  
 B. The Benjaminites destroyed 18,000 men who drew the sword  
 C. The Lord caused the sun to stand still until the Benjaminites were defeated  
 D. The Israelites fled from the battlefield in total defeat, and returned to their homes
20. **After the second day of battle, what did the Israelites do? (v. 26)**  
 A. Went up to Bethlehem  
 B. Joined together in praising the Lord in song  
 C. Wept, fasted, offered burnt offerings and peace offerings before the Lord  
 D. Inquired of the high priest on what they should do//
21. **In those days, where was the ark of the covenant of God? (v. 26-27)**  
 A. Bethlehem                      B. Jerusalem                      C. Bethel                      D. Shiloh
22. **Who ministered before the ark of the covenant of God in those days? (v. 28)**  
 A. Phinehas                      B. Eleazar                      C. Aaron                      D. Gershom

23. **How did the Lord respond to the inquiry of Israel after the second day of battle?** (v. 28)  
 A. Judah shall go first  
 B. Go up against them  
 C. Go up, for tomorrow I will give them into your hand  
 D. Go home. I will take vengeance on Gibeah myself
24. **What did the Israelites do differently on the third day of battle against Benjamin?** (v. 29)  
 A. Took up a different position against Gibeah than they had done the previous two days  
 B. Set men in ambush around Gibeah  
 C. Surrounded the city while they blew their trumpets  
 D. Took the ark of the covenant of God with them into battle
25. **How many Israelite men fell in the open field and on the roads?** (v. 31)  
 A. About Twenty      B. About Thirty      C. About Forty      D. About Fifty
26. **What did the Israelites say when they met the Benjaminites in battle on the third day?** (v. 32)  
 A. Surely the Lord has deserted and abandoned us  
 B. Who are we to fight the mighty soldiers of Gibeah?  
 C. Be strong and very courageous!  
 D. Let us flee and draw them away from the city to the highways
27. **When the men of Israel moved from their place, where did they set themselves?** (v. 33)  
 A. Baal-tamar      B. Bethel      C. Spring of Harod      D. Beth Horon
28. **The men of Israel who were in ambush rushed out of their place from \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 33)  
 A. the North      B. Gilboah      C. Maareh-geba      D. The South and west
29. **Who led the attack on Gibeah?** (v. 34)  
 A. Ten thousand of the finest men from Levi  
 B. Ten thousand chosen men out of all Israel  
 C. Five thousand of Israel's finest men  
 D. Twenty thousand of Dan's finest men
30. **How hard was the battle?** (v. 34)  
 A. The number of lives lost could not be counted  
 B. The blood flowed like rivers through the fields  
 C. The men had to stand on fallen soldiers to fight  
 D. The Benjaminites did not know that disaster was close upon them
31. **Who defeated Benjamin?** (v. 35)  
 A. The Ammonites      B. The Lord      C. The men of Gibeah      D. The tribe of Judah
32. **How many Benjaminites, who drew swords, were struck down on the third day?** (v. 35)  
 A. Ten thousand  
 B. Twenty thousand  
 C. Twenty-five thousand one hundred  
 D. Thirty-one hundred
33. **Why did the men of Israel give ground to the Benjaminites?** (v. 36)  
 A. They were afraid of the left-handed soldiers  
 B. They trusted the men in ambush whom they had set against Gibeah  
 C. They were going to go around and double back to take Gibeah  
 D. They wanted a remnant of the Benjaminites to remain alive

34. **What did the Israelite men who had been in ambush do?** (v. 37-38)  
 A. Hurried and rushed against Gibeah  
 B. Struck all the city with the edge of the sword  
 C. Sent up a great cloud of smoke from the city  
 D. All of the above
35. **What was the signal for the men of Israel to turn in the battle?** (v. 38)  
 A. A great cloud of smoke rising from the city  
 B. The sound of blowing trumpets  
 C. The sound of loud shouting from inside the city  
 D. A red rope hanging from the wall of the city
36. **How did the men of Benjamin react when they saw the column of smoke rising from Gibeah?** (v. 41)  
 A. They were encouraged that the people inside the walls of Gibeah were fighting also  
 B. They were dismayed, for they saw that disaster was close upon them  
 C. They were sorrowful because they realized that their families in the city had been killed  
 D. They were strengthened in will to take vengeance on the Israelites who had burned their city
37. **Which direction did the men of Benjamin flee?** (v. 42)  
 A. The city of Gibeah  
 B. To the Jordan River  
 C. To the Jabbok River  
 D. In the direction of the wilderness
38. **How many men of valor of Benjamin fell in the vicinity of Gibeah on the east?** (v. 43-44)  
 A. Eight thousand    B. Eighteen thousand    C. Twenty-eight thousand    D. Eighty thousand
39. **As the Benjaminites turned & fled to the rock of Rimmon, how many were cut down in the highways?** (v. 45)  
 A. Five thousand    B. Six thousand    C. Eight thousand    D. Nine thousand
40. **How hard did Israel chase after the Benjaminites?** (v. 45)  
 A. The Jordan River    B. To Gidom    C. To Jebus    D. To Mizpah
41. **How many Benjamite men were successful in fleeing and escaping with their lives?** (v. 47)  
 A. One hundred    B. Two hundred    C. Five hundred    D. Six hundred
42. **Where did the remaining Benjamite men stay?** (v. 47)  
 A. At the spring of Harod  
 B. In the valley of Sorek  
 C. At the spring of En Hakkore  
 D. At the rock of Rimmon
43. **How long did the remaining Benjamite men stay there?** (v. 47)  
 A. Four days    B. Four weeks    C. Four months    D. Four years
44. **What did the men of Israel do to the towns of Benjamin?** (v. 48)  
 A. Struck them with the edge of the sword  
 B. Killed all the men and beasts and all that they found  
 C. Set the towns on fire  
 D. All of the above

## JUDGES 21

1. **What did the men of Israel swear at Mizpah? (v. 1)**
  - A. They would not go home until every man of Benjamin had been killed
  - B. They would not sleep until the tribe of Benjamin had been wiped out
  - C. No one of them would allow his son to marry a Benjamite
  - D. No one of them would give his daughter in marriage to a Benjamite
  
2. **What did the Israelites do in Bethel? (v. 2-3)**
  - A. Stood before God until evening
  - B. Raised their voices and praised the Lord
  - C. Said, "O Lord, the God of Israel, why has this happened in Israel?"
  - D. Cried, "Why should three tribes be missing from Israel today?"
  
3. **The next day what did the Israelites do? (v. 4)**
  - A. Raised their voices and wept bitterly
  - B. Built there an altar and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings
  - C. Assembled an army to kill the remaining Benjamite men hiding at the rock of Rimmon
  - D. Sat before God without muttering a word
  
4. **What did the Israelites ask when they gathered in Bethel? (v. 5)**
  - A. Which from all the tribes of Israel did not come up in the assembly to the Lord?
  - B. Which from the tribe of Levi has failed to assemble before the Lord?
  - C. Which from the tribe of Benjamin has failed to assemble before the Lord?
  - D. Which from the tribe of Dan has failed to assemble before the Lord?
  
5. **What great oath had Israel taken regarding the tribes who did not come up to the Lord to Mizpah? (v.5)**
  - A. They shall be enslaved to all the other tribes
  - B. Their lands should be taken away from them
  - C. They shall surely be put to death
  - D. They shall be cut off from the nation of Israel
  
6. **Who from Israel did not come up to the Lord at Mizpah? (v. 9)**
  - A. No one had come to the camp from Hebron to the assembly
  - B. No one had come to the camp from Dan to the assembly
  - C. No one had come to the camp from Zorah to the assembly
  - D. No one had come to the camp from Jabesh-gilead to the assembly
  
7. **On whom did the people have compassion? (v. 6)**
  - A. The people of Jabesh Gilead
  - B. The people of Gibeah
  - C. The people of Israel who were killed in battle
  - D. Benjamin, saying "one tribe is cut off from Israel this day"
  
8. **What concerned Israel about those who were left of the tribe of Benjamin? (v. 7)**
  - A. They might make alliances with the people of Canaan and fight against Israel
  - B. Where Israel might find the remaining Benjaminites to finish killing them off
  - C. How to provide food and water for them, since their lands had been taken away
  - D. Where the Benjaminites would find wives
  
9. **Whom did the congregation send to Jabesh-Gilead? (v. 10)**
  - A. One leader from each tribe of Israel
  - B. The high priest and his servant
  - C. Twelve thousand of their bravest men
  - D. The remaining Benjaminites

10. **What were these people to do once they arrived at Jabesh-Gilead?** (v. 10-11)  
 A. Strike the inhabitants of Jabesh-Gilead, also the women and little ones  
 B. Every male and every woman that has lain with male they devoted to destruction  
 C. Take all the plunder from the city to help the remaining Benjaminites  
 D. A and B
11. **How many young virgin women were found in Jabesh-Gilead?** (v. 12)  
 A. One hundred      B. Two hundred      C. Four hundred      D. Six hundred
12. **Where were these young virgin women brought?** (v. 12)  
 A. To Shiloh      B. To Bethel      C. To Mizpah      D. To Gibeah
13. **What did the congregation send to the people of Benjamin at the rock of Rimmon?** (v. 13)  
 A. Plunder from the destroyed city of Jabesh Gilead  
 B. Young virgin women from the destroyed city of Jabesh Gilead  
 C. A proclamation of peace  
 D. Food and water to sustain them where they lived
14. **When the Benjaminites returned, what were they given?** (v. 14)  
 A. Plunder from the destroyed city of Jabesh-Gilead  
 B. The women whom they had saved alive of Jabesh-Gilead  
 C. An offer of peace  
 D. Food and water to sustain them as they established new homes
15. **What was the problem that still faced Israel and the Benjaminites?** (v. 16-18)  
 A. There were not enough wives for all of the remaining Benjaminites  
 B. There must be an inheritance for the survivors so the tribe wasn't blotted out  
 C. They could not give them wives because they had sworn not to  
 D. All of the above
16. **Where was the yearly feast of the Lord?** (v. 19)  
 A. Gilead      B. Mizpah      C. Bethel      D. Shiloh
17. **Where was this town located?** (v. 19)  
 A. South of Bethel      B. West of Shechem      C. South of Lebonah      D. B and C
18. **What were they to say if any of the girl's fathers or brothers complained?** (v. 22)  
 A. Grant them graciously to us  
 B. We did not take for each man of them his wife in battle  
 C. You are not guilty  
 D. All of the above
19. **What did the people of Benjamin and their new wives do?** (v. 23)  
 A. Returned to their inheritance  
 B. Rebuilt towns  
 C. Lived in the towns  
 D. All of the above
20. **"In those days there was no king in Israel. \_\_\_\_\_."** (v. 25)  
 A. Everyone followed the ways of the Lord God of Israel  
 B. Every tribe appointed their own leader and judge over them  
 C. Everyone did what was right in his own eyes  
 D. Everyone looked forward to the promise of a king to come

## JUDGES WHAT CHAPTER IS THIS?

### QUOTES:

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1 That the leaders took the lead in Israel, that the people offered themselves
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2 This is no other than the sword of Gideon the son of Joash, a man of Israel
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3 If you will go with me, I will go, but if you will not go with me, I will not go.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4 Did you not hate me and drive me out of my father's house?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5 What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6 You shall not fear the gods of the Amorites in whose land you dwell
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7 No razor shall come upon his head, for the child shall be a Nazirite to God
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8 I will not drive them out before you, but they shall become thorns in your sides
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9 You take my gods that I made and the priest, and go away, and what have I left?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10 Will you contend for Baal? Or will you save him?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11 The 1,100 pieces of silver that were taken from you
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12 Follow after me, for the Lord has given your enemies the Moabites into your hand
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13 Go and cry out to the gods whom you have chosen; let them save you
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14 If my head is shaved, then my strength will leave me, and I shall become weak
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15 The people with you are too many for me to give the Midianites into their hand
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16 I will care for all your wants. Only, do not spend the night in the square
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17 Rise yourself and fall upon us, for as the man is, so is his strength
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18 God has given into your hands the princes of Midian, Oreb and Zeeb
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19 I will go out as at other times and shake myself free
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20 I have a message from God for you
- \_\_\_\_\_ 21 No one of us shall give his daughter in marriage to Benjamin
- \_\_\_\_\_ 22 We will not turn aside into the city of foreigners, who do not belong
- \_\_\_\_\_ 23 Peace be to you. Do not fear; you shall not die

- \_\_\_\_\_ 24 A sword for the Lord and for Gideon!
- \_\_\_\_\_ 25 from the day that the people of Israel came up out of the land of Egypt
- \_\_\_\_\_ 26 I will no longer drive out before them any of the nations that Joshua left
- \_\_\_\_\_ 27 They did not show steadfast love to the family of Jerubbaal (that is, Gideon)
- \_\_\_\_\_ 28 we may put them to death and purge evil from Israel
- \_\_\_\_\_ 29 Please, sir, if the Lord is with us, why then has all this happened to us?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 30 the Judge, decide this day between the people of Israel and the people of Ammon
- \_\_\_\_\_ 31 I will not rule over you, and my son will not rule over you; the Lord will rule over you.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 32 Please give me a little water to drink, for I am thirsty,
- \_\_\_\_\_ 33 Draw your sword and kill me, lest they say of me, 'A woman killed him.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 34 Outlived Joshua, who had seen all the great work that the Lord had done for Israel
- \_\_\_\_\_ 35 With the jawbone of a donkey have I struck down a thousand men.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 36 Why is his chariot so long in coming? Why tarry the hoofbeats of his chariots?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 37 O God, that I may be avenged on the Philistines for my two eyes.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 38 O Lord, please let the man of God whom you sent come again to us and teach us
- \_\_\_\_\_ 39 Benjamin because the Lord had made a breach in the tribes of Israel.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 40 Then say Shibboleth

# RUTH 1

1. **When did the events of Ruth take place? (v. 1)**
  - A. In the days when the judges ruled
  - B. In the days when the kings ruled
  - C. In the days when priests ruled
  - D. In the days when prophets ruled
  
2. **What had happened in the land? (v. 1)**
  - A. A plague had struck all the flocks and livestock
  - B. Large hail had destroyed the crops in the field
  - C. Fires had destroyed the crops of the fields
  - D. There was a famine
  
3. **Where did a man, his wife, and two sons go to sojourn? (v. 1)**

A. Bethlehem	B. Judah	C. Shiloh	D. Moab
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4. **Where were the man and his family from? (v. 1)**

A. Bethlehem	B. Bethel	C. Shiloh	D. Moab
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5. **What was the man's name who took his family to sojourn in that land? (v. 2)**

A. Mahlon	B. Killion	C. Elimelech	D. Boaz
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6. **What were the names of the man's two sons? (v. 2)**

A. Boaz & Obed	B. Mahlon & Chilion	C. Perez & Hezron	D. Obed & Jesse
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7. **What was the name of the man's wife? (v. 2)**

A. Ruth	B. Naomi	C. Esther	D. Orpah
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8. **The members of this family were \_\_\_\_\_ from Judah. (v. 2)**

A. Ephraimites	B. Edomites	C. Ephrathites	D. Essenes
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9. **Who died first while the family was in Moab? (v. 3)**

A. Elimelech	B. Mahlon	C. Killion	D. Boaz
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10. **What were the names of the Moabite wives that the two sons took? (v. 4)**

A. Esther & Vashti	B. Leah & Rachel	C. Ruth & Orpah	D. Ruth & Naomi
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11. **How long had the family lived in Moab before the two sons died? (v. 4-5)**

A. Two years	B. Three years	C. Ten years	D. Thirteen years
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12. **When did Naomi and her daughters-in-law rise to return from the country of Moab? (v. 6)**
  - A. When Naomi's husband died
  - B. When Naomi's two sons died
  - C. When Moab had a famine
  - D. When Naomi heard that there was food
  
13. **Who set out on the way to return to the land of Judah? (v. 7)**

A. Naomi	B. Ruth	C. Orpah	D. All of the above
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14. **What did Naomi say to her two daughters-in-law? (v. 8-9)**
  - A. Come with me, each of you, to your mother-in-law's home
  - B. May the Lord deal kindly with you, as you have dealt with the dead and with me
  - C. The Lord grant that you may find rest, each of you in the house of her husband!
  - D. B and C

15. **What did the two daughters-in-law do when they heard Naomi's words?** (v. 10)  
 A. Rejoiced  
 B. They said to her, "No, we will return with you to your people"  
 C. Went back down the road towards Moab  
 D. Urged Naomi to stay with them in Moab
16. **Why did Naomi urge her daughters-in-law to return home to Moab?** (v. 11-13)  
 A. I am too old to have a husband  
 B. Have I yet sons in my womb that they may become your husbands?  
 C. Would you therefore refrain from marrying?  
 D. All of the above
17. **Why did Naomi think it was exceedingly bitter for her and her daughters-in-law?** (v. 13)  
 A. That the hand of the LORD has gone out against Naomi  
 B. The Lord had abandoned Naomi  
 C. There was no hope that Naomi would find a place to live in her homeland  
 D. The Lord was leading Naomi into the valley of the shadow of death
18. **After weeping again, what did the daughters-in-law do?** (v. 14)  
 A. Kissed their mother-in-law good-by  
 B. Clung to their mother-in-law, and then went back with her to Judah  
 C. Orpah kissed her mother-in-law, but Ruth clung to her  
 D. Ruth kissed her mother-in-law, but Orpah clung to her
19. **What did Naomi urge Ruth to do after Orpah left?** (v. 15)  
 A. Return after her sister  
 B. Return after her sister-in-law  
 C. Return after her father's house  
 D. Come with Naomi to Judah
20. **Ruth told Naomi: "Where you \_\_\_\_\_ I will \_\_\_\_\_."** (v. 16-17)  
 A. Go, go                      B. Lodge, lodge                      C. Die, die                      D. All of the above
21. **Ruth told Naomi: "Your \_\_\_\_\_ shall be my \_\_\_\_\_."** (v. 16)  
 A. People, people  
 B. God, God  
 C. Inheritance, inheritance  
 D. A and B
22. **Where did Ruth say she would be buried?** (v. 17)  
 A. In Moab at the tomb of her ancestors  
 B. In an alien land  
 C. With Naomi  
 D. In Moab where her deceased husband was buried
23. **Why did Naomi say no more to Ruth?** (v. 18)  
 A. She wanted Ruth's company  
 B. She saw that Ruth was determined to go with her  
 C. She was ill, and wanted Ruth to nurse her  
 D. She was tired of arguing about it
24. **Ruth and Naomi went on until they came to where?** (v. 19)  
 A. Bethlehem                      B. Jerusalem                      C. Bethel                      D. Mizpah

25. **What happened when Ruth and Naomi arrived in Naomi's home town? (v. 19)**  
 A. The whole town ignored them  
 B. The whole town refused to let them enter the gates  
 C. The whole town was stirred because of them  
 D. The women exclaimed, "This can't possibly be Naomi!"
26. **What does the name Naomi mean? (v. 20)**  
 A. Pleasant      B. Happy      C. Bitter      D. Alone
27. **By what name did Naomi want to be called? (v. 20)**  
 A. Naomi      B. Mara      C. Massah      D. Mesha
28. **What does the name Mara mean? (v. 20)**  
 A. Pleasant      B. Happy      C. Bitter      D. Alone
29. **Why did Naomi want this name? (v. 20)**  
 A. For the Almighty had made her life very prosperous  
 B. For the Almighty has dealt very bitterly with me  
 C. For the Almighty had brought Ruth home with her  
 D. For the Almighty had been good to her
30. **"I went away \_\_\_\_\_, but the Lord has brought me back \_\_\_\_\_." (v. 21)**  
 A. Empty, full      B. Fruitful, barren      C. Rich, poor      D. Full, empty
31. **When did Ruth and Naomi arrive in Bethlehem? (v. 22)**  
 A. The beginning of the barley harvest  
 B. The beginning of the olive harvest  
 C. The beginning of the grape harvest  
 D. The beginning of the wheat harvest

## RUTH 2

1. **Who was Boaz?** (v. 1)
  - A. A relative of Naomi's husband
  - B. A man from the clan of Dan
  - C. A worthy man
  - D. A and C
  
2. **What did Ruth tell Naomi that she wanted to do?** (v. 2)
  - A. Find a husband
  - B. Work in the olive groves
  - C. Go to the field and glean among the ears of grain
  - D. Work in the vineyards
  
3. **How did Naomi respond when Ruth told her what she wanted to do?** (v. 2)
  - A. Naomi told her to go
  - B. Naomi told her to only go in the fields of Boaz
  - C. Naomi told her that it would not be fitting for her to go
  - D. Naomi told Ruth to stay home, and that Naomi should go instead
  
4. **Who was the owner of the field where Ruth went to glean?** (v. 3)
  - A. Mahlon
  - B. Boaz
  - C. Jesse
  - D. Kilion
  
5. **How did Boaz greet the reapers?** (v. 4)
  - A. Pray for the Lord to send more harvesters!
  - B. The Lord be with you!
  - C. Swing the sickle, for the harvest is ripe
  - D. Look at the fields! They are ripe for harvest
  
6. **What did the reapers say to Boaz?** (v. 4)
  - A. God has given you a good land
  - B. This is the land that remains to be harvested
  - C. He who works this harvest will be blessed
  - D. The Lord bless you
  
7. **Whom did Boaz ask about the young woman he saw in the fields?** (v. 5)
  - A. The young man in charge of the reapers
  - B. The elders of Bethlehem
  - C. The priest of Bethlehem
  - D. The slave girl in his vineyard
  
8. **What information did this person give to Boaz about Ruth?** (v. 6-7)
  - A. She was a Moabite woman
  - B. She came back with Naomi from the country of Moab
  - C. She asked to glean among the sheaves after the reapers
  - D. All of the above
  
9. **How long had Ruth worked in the fields?** (v. 7)
  - A. A short while from morning until noon, except for a short rest
  - B. A short while from noon until now, except for a short rest
  - C. Continued from early morning until now, except for a short rest
  - D. Continued from the afternoon until now, except for a short rest

10. **What instructions did Boaz give Ruth?** (v. 9)  
 A. Go and glean in another field. You must go away from here  
 B. Do not go near my servant girls  
 C. I have told the men not to pay any attention to you  
 D. When you are thirsty, go to the vessels and drink what the young men have drawn
11. **What did Boaz call Ruth?** (v. 8)  
 A. My cousin            B. My daughter            C. My sister            D. My servant
12. **After hearing the words of Boaz, what did Ruth do?** (v. 10)  
 A. Fled from the fields  
 B. Kissed the feet of Boaz  
 C. Put her veil over her face  
 D. Fell on her face, bowing to the ground
13. **Ruth said, “Why have I found favor in your eyes, that you should take notice of me, since I am \_\_\_\_\_?”** (v. 10)  
 A. A foreigner  
 B. A poor widow  
 C. A humble servant  
 D. A harvester in the fields
14. **What did Boaz know about Ruth?** (v. 11)  
 A. All that she had done for her mother-in-law  
 B. That Ruth had borne a child that died  
 C. That Ruth worshiped foreign gods  
 D. That Ruth was very strong
15. **What did Boaz say to Ruth?** (v. 12)  
 A. The Lord to grant you a new husband and children  
 B. The Lord to give you plenty from the harvest  
 C. The Lord repay you for what you have done  
 D. The Lord to lead you back safely to Moab
16. **According to the words of Boaz, under whose wings had Ruth come to take refuge?** (v. 12)  
 A. Naomi            B. Boaz            C. Judah            D. the Lord, God of Israel
17. **What did Ruth call Boaz?** (v. 13)  
 A. My kinsman-redeemer            B. My father            C. My Lord            D. My friend
18. **What did Ruth say that Boaz had done for her?** (v. 13)  
 A. Comforted her            B. Spoken kindly to her            C. Given her food to eat            D. A and B
19. **What did Boaz want Ruth to eat at mealtime?** (v. 14)  
 A. Bread dipped in wine  
 B. Goat cheese  
 C. Roasted grain  
 D. A and C
20. **How much did Ruth eat?** (v. 14)  
 A. Until she was satisfied  
 B. Not as much as she wanted  
 C. Until she was satisfied, and had some left over  
 D. Nothing at all

21. **What orders did Boaz give his men when Ruth got up to glean?** (v. 16)  
 A. If she gathers among the sheaves, embarrass her  
 B. Pull out some from the bundles for her and leave it for her to glean  
 C. Rebuke her if she misses some grain  
 D. Be sure she stays with the servant girls at all times
22. **How long did Ruth glean in the field?** (v. 17)  
 A. Until evening      B. Until noon      C. Until midnight      D. Until mid-afternoon
23. **What did Ruth do with the barley she had gathered?** (v. 17)  
 A. Made bread      B. Made offerings      C. Ate it      D. Beat it out
24. **About how much barley did Ruth have?** (v. 17)  
 A. An omer      B. A seah      C. An ephah      D. A lethek
25. **What did Ruth give Naomi when she arrived home?** (v. 18)  
 A. Half of what she had gathered  
 B. The food she had left over after eating and being satisfied  
 C. The cuts in her hands from working in the fields  
 D. The water jug that Boaz gave her
26. **What did Naomi ask Ruth about her day gleaning in the fields?** (v. 19)  
 A. Where did you glean today?  
 B. Was it hot when you gleaned today?  
 C. Why did you not get someone to glean for you today?  
 D. Why did you not get someone else to thresh the barley for you today?
27. **What was Naomi's response when she heard that Ruth had worked in the fields of Boaz?** (v. 20)  
 A. May he be blessed by the Lord  
 B. His kindness has not forsaken the living or the dead  
 C. That man is a close relative of ours and a redeemer  
 D. All of the above
28. **What did Boaz want Ruth to do?** (v. 21)  
 A. Go into different fields each day to glean  
 B. Go into his neighbor's field and stay there until the harvest was finished  
 C. Keep close by his young men until they have finished all his harvest  
 D. Become a servant in his household
29. **Why did Naomi think that it was good for Ruth to be with the young women of Boaz?** (v. 22)  
 A. The fields of Boaz were rich, and had more grain than other fields  
 B. In another field Ruth might be assaulted  
 C. Ruth would be around other young women, and not be so lonely  
 D. Ruth had been treated well, and Boaz might decide to be more generous towards Naomi
30. **How long did Ruth keep close to the young women of Boaz?** (v. 23)  
 A. Until the barley harvest was finished  
 B. Until the wheat harvest was finished  
 C. Until the olive harvest was finished  
 D. Until the end of the barley and wheat harvests

## RUTH 3

1. **What did Naomi want to seek for Ruth? (v. 1)**
  - A. An occupation so that Ruth could provide for herself when Naomi was gone
  - B. Some land so that Ruth could grow her own wheat and barley
  - C. Rest for Ruth, that it may be well with her
  - D. Some new clothes so that Ruth could catch the eye of Boaz
2. **What did Naomi say that Boaz would be doing that night? (v. 2)**
  - A. Harvesting barley
  - B. Winnowing barley at the threshing floor
  - C. Harvesting grapes in the winepress
  - D. Visiting relatives in the town of Bethlehem
3. **What did Naomi tell Ruth to do? (v. 3)**
  - A. Wash and anoint herself
  - B. Put on her oldest clothes
  - C. Go and serve Boaz food and drink
  - D. When he lay down, uncover his feet and leave
4. **What was Ruth's response to Naomi's instructions? (v. 5)**
  - A. I will not do what you say
  - B. Why would you want me to do this thing?
  - C. Is there not a more honorable way to find a husband?
  - D. All that you say I will do
5. **After Boaz had finished eating and drinking, \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 7)
  - A. He was ready to go home
  - B. He was ready to continue winnowing barley
  - C. His heart was merry
  - D. He praised God for the bountiful harvest
6. **Where did Boaz lie down? (v. 7)**
  - A. In his bed
  - B. In front of his house
  - C. In his barn
  - D. At the end of the heap of grain
7. **What did Ruth do before she lay down at the feet of Boaz? (v. 7)**
  - A. Covered Boaz with a garment
  - B. Uncovered his feet
  - C. Prayed to the Lord, God of Israel
  - D. Finished winnowing Boaz's barley
8. **When did Boaz discover Ruth at his feet? (v. 8)**
  - A. The next morning
  - B. When Ruth startled him before she lay down
  - C. At midnight the man was startled
  - D. When the noise of rain awoke him
9. **When Boaz asked who she was, what did Ruth say? (v. 9)**
  - A. I am Ruth, your daughter, for you are a redeemer
  - B. I am Ruth, your servant, for you are a redeemer
  - C. I am Ruth, your cousin, for you are a redeemer
  - D. I am a foreigner who has gleaned in your fields

10. **What did Ruth ask Boaz to do? (v. 9)**  
A. Spread his wings over her  
B. Spread his garment over her  
C. Take her home to Naomi  
D. Sell Naomi's land
11. **What can the word of wings also mean? (v. 9)**  
A. Protection      B. Corners of a garment      C. Wealth      D. Your arms
12. **What did Boaz say to Ruth during the night on the threshing floor? (v. 11)**  
A. The Lord bless you, my servant  
B. This kindness is not as great as that which you showed earlier  
C. You have run after the younger men, rich and poor  
D. Do not fear. I will do for you all that you ask
13. **According to Boaz, what would his fellow townsmen know? (v. 11)**  
A. That Ruth ran after rich young men  
B. That Ruth was to be his bondservant until she died  
C. That Ruth was a good worker in the fields  
D. That Ruth was a worthy woman
14. **What stood in the way of Boaz redeeming Ruth? (v. 12)**  
A. Boaz already had a wife  
B. He was a redeemer. Yet there is a redeemer nearer than him  
C. Boaz did not like Ruth  
D. Boaz needed to ask the permission of Naomi first
15. **What did Boaz want Ruth to do for the rest of the night? (v. 13)**  
A. Remain tonight  
B. Go back to the house of Naomi  
C. Go back to the house of Boaz  
D. Go to the town gate of Bethlehem
16. **What was Boaz going to do the next morning? (v. 13)**  
A. Ask the nearest kinsman to redeem Ruth  
B. If the nearest redeemer would redeem Ruth, good  
C. If the nearest redeemer would NOT, then Boaz would redeem her  
D. All of the above
17. **How long did Ruth lay at his feet? (v. 14)**  
A. Immediately after talking to Boaz  
B. Until Boaz had talked to the nearest kinsman-redeemer  
C. Until noon the next day, when the servants took a break for a meal  
D. Until the morning, but arose before anyone could recognize her
18. **What did Boaz NOT want anyone to know? (v. 14)**  
A. That he had not gone to his home that night  
B. That he had not finished winnowing the barley  
C. That the woman had come to the threshing floor  
D. That he was a kinsman-redeemer of Ruth
19. **What did Boaz do for Ruth before she went into the city? (v. 15)**  
A. Kissed her  
B. Gave her six measures of barley in the garment she was wearing  
C. Gave her food and drink  
D. Blessed her

20. **What happened when Ruth came to her mother-in-law? (v. 16-17)**  
A. Naomi asked how did she fare  
B. Ruth told Naomi all Boaz had done for her  
C. Ruth gave Naomi the six measures of barley  
D. All of the above
21. **What advice did Naomi give Ruth? (v. 18)**  
A. Wait, my daughter, until you learn how the matter turns out  
B. Go to the town gate and see what Boaz is doing  
C. Go back to work in the fields of Boaz today  
D. Fast and pray all day
22. **Which of the following is an accurate statement from Ruth 3? (v. 18)**  
A. For the man will rest, and will wait until tomorrow to settle the matter  
B. For the man will need all week to settle the matter  
C. For the man will not rest but will settle the matter today  
D. For the man will not eat until he finds the nearest kinsman redeemer

## RUTH 4

1. **Where did Boaz go up and sit down?** (v. 1)
  - A. The kinsman-redeemer's home
  - B. The kinsman-redeemer's fields
  - C. The gate
  - D. The gathering place in the town for worship
  
2. **What did Boaz say to the kinsman-redeemer when he saw him?** (v. 1)
  - A. Turn aside, friend; sit down here
  - B. Turn aside, my friend; and stand here
  - C. Turn aside, my relative; and listen
  - D. The Lord bless you!
  
3. **How many elders of the city did Boaz ask to sit down with them?** (v. 2)
  - A. Five
  - B. Six
  - C. Eight
  - D. Ten
  
4. **What did Boaz say to the redeemer and the elders of the city when they sat down with him?** (v. 4)
  - A. Naomi is selling the piece of land that belonged to our brother Elimelech
  - B. Buy it in the presence of those sitting here and in the presence of the elders of my people
  - C. If you will redeem it, please reconsider
  - D. No one has the right to redeem it before you, and I am third in line
  
5. **How did the redeemer respond at first to Boaz's information about Naomi's land?** (v. 4)
  - A. I cannot redeem it because I might endanger my own estate
  - B. I might redeem it, but I must deal with another matter first
  - C. I will redeem it
  - D. There is another kinsman-redeemer in line even before me
  
6. **What did Boaz tell the redeemer that he would also acquire along with Naomi's land?** (v. 5)
  - A. The debt of Elimelech
  - B. The house in which Naomi lived
  - C. Ruth the Moabite, the widow of the dead
  - D. Slaves from Moab
  
7. **Why would the kinsman-redeemer also acquire this?** (v. 5)
  - A. In order to perpetuate the name of the dead in his inheritance
  - B. In order that Naomi would not be punished for the debt of her husband
  - C. In order that Ruth could still worship her native god
  
8. **After learning what he would acquire besides land, what did the kinsman redeemer say?** (v. 6)
  - A. I will redeem it
  - B. I cannot redeem it for myself, lest I impair my own inheritance
  - C. Take my right of redemption yourself
  - D. B and C
  
9. **What was the custom for formalizing a transaction concerning redeeming and exchanging?** (v. 7)
  - A. The one took off his cloak and gave it to the other
  - B. The one took off his sandal and gave it to the other
  - C. The one party took his staff and gave it to the other
  - D. Both parties exchanged a sandal
  
10. **What did the redeemer do after he said to Boaz, "Buy it yourself."** (v. 8)
  - A. Bowed low to the ground
  - B. Walked away from the town gate and the elders of the town
  - C. Embraced Boaz
  - D. Drew off his sandal

11. **What did Boaz say that the elders and all the people that they were witnesses of?** (v. 9-10)  
 A. That Boaz had also bought Ruth the Moabite as his wife  
 B. That Boaz would pay off all the debt of Elimelech, Chilion, and Mahlon  
 C. He would go back and get Orpah  
 D. A and B
12. **Whose widow was Ruth, the Moabite?** (v. 10)  
 A. Kilion                      B. Elimelech                      C. Mahlon                      D. Jesse
13. **Why was it important to maintain the name of the dead with his property in Israel?** (v. 10)  
 A. That the name of the dead may not be cut off from among his brothers  
 B. That townspeople would know to which clan the family belonged  
 C. That the elders of the town would know who to tax for the land and produce  
 D. That the dead could be buried on his own property and not on alien soil
14. **What did all the people who were at the gate and the elders say after Boaz finished?** (v. 11)  
 A. Praise be to the Lord  
 B. Blessed be the name of Naomi  
 C. We are witnesses  
 D. Give him back his sandal
15. **“May the Lord make the woman who is coming into your house like \_\_\_\_\_.”** (v. 11)  
 A. Sarah & Rebekah    B. Acsah & Dinah                      C. Rachel & Leah                      D. Tamar & Gomer
16. **What did these two women do?** (v. 11)  
 A. They were in subjection to their husbands  
 B. Together they built up the house of Israel  
 C. They prophesied for the Lord  
 D. They persevered under tremendous trials
17. **“May you act worthily in \_\_\_\_\_ and be renowned in Bethlehem.”** (v. 11)  
 A. Gibeah                      B. Ephrathah                      C. Judah                      D. Moab
18. **“May your house be like the house of \_\_\_\_\_.”** (v. 12)  
 A. Perez, whom Tamar bore to Judah  
 B. Gershom, whom Zipporah bore to Moses  
 C. Joseph, whom Rachel bore to Jacob  
 D. Isaac, whom Sarah bore to Abraham
19. **After Ruth became the wife of Boaz, she bore \_\_\_\_\_.”** (v. 13)  
 A. A daughter                      B. Twins sons                      C. A son                      D. Many sons
20. **What did the women say to Naomi about this offspring?** (v. 14-15)  
 A. Blessed be the Lord, who has not left you this day without a redeemer  
 B. May his name be renowned in Israel!  
 C. He shall be to you a restorer of life and a nourisher of your old age  
 D. All of the above
21. **How did the women describe Ruth, Naomi’s daughter-in-law?** (v. 15)  
 A. Who loved Boaz  
 B. Who was more valuable to Naomi than seven sons  
 C. Who gave birth to a daughter  
 D. A and B

22. **What did Naomi do with the son that was born to Ruth?** (v. 16-17)  
 A. Took him to the Tent of Meeting and offered sacrifices for him  
 B. Put the child in the arms of Ruth and blessed his future  
 C. Named the child after his grandfather, Elimelech  
 D. Laid him in her lap and became his nurse
23. **What did the women living there say about Naomi and the child?** (v. 17)  
 A. A son has been born to Naomi  
 B. A grandchild has been born to Naomi  
 C. A grandson has been born to Naomi  
 D. Naomi has no cause for shame
24. **What was the name of the son born to Ruth and Boaz?** (v. 17)  
 A. Judah                      B. Jesse                      C. David                      D. Obed
25. **Their son was the grandfather of \_\_\_\_\_.** (v. 17)  
 A. Perez                      B. Judah                      C. Jesse                      D. David
26. **In the family line of Perez, who was the father of Boaz?** (v. 21)  
 A. Hezron                      B. Ram                      C. Salmon                      D. Nahshon

## RUTH WHAT CHAPTER IS THIS?

### QUOTES:

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1 Do not call me Naomi; call me Mara, for the Almighty has dealt very bitterly with me.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2 My daughter, should I not seek rest for you, that it may be well with you?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3 Pull out some from the bundles for her and leave it for her to glean
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4 You are witnesses this day that I have bought from the hand of Naomi
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5 May the Lord deal kindly with you, as you have dealt with the dead and with me.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6 Blessed be the Lord, who has not left you this day without a redeemer.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7 All that you say I will do.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8 The day you buy the field from the hand of Naomi, you also acquire Ruth the Moabite
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9 The Lord repay you for what you have done, and a full reward be given you
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10 Wait, my daughter, until you learn how the matter turns out.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11 May the Lord make the woman, who is coming into your house, like Rachel and Leah.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12 Do not urge me to leave you or to return from following you.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13 Now, my daughter, do not fear. I will do for you all that you ask.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14 A son has been born to Naomi.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15 Let me go to the field and glean among the ears of grain.